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NOTICE OF AN APPLICATION FOR PLANNING PERMIT 1987. The document must not be used for any purpose which may breach any copyright.

The land affected by the application is located at:	30 Zachary Drive MALLACOOTA VIC 3892 Lot: 4 PS: 734387			
The application is for a permit to:	Development of a Dwelling and Outbuilding			
A permit is required under the	ne following clauses of the planning scheme:			
Planning Scheme Clause	Matter for which a permit is required			
44.06-2 (BMO)	Buildings and works associated with accommodation			
42.03-2 (SLO)	Buildings and works			
42.02-2	Remove, lop or destroy vegetation.			
The applicant for the permit is:	Development Solutions Victoria Pty Ltd			
The application reference number is:	5.2025.209.1			

You may look at the application and any documents that support the application free of charge at: https://www.eastgippsland.vic.gov.au/building-and-development/advertised-planning-permit-applications

You may also call 5153 9500 to arrange a time to look at the application and any documents that support the application at the office of the responsible authority, East Gippsland Shire. This can be done during office hours and is free of charge.

Any person who may be affected by the granting of the permit may object or make other submissions to the responsible authority.

An objection must •

- be made to the Responsible Authority in writing,
- include the reasons for the objection, and
- state how the objector would be affected.

The responsible authority must make a copy of every objection available at its office for any person to inspect during office hours free of charge until the end of the period during which an application may be made for review of a decision on the application.

The Responsible Authority will not decide on the application before:	
--	--

If you object, the Responsible Authority will tell you its decision.



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REGISTER SEARCH STATEMENT (Title Seased) for pay pt posetwhich may breach வரும் copyright. Land Act 1958

VOLUME 12462 FOLIO 761

Security no : 124125177034K Produced 10/06/2025 10:30 AM

LAND DESCRIPTION

Lot 4 on Plan of Subdivision 734387D.
PARENT TITLES:
Volume 11857 Folio 049 Volume 11861 Folio 241
Created by instrument PS734387D/D1 22/03/2023

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR

Estate Fee Simple
Joint Proprietors
EMMA LOUISE BRUCE
MATTHEW JOSEPH CUCE
AY766093L 09/01/2025

ENCUMBRANCES, CAVEATS AND NOTICES

Any encumbrances created by Section 98 Transfer of Land Act 1958 or Section 24 Subdivision Act 1988 and any other encumbrances shown or entered on the plan set out under DIAGRAM LOCATION below.

AGREEMENT Section 173 PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENT ACT 1987 S946112Y 18/02/1994

AGREEMENT Section 173 Planning and Environment Act 1987 AM857158G 16/06/2016

DIAGRAM LOCATION

SEE PS734387D FOR FURTHER DETAILS AND BOUNDARIES

ACTIVITY IN THE LAST 125 DAYS

NIL
-----END OF REGISTER SEARCH STATEMENT----Additional information: (not part of the Register Search Statement)
Street Address: 30 ZACHARY DRIVE MALLACOOTA VIC 3892

ADMINISTRATIVE NOTICES

NIL

DOCUMENT END



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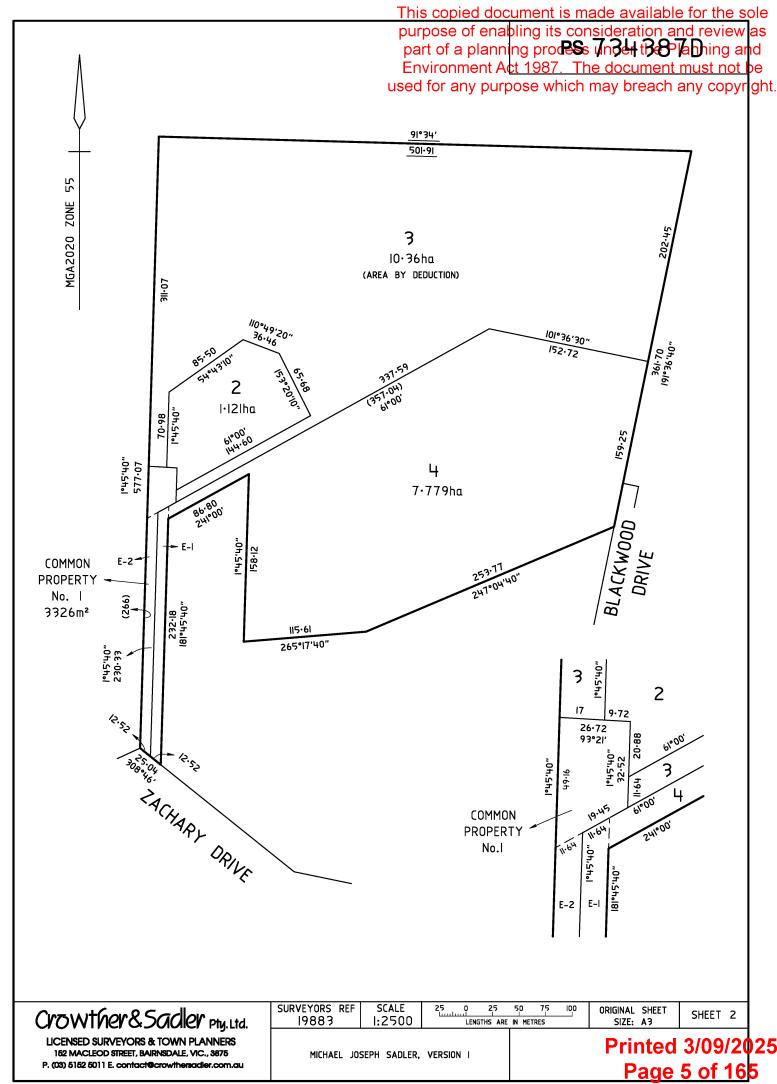
Document Type	Plan
Document Identification	PS734387D
Number of Pages	4
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Document Assembled	19/02/2025 10:45

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Plan of Subdivision PS734387D Certification of plan by Council (Form 2)

SUBDIVISION (PROCEDURES) REGULATIONS 2011

SPEAR Reference Number: S064112V

Plan Number: PS734387D

Responsible Authority Name: East Gippsland Shire Council Responsible Authority Permit Ref. No.: 315/2013/P Responsible Authority Certification Ref. No.: PS734387D

Surveyor's Plan Version: 1

Certification

This plan is certified under section 6 of the Subdivision Act 1988

Public Open Space

A requirement for public open space under section 18 of the Subdivision Act 1988

Has not been made at Certification

Digitally signed by Council Delegate: Sarah McLaughlin

Organisation: East Gippsland Shire Council

Date: 16/04/2015

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Number of Pages	16
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Document Assembled	19/02/2025 12:13

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maintaining publicly searchable registers and indexes.

Application by a Responsible Authority for the 1987. Will will must not be making of a Recording of an Agreement any purpose which is a copyright of the copyri

Section 181 Planning and Environment Act 1987

Lodged by:

Name:

Eastcoast Conveyancing

Phone:

(03)5152 1171

Address:

DX 82212 Bairnsdale Vic

Reference:

16-3282

Customer Code: 549U

The Responsible Authority having made an agreement referred to in Section 181(1) of the Planning and Environment A	ct 1987
requires a recording to be made in the Register.	

Land: (volume and folio)

Volume 10766 Folio 283 Volume 10097 Folio 248

Responsible Authority: (full name and address including postcode)

East Gippsland Shire Council of 273 Main Street Bairnsdale Victoria 3875

Section and Act under which agreement made:

Section 173 Planning & Environment Act 1987

A copy of the agreement is attached to this Application.

Date: 08/06/2016

Signature for Responsible Authority:

Name of Officer:

Manager Statutory Services.

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Date 103 / 06 / 2016

Agreement under section 173 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987

Subject Land: 162 Mirrabooka Road Mallacoota

East Gippsland Shire Council and

Ian John Bruce, Narelle Bruce and Roger Edward Bruce

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Agreement under section 173 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987

Dated 03/06/2016

Parties

AM857158G
16/06/2016 \$119.70 173

Name	East Gippsland Shire Council
Address	273 Main Street, Bairnsdale, Victoria
Short name	Council

Name

Ian John Bruce and Narelle Bruce and Roger Edward Bruce

Address

Mirrabooka Road Mallacoota, Victoria

Short name

Owner

Background

- Council is the responsible authority for the Planning Scheme.
- B. The Owner is or is entitled to be the registered proprietor of the Subject Land.
- C. Council issued the Planning Permit requiring the Owner to enter into this Agreement providing for the matters set out in conditions 4 and 23 of the Planning Permit.
- D. As at the date of this Agreement, the Subject Land is encumbered by a mortgage in favour of the Mortgagee. The Mortgagee consents to the Owner entering into this Agreement.

The Parties agree

1. Definitions

In this Agreement unless the context admits otherwise:

Act means the Planning and Environment Act 1987.

Agreement means this Agreement and includes this Agreement as amended from time to time.

Bushfire Building Envelope means the areas identified in the Bushfire Management Statement Plan as a 'building envelope' or the like.

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Agreement under section 173 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987

Dated 03/06/2016

Parties

AM857158G
16/06/2016 \$119.70 173

Name

East Gippsland Shire Council

Address

273 Main Street, Bairnsdale, Victoria

Short name | C

Council

Name

Ian John Bruce and Narelle Bruce and Roger Edward Bruce

Address

Mirrabooka Road Mallacoota, Victoria

Short name

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1. Definitions

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Bushfire Management Statement Plan means the report entitled 'Bushfire Management Statement Plan Version 1, Ref 12555', prepared by Crowther and Sadler, dated 3 September 2013, as amended from time to time, and approved by Council in accordance with clause 44.06-2 of the Planning Scheme, or such other plan approved by Council'.

Consent or Satisfaction Fee means a fee payable by the Owner to Council for determining whether any one of the Owner's obligations has been undertaken to Council's satisfaction, or deciding whether to give consent for anything this Agreement provides must not be done without Council's consent, and which is payable at the rate of:

- (a) \$102 if paid within 12 months from the date that this Agreement commences; or
- (b) \$102 plus Indexation if paid at any time after 12 months from the date that this Agreement commences.

CPI means the annual Consumer Price Index (All Groups-Melbourne) as published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics, or, if that index number is no longer published, its substitute as a cumulative indicator of the inflation rate in Australia, as determined by Council from time to time.

Current Address means:

- (a) for Council, the address shown on page one of this Agreement, or any other address listed on Council's website; and
- (b) for the Owner, the address shown on page one of this Agreement or any other address provided by the Owner to Council for any purpose relating to the Subject Land.

Current Email means:

- (a) for Council, feedback@egipps.vic.gov.au, or any other email address listed on Council's website; and
- (b) for the Owner, any email address provided by the Owner to Council for the express purpose of electronic communication regarding this Agreement.

Dependent Person's Unit has the same meaning as in the Planning Scheme.

Dwelling has the same meaning as in the Planning Scheme.

Indexation means an annual adjustment to the Consent Fee carried out in accordance with CPI.

Lot means a lot created by a subdivision of the Subject Land whether in accordance with the Planning Permit or otherwise.

Mortgagee means the person registered or entitled from time to time to be registered as mortgagee of the Subject Land or any part of it.

Owner means the person registered or entitled from time to time to be registered as proprietor of an estate in fee simple of the Subject Land and includes a mortgagee-in-possession.

Owner's obligations includes the Owner's specific obligations and the Owner's further obligations.



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Party or Parties means the Parties to this Agreement but does not include a person who has transferred or otherwise disposed of all of their interests in the Subject Land.

Planning Permit means planning permit no 61/2008/P/C, as amended from time to time, issued on 28th January 2010, authorising the subdivision of the Subject Land in accordance with plans endorsed by Council.

Planning Scheme means the East Gippsland Planning Scheme and any other planning scheme that applies to the Subject Land.

Property Management Plan means the plan endorsed by Council from time to time pursuant to condition 4 of the Planning Permit

Proposed Lot means a lot identified on the Endorsed Plan.

Relevant Fire Authority means the relevant fire authority for the Subject Land pursuant to the Planning Scheme.

Subject Land means the land situated at 162 Mirrabooka Road Mallacoota being the land referred to in certificates of title volume 10766 folio 283 and volume 10097 folio 248 and any reference to the Subject Land includes any Lot created by the subdivision of the Subject Land or any part of it.

2. Interpretation

In this Agreement unless the context admits otherwise:

- 2.1 the singular includes the plural and vice versa;
- 2.2 a reference to a gender includes all genders;
- a reference to a person includes a reference to a firm, corporation or other corporate body and that person's successors in law;
- 2.4 any agreement, representation, warranty or indemnity by 2 or more persons (including where 2 or more persons are included in the same defined term) binds them jointly and severally;
- 2.5 a term used has its ordinary meaning unless that term is defined in this Agreement. If a term is not defined in this Agreement and it is defined in the Act, it has the meaning as defined in the Act;
- a reference to an Act, regulation or the Planning Scheme includes any Act, regulation or amendment amending, consolidating or replacing the Act, regulation or Planning Scheme;
- 2.7 the Background forms part of this Agreement;
- 2.8 the Owner's obligations take effect as separate and several covenants which are annexed to and run at law and equity with the Subject Land; and
- any reference to a clause, page, condition, attachment or term is a reference to a clause, page, condition, attachment or term of this Agreement.

3. Purposes of Agreement

The Parties acknowledge and agree that the purposes of this Agreement are to:

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- 3.1 give effect to the Planning Permit;
- 3.2 satisfy the requirements of the exemption from a planning permit contained in Clause 44.06-1 of the Planning Scheme; and
- 3.3 achieve and advance the objectives of planning in Victoria and the objectives of the Planning Scheme in respect of the Subject Land.

4. Reasons for Agreement

The Parties acknowledge and agree that Council entered into this Agreement for the following reasons:

- 4.1. Council would not have issued the Planning Permit without the condition requiring this Agreement;
- 4.1 the CFA would not have agreed to the Planning Permit without the condition requiring this Agreement; and
- 4.2 the Owner has elected to enter into this Agreement in order to take the benefit of the Planning Permit.

5. Agreement required

The Parties agree that this Agreement will continue to be required unless Council confirms in writing that it is no longer required.

6. Owner's specific obligations

6.1 Bushfire management

The Owner must ensure that any future Dwelling or Dependent Person's Unit built, constructed or erected, or permitted to be built, constructed or erected:

- 6.1.1 must be provided with a static water supply which meets all requirements of condition 26 of the Planning Permit; and
- 6.1.2 must be constructed within the Bushfire Building Envelope.

6.2 Vegetation Management

The Owner must:

- 6.2.1 implement the defendable space requirements set out in the Bushfire Management Statement Plan:
 - (a) on Proposed Lot 2 before the issue of the statement of compliance; and
 - (b) on any of Proposed Lots 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 before the occupation of any new Dwclling on the relevant Lot;
- 6.2.2 maintain vegetation on the Subject Land in accordance with the requirements of:



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- (a) conditions 27 and 28 of the Planning Permit; and
- (b) the Bushfire Management Statement Plan.

6.3 Static Water Supply

The Owner must:

- 6.3.1 before the issue of the statement of compliance, provide a static water supply for the existing Dwelling on Proposed Lot 2;
- 6.3.2 before any new Dwelling is occupied on any of Proposed Lots 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7, provide a static water supply on the Subject Land to service that Lot in accordance with the requirements of Condition 26 of the Planning Permit; and
- 6.3.3 ensure the static water supply:
 - (a) provides a minimum of 10,000 litres of water;
 - (b) is maintained solely for fire fighting purposes;
 - (c) is located within 60 metres of all outer walls of the Dwelling it services (allowing for any obstructions);
 - (d) is stored in an above ground water tank constructed of concrete, steel or corrugated iron;
 - incorporates a 64mm nominal (minimum) gate or ball valve and 64mm (fixed size, 3 threads per inch, male fitting to suit a CFA coupling;
 - (f) incorporates a vortex inhibitor, or additional water supply to ensure that the volume of water available is not restricted by a vortex;
 - (g) incorporates a separate ball or gate valve to provide access to the water by the resident of the Dwelling (for firefighting purposes);
 - (h) is not obstructed by vegetation, buildings, fences or other structures;
 - allows fire authority vehicles to get within 4 metres of the water supply outlet;
 and
 - (j) incorporates signage on or adjacent to the water tank that:
 - (i) indicates the water supply is for fire fighting purposes only;
 - (ii) specifies the capacity of the water tank; and
 - (iii) has lettering that is:
 - A. in upper case;
 - B. not less than 75mm in height;
 - C. fade resistant; and
 - D in a contrasting colour with that of the background;



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- 6.3.4 ensure pipework between the static water supply and the outlet/s is a minimum 64mm nominal bore;
- 6.3.5 ensure fixed above-ground water pipelines and fittings are constructed of materials resistant to corrosion and combustion;
- 6.3.6 ensure any water supply outlet/s are:
 - (a) fixed to the water tank; and
 - (b) face away from the Building to allow access during emergencies;
- 6.3.7 ensure all below-ground water pipelines must be installed to at least the following depths:
 - (a) 300 millimetres, in areas subject to vehicle traffic;
 - (b) 75 millimetres under Dwellings or concrete slabs; and
 - (c) 225 millimetres for all other locations.

AM857158G

6.4 Access

The Owner must:

- 6.4.1 provide vehicle accessways:
 - (a) on Proposed Lot 2 prior to the issue of a statement of compliance for that Lot;
 - (b) on any of Proposed Lots 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 before any new Dwelling is occupied on the relevant Lot;
- 6.4.2 ensure that all vehicle accessways (including gates, bridges and culverts) provided pursuant to clause 6.4.1:
 - (a) do not contain a curve with an inner radius of less than 10 metres;
 - (b) do not contain a dip with more than a 1 in 8 (12.5%) (7.1 degrees) entry and exit angle;
 - (c) are of an average grade of no more than 1 in 7 (14.4%) (8.1 degrees) with a maximum grade of no more than 1 in 5 (20%) (11.3 degrees) for no more than 50 metres;
 - (d) have a minimum trafficable width of 3.5 metres;
 - (e) are substantially clear of encroachments for at least 0.5 metres on each side of the vehicle accessway;
 - (f) are clear of encroachments at least 4 metres vertically across its full width;
 - (g) are designed, constructed and maintained for a load limit of at least 15 tonnes; and
 - (h) are of all-weather construction.

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6.5 Maintenance

The Owner must carry out and thereafter maintain in perpetuity all requirements contained in clauses 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, and 6.4 of this Agreement:

- 6.5.1 at the full cost of the Owner; and;
- 6.5.2 to the satisfaction of Council and the Relevant Fire Authority.

6.6 No further subdivision

Notwithstanding anything in the Planning Scheme, the Owner must not subdivide the Subject Land in a way that creates an additional Lot except in accordance with the Planning Permit.

6.7 Vegetation

The Owner must not remove any vegetation from the Subject Land to accommodate the construction of:

- 6.7.1 Dwellings;
- 6.7.2 fencing; or
- 6.7.3 vehicle access to Proposed Lots 1 or 2.

AM857158G 16/06/2016 \$119.70 173

6.8 Roads across drains and watercourses

The Owner agrees that:

- 6.8.1 where a road or other accessway crosses a drainage line or watercourse the Owner must construct a piped crossing or other bridging structure to the satisfaction of Council; and
- 6.8.2 in determining its satisfaction with a crossing or bridging structure pursuant to clause 6.8.1, Council may seek advice from the Department of Sustainability and Environment.

6.9 Fill

The Owner must ensure that:

- 6.9.1 all fill associated with construction of accessways to Proposed Lots is compacted;
- 6.9.2 all batters must be topsoiled and revegetated; and
- 6.9.3 all drainage from benched areas, batters and accessways is diverted via multiple drainage points and on non-scouring grades to stable vegetated areas.

6.10 Property

The Owner must prepare and submit for Council's approval a Property Management Plan for Proposed Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 addressing but not limited to:

- 6.10.1 establishing domestic and conservation management zones on the Subject Land;
- 6.10.2 vegetation to be removed for fire protection purposes;
- 6.10.3 weed and pest management;

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- 6.10.4 methods of protecting native vegetation;
- 6.10.5 persons responsible for implementing and monitoring vegetation replacement; and
- 6.10.6 timeframes for implementing the recommendations and requirements of the Property Management Plan.

7. Owner's further obligations

7.1 Notice and registration

The Owner must bring this Agreement to the attention of all prospective occupiers, purchasers, lessees, licensees, mortgagees, chargees, transferees and assigns.

7.2 Further actions

The Owner:

- 7.2.1 must do all things necessary to give effect to this Agreement;
- 7.2.2 consents to Council applying to the Registrar of Titles to record this Agreement on the certificate of title of the Subject Land in accordance with section 181 of the Act; and
- 7.2.3 agrees to do all things necessary to enable Council to do so, including:
 - (a) sign any further agreement, acknowledgment or document; and
 - (b) obtain all necessary consents to enable the recording to be made.

7.3 Fees

The Owner must pay any Consent or Satisfaction Fee to Council within 14 days after a written request for payment.

7.4 Council's costs to be paid

The Owner must pay to Council within 14 days after a written request for payment, Council's costs and expenses (including legal expenses) relating to this Agreement, including:

- 7.4.1 preparing, drafting, finalising, signing, recording and enforcing this Agreement;
- 7.4.2 preparing, drafting, finalising and recording any amendment to this Agreement; and
- 7.4.3 preparing, drafting, finalising and recording any document to give effect to the ending of this Agreement.

7.5 Time for giving consent

If Council makes a request for payment of:

- 7.5.1 a fee under clause 7.3; or
- 7.5.2 any costs or expenses under clause 7.4.3,



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the Parties agree that Council will not decide whether the Owner's obligation has been undertaken to Council's satisfaction, or whether to grant the consent sought, until payment has been made to Council in accordance with the request.

7.6 Interest for overdue money

- 7.6.1 The Owner must pay to Council interest in accordance with section 227A of the Local Government Act 1989 on any amount due under this Agreement that is not paid by the due date.
- 7.6.2 If interest is owing, Council will apply any payment made to interest and any balance of the payment to the principal amount.

8. Agreement under section 173 of the Act

Without limiting or restricting the respective powers to enter into this Agreement, and insofar as it can be so treated, this Agreement is made as a deed in accordance with section 173 of the Act.

9. Owner's warranties

The Owner warrants that apart from the Owner and any other person who has consented in writing to this Agreement, no other person has any interest, either legal or equitable, in the Subject Land which may be affected by this Agreement.

10. Successors in title

Until such time as a memorandum of this Agreement is recorded on the certificate of title of the Subject Land, the Owner must require successors in title to:

- 10.1 give effect to this Agreement; and
- 10.2 enter into a deed agreeing to be bound by the terms of this Agreement.

11. General matters

11.1 Notices

A notice or other communication required or permitted to be served by a Party on another Party must be in writing and may be served:

- 11.1.1 personally on the other Party;
- 11.1.2 by leaving it at the other Party's Current Address;
- 11.1.3 by posting it by prepaid post addressed to the other Party at the other Party's Current Address; or
- 11.1.4 by email to the other Party's Current Email,



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11.2 No waiver

Any time or other indulgence granted by Council to the Owner or any variation of this Agreement or any judgment or order obtained by Council against the Owner does not amount to a waiver of any of Council's rights or remedies under this Agreement.

11.3 Severability

If a court, arbitrator, tribunal or other competent authority determines that any part of this Agreement is unenforceable, illegal or void then that part is severed with the other provisions of this Agreement remaining operative.

11.4 No fettering of Council's powers

This Agreement does not fetter or restrict Council's power or discretion to make decisions or impose requirements or conditions in connection with the grant of planning approvals or certification of plans subdividing the Subject Land or relating to use or development of the Subject Land.

11.5 Inspection of documents

A copy of any planning permit, document or plan referred to in this Agreement is available for inspection at Council offices during normal business hours upon giving the Council reasonable notice.

11.6 Governing law

This Agreement is governed by and is to be construed in accordance with the laws of Victoria.

12. Commencement of Agreement

This Agreement commences on the date specified on page one or if no date is specified on page one, the date the Planning Permit was issued.

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Signing Page

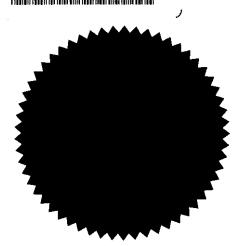
Signed, sealed and delivered as a deed by the Parties.

Signed sealed and delivered by the Chief Executive Officer on behalf of the East Gippsland Shire Council pursuant to the power delegated to that person by an Instrument of Delegation in the presence of:

Witness

Print name

lleen Smith 03/06/16 Coon Coll



Signed Sealed and Delivered by Ian John Bruce in the presence of:

Bruce in the presence of

Witness

Signed Sealed and Delivered by Narelle

Bruce in the presence of:

Mitness

Signed Sealed and Delivered by Roger

Edward Bruce in the presence of:

Witness

[6258263: 13655615_1]

Bruce

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Mortgagee's Consent

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LTD as Mortgagee under instrument of mortgage No. AM3766908T consents to the Owner entering into this Agreement and in the event that the Mortgagee becomes mortgagee-in-possession, agrees to be bound by the covenants and conditions of this Agreement.

Signatory and Stamp

Executed for and on behalf of AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP

LIITED ABN 11 005 357 522 under Power of Attorney dated 18 November 2002 and registered in Victoria Permanent Order Book no. 277 page 19 Item 6 by

KRISTINE JOHNSON

who certifies that he/she is a BAWK and that he/she has not received notice of revocation of that power in the presence of

) Signature of Attorney

Signature of Witness

FILE Print name of Witness

Address of Witness



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ADVERTISED This copied document is made available for the sole purpose of enabling its consideration and review as part of a planning process under the Planning and Environment Act 4977 6714 20 cument must not be Lodged by Macpherson & Kelley 180294 1024 MISC \$59 Code 1161S RESPONSIBLE APPLICATION BYVICTORIA **AUTHORITY** under Section 181 Planning and Environment Act 1987 for ENTRY MEMORANDUM OF Α AGREEMENT. The Responsible Authority under the Planning Scheme having entered into an Agreement with the parties named for the land described requries that a memorandum of the Agreement be entered on the Certificate(s) of Title to the land referred to. LAND (insert Certificate of Title Volume and Folio) Certificates of Title Volume 10097 Folios 247, 248 and 249 ADDRESS OF THE LAND Mirrabooka Road, Mallacoota RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY Mallacoota Water Board PLANNING SCHEME Orbost Planning Scheme and (name WITH **AGREEMENT** AGREEMENT DATE address) The MALLACOOTA WATER BOARD of 100 Bastion Point Road, Maliacoota 1.8.92 IAN JOHN BRUCE and NARELLE BRUCE and ROGER EDWARD BRUCE Of 34 Bruce Street Mallacoota; and Signature for the Responsible Authority:

RAJ. P. RAJAKUMAR.

Date: 7 FEBRUARY, 1994.

as 16/3/94

Name of Officer:

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THIS AGREEMENT is made the

day of August

1992

BETWEEN:

THE MALLACOOTA WATER BOARD (The Board)

of 100 Bastion Point Road Mallacoota

of the first part

15%

and

IAN JOHN BRUCE AND NARELLE BRUCE

and

ROGER EDWARD BRUCE (The Owners)
all of 34 Bruce Street Mallacoota
of the second part

WHEREAS: -

- (A) The Owners are the registered proprietors of the land described in First Schedule hereto (the subject land) and have made application to the Shire of Orbost as the Responsible Authority under the Orbost Planning Scheme (the scheme) for a permit to subdivide the subject land for rural residential purposes.
- (B) The Shire of Orbost has granted Planning Permit No.

 OPS-LS-C4-145 dated the 7th day of November 1991 (the Permit) for the subdivision of the subject land for rural residential purposes subject to conditions including a condition as follows:-

"The Owner enters into an agreement with the Mallacoota Water Board under Section 173 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987. Such agreement shall allow for the subdivision of the land into five (5) allotments, generally as submitted with Lot 3 including the allotment shown as Lot 4.

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Such agreement shall prevent the further subdivision of Lot 3 (incorporating Lot 4) until such time as the Mallacoota Water Board determines that it is able to supply reticulated water in an adequate quantity and at an adequate pressure.

Such agreement would not prevent the Board allowing

water supply by measure to Lots 1, 2 and 3 under the Boards normal conditions, which include inter alia the provision that the Board does not undertake to supply water of a particular quantity or to provide any degree of pressure, continuity of supply or sufficient for fire fighting purposes. Such agreement shall come into effect prior to the issue of a Certificate of Compliance.

Such agreement may be ended at such time as the Mallacoota Water Board determines that it is able to supply reticulated water to any Lots created by further subdivision of Lot 3 in an adequate quantity and at an adequate pressure.

Such agreement shall be registered with the Registrar of Titles Act as provided under Section 181 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987. Such agreement shall include an undertaking of the owner to pay all costs associated with the preparation and registration of the Agreement."

(c) The Board and the Owners have agreed that without restricting or limiting their respective powers to enter into this Agreement and insofar as it can be so treated this Agreement shall be treated as being an agreement under Section 173(1) of the Planning and Environment Act

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1987.

NOW THIS AGREEMENT WITNESSETH AS FOLLOWS:-

- In this Agreement unless inconsistent with the context or subject matter:
 "Owners" shall mean the person or persons entitled from time to time to be registered by the Registrar of Titles as the proprietor or proprietors of an estate in fee simple of the subject land;

 "subdivision" includes:-
 - .1 The dividing of land into two or more parts -
 - (a) by sale, conveyance, transfer or partition; or
 - (b) by procuring the issue of a Certificate of Title under the Transfer of Land Act 1958 in respect to a part of the land;
 - .2 the subdivision of land by sale, transfer or partition into two or more Lots and common property.
 - .3 The subdivision of land by sale, transfer or partition into two or more units and common property whether or not any unit is on the same level as any other unit; and "subdivided" has a corresponding interpretation.
- 2. The Owners with the intent that their covenant hereunder shall run with the land hereby covenant and agree that they (which term shall include the owner or owners of the subject land or any part thereof from time to time) will-
 - .1 Comply with the conditions of the Permit;
 - .2 Not cause, allow or permit the subject land to be further subdivided under the provisions of the Subdivision Act 1988 or any amendment or consolidation thereof or otherwise until such time

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as the Board determines that it is able to supply reticulated water to the subject land in an adequate quantity and at an adequate pressure.

This agreement will not prevent the Board (provided appropriate easements are created as required) supplying water by measure to lots 1, 2 and 3 under the Board's normal conditions provided however the owner agrees and is aware that the board does not undertake to supply water of a particular quantity or at a particular pressure, continuity of supply or sufficient for fire fighting purposes.

- 4. The Owners agree to do all things necessary to enable the Board to enter a memorandum of this Agreement on the Certificate of Title to the subject land in accordance with Section 181 of the Act including signing any further agreement acknowledgment or document to enable the said memorandum to be registered under that section.
- 5. The Owners covenant and agree to pay the Boards costs and incidental to the preparation and execution of this Agreement and registration of a memorandum of Agreement at the office of Titles pursuant to Section 191 of the Act and any duties or fees payable in connection with either the Agreement or the registration of the memorandum at the Office of Titles including any subsequent costs relating to this agreement being brought to an end.
- 6. This Agreement will end pursuant to Section 177 of the Act by agreement between the Responsible Authority and all persons who are bound by the Covenant in this Agreement and when the Board determines it is able to

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supply reticulated water to any Lots create quantity subdivision of the subject land in an adequate quantity and at an adequate pressure.

IN WITNESS whereof the parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first hereinbefore written.

THE COMMON SEAL of THE

MALLACOOTA WATER BOARD was hereunto

affixed in the presence of:

(Board Member)

Menine Mark

3. B. Allum (Board Member)

(Secretary)

SIGNED by the said

IAN JOHN BRUCE in the presence of:

J // //

& di Bruce

SIGNED by the said

NARELLE BRUCE in the presence of:

ofacile Bucs

& de Bruca

SIGNED by the said

ROGER EDWARD BRUCE in the presence

of:

Logar Emec

Marion Worke

SCHEDULE

Lot 3 on Plan of Subdivision No. PS 312176 W P

Mallacoota.

Lots 1-2-3 PLAN OF SUBDIVISION NO PS 312176

MALACOOTA. Cool Druce 13. In

God.

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Property Management Plan v3 Planning Permit 61/2008/P

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Attachments

Management Zone Plan

Endorsed Proposed Subdivision Plan

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Property Management Plan v3 Planning Permit 61/2008/P

1. Introduction

The following Property Management Plan has been prepared in accordance with dot point 5 of Condition 4 pertaining to Planning Permit 61/2008/P (amended).

This Report has been prepared for Lots 1, 2, 3 & 4 only as approved by Planning Permit 61/2008/P and shown on the endorsed proposed Subdivision Plan (Version 3, dated 22/03/2013).

The purpose of the Property Management Plan is to ensure that the land is appropriately managed to protect and enhance the natural surrounds whilst allowing development of the land for residential purposes.

The following documentation outlines the specific details of the management actions and requirements of the required management.

2. The Subject Land

The whole of the subject land associated with the subdivision is approximately 25.7 hectares in area however only part of the land is affected by this Plan due to proximity to an existing vegetated gully system.



View of vegetated gully system

The gully system is located centrally to the subdivision and is the main trigger for requirement of this Property Management Plan is to ensure preservation of its environmental significance.

- The vegetation within the gully system is considered to be significant due to its contiguous nature which follows the drainage line into Mallacoota Inlet.
- The vegetation acts as a habitat corridor and is particularly important due to records of threatened species inclusive of Azure Kingfisher, Ground Parrot and Eastern Curlew which are known to be present within the area.

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Property Management Plan v3 Planning Permit 61/2008/P

Located on site currently is an existing dwelling which is positioned on proposed Lot 2.

The purpose of the subdivision is to create allotments for further residential style development which are sympathetic to the significant environmental elements of the site enabling the two elements to coexist.

The vegetation within the existing vegetated gully system was effected by the 1939 bushfire and comprises mainly of larger established trees with a more limited understorey component present.

3. Management Zones

Please find attached a Property Management Zone Plan (V2, dated 13/02/2014) which nominates both Conservation Management Zone and Domestic Zones over Lots 1, 2, 3 & 4.

This Property Management Plan provides specific detail on the Conservation Management Zone area which has been placed over the more sensitive gully area.



Vegetation within Conservation Management Zone

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Property Management Plan v3 Planning Permit 61/2008/P

Conservation Management Zone

The Conservation Management Zone has been nominated over the vegetated gully area which is positioned on the southern section of Lots 1 & 2 and on the northern portion of Lots 3 & 4.

The purpose for nominating this zone is to provide some management requirements specific to the vegetation and the protection and enhancement thereof.

This area also includes a 10.0 metre buffer of cleared area to ensure that there is adequate protection of the existing vegetation. The vegetation located within this buffer zone must be maintained to the current standard in order to comply with the Bushfire Management Statement Plan as endorsed as part of the Permit.

Domestic Zone

The area nominated as Domestic Zone pertains to the cleared section of the land on which development is able to occur including but not limited to development of dwellings, outbuildings, provision of services, placement of garden beds and the like.



View north over domestic zone towards the conservation zone from Zachary Drive

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Property Management Plan v3 Planning Permit 61/2008/P

4. Fire Protection

Planning Permit 61/2008/P (amended) does not permit the removal of any native vegetation and furthermore any future removal of native vegetation will need to seek relevant planning permission.

A Bushfire Management Statement Plan was approved as part of the Permit and is required to be an ongoing control as it will be enforced under a Section 173 Legal Agreement which will be registered to each Lot.

Water Supply

A static water supply must be provided prior to the issue of a Statement of Compliance for the existing dwelling on Lot 2 and prior to the occupation of a dwelling on any of Lots 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7.

A static water supply must meet all of the requirements stipulated by Condition 26 of Permit and the endorsed Bushfire Management Statement Plan.

Access Requirements

Access must be provided prior to the issue of a Statement of Compliance for the existing dwelling on Lot 2 and prior to the occupation of a dwelling any of Lots 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 & 7.

Access must be provided to the standards in accordance with Country Fire Authority requirements as prescribed by the controls of Permit which will also be provided as part of Section 173 Legal Agreement.

Vegetation Management

The site vegetation will need to be managed in accordance with the protection measures as prescribed by Permit Conditions, endorsed Bushfire Management Statement Plan and the owners obligations under the Section 173 Legal Agreement.

It is important to acknowledge that there is no ability to allow for regrowth to occur within much of the 10 metre buffer zone as the area is required to be managed to outer zone requirements to meet defendable space.

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Property Management Plan v3 Planning Permit 61/2008/P

5. Weed and Pest Management

Monitoring and subsequent works are to be undertaken to keep the presence of pest plant and animals to a minimum within the Conservation Zone.

To reduce the risk of pest plants and animals entering into the conservation zone garden planting within the domestic zone will be prohibited from utilising environmental weeds. Further information on environmental weeds can be obtained from the *Department of Sustainability & Environment* website. *Agapanthus* for example is classified as an environmental weed.

Cattle are to be excluded from within the conservation management zone at all times to prevent soil compaction and to enhance the chances of recruitment to occur. Exclusion of cattle will also assist with stopping the spread of weeds.

6. Protection of Native Vegetation

The vegetation located within the conservation management zone will be protected by the *East Gippsland Planning Scheme* controls as applying. These controls currently include Vegetation Protection Overlay – Schedule 8 (Clause 42.02) and Particular Provisions pertaining to Native Vegetation (Clause 52.17).

This Plan strongly discourages removal of vegetation from within the conservation management zone which will be carried forward by the entering into of Section 173 Legal Agreement.

The Legal Agreement also specifically stipulates that no vegetation removal is to occur for fencing purposes, location of dwellings and driveway access to proposed Lots 1, 2 & 3.

Clause 52.17 provides a planning permit exemption for removal of native vegetation for the construction of a fence on a boundary between properties in different ownership allowing the combined maximum width of clearing either side of the fence to be 4.0 metres wide.

The Legal Agreement has the effect of overriding this exemption given the significant status of the vegetation in question.

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Property Management Plan v3 Planning Permit 61/2008/P

7. Fencing

It is highly recommended that the Conservation Management Zone be fenced at all times from the general Domestic Zone to assist with exclusion of animals and to deter access.

The vegetated section of the Conservation Management Zone is already fenced from the remainder of the site within Lots 3 & 4 as shown on the below photograph.



View of existing fencing

The fencing will also have the duel effect of excluding other inappropriate actions such as motorbike riding for example and other general use within the area.

Whilst it is deemed appropriate to fence the conservation zone, the far western section of the zone will need to be kept clear to enable access into Lots 1 and 2. This section of the conservation zone is the only portion of the conservation zone where vehicle, pedestrian access and provision of services is permitted.

There is ability to fence the property boundaries within the Conservation Management Zone given that there is currently limited understorey and therefore ability to provide the fencing without vegetation removal.

No vegetation removal is to occur for fencing purposes and this Plan will override the current exemptions pertaining to removal of vegetation for fencing as stipulated at Clause 52.17 of the *East Gippsland Planning Scheme*.

8. Responsibilities

This Property Management Plan pertains to Lots 1, 2, 3, & 4 and will be attached to each title by virtue of entering into a Section 173 Legal Agreement.

Effectively the responsibilities of implementing the Plan will lie with the owner/s of each allotment. In the event land is transferred and ownership alters, the responsibilities will shift to the new owner of the land.

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Property Management Plan v3 Planning Permit 61/2008/P

9. Timeframes

The implementation of this Property Management Plan will commence upon issue of the Statement of Compliance for Subdivision approved under Planning Permit 61/2008/P (amended).

This Plan is ongoing and will be enshrined by Section 173 Legal Agreement which will be attached to each of the relevant titles.

10. Recruitment

As part of the management of the conservation zone it is expected that weed removal/exclusion should occur so as to enable natural recruitment of native flora species and to prevent competition.

If in the event that no recruitment occurs within the first year from implementation of this Plan, then it is expected that enhancement planting be undertaken with appropriate rainforest species which are indigenous to the region.

Cattle are to be excluded from the gully as a priority which will then make weed management and control a more realistic task. Monitoring will be required to ensure that weed species are controlled appropriately and that their coverage does not increase.

Currently the understorey coverage is quite sparse with few native plants and weeds occurring.



View of existing conditions within the Conservation Zone

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Property Management Plan v3 Planning Permit 61/2008/P

11. Enhancement Planting

As there is to be no vegetation removed as part of the Subdivision, there is no requirement to provide offset planting in accordance with *Victoria's Native Vegetation Management A Framework For Action, 2002.*

Notwithstanding the above, there will be opportunity for recruitment of existing trees to commence and also ability to provide some enhancement planting of indigenous rainforest species.

During the first year of implementation of this plan, cattle will be removed from the conservation management area which may enable natural recruitment to commence.

If in the event natural recruitment does not occur within the first year, then it recommended that enhancement planting of species indigenous to the area be undertaken.

As the conservation area does not represent an offset management area, the planting will not need to be undertaken in accordance with *Victoria's Native Vegetation Management A Framework For Action, 2002* however it would be preferable if it was undertaken to a similar standard. This will provide the area with the best opportunity to flourish into a site representative of a more natural state.

The site is considered to represent Ecological Vegetation Class (EVC) 16 'Lowland Forest' of the East Gippsland Lowlands Bioregion. The Benchmark to this EVC outlines that the vegetation should be characterized by the diversity of life forms and species in the understorey including a range of shrubs, grasses and herbs.

Some of the main character species of EVC 16 include *Eucalyptus sieberi* (Silvertop Ash), *Eucalyptus globoidea* (White stringy bark) and *Eucalyptus consideniana* (Yertchuk) within the overstorey layer. Other understorey species representative of EVC 16 include *Acacia melanoxylon* (Blackwood), *Exocarpos cupressiformis* (Cherry Ballart), *Epacris impressa* (Common Heath).

The document Revegertation Planting Standards – Guidelines for Establishing Native Vegetation for Net Gain Accounting will assist with determining the number of plants to provide as enhancement planting and for which life form in the event enhancement planting is to be undertaken.

As the relevant EVC is considered to be a lowland forest, the base target number of overstorey trees per hectare is 150.

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Property Management Plan v3 Planning Permit 61/2008/P

The following table outlines the appropriate numbers with respect to understorey species.

Lifeform	Target Number of Plants per Hectare	Maximum Density (125% of 10 year target)	Minimum Density (75% of 10 year target)
Understorey Tree or Large Shrub	100	125	75
Medium Shrub	1200	1500	900
Small Shrub	1500	1875	1125
Large Tufted Graminiod	500	625	375

12. Concluding Remarks

In summary, this Property Management Plan nominates an area of conservation management zone and domestic zone of proposed Lots 1, 2, 3 & 4 only and outlines the required management actions and techniques to enhance the natural state of the vegetated gully system.



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GEOTECH

30 May 2025

LAND CAPABILITY ASSESSMENT

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT 30 ZACHARY DRIVE, MALLACOOTA, VICTORIA, 3892



Prepared for:

Matt Cuce & Emma Bruce

Report Number: 25091_LCA

30 May 2025

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Figure 1: Site Plan

Figure 2 and 3: Site Photos

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Appendix A

Reports of Boreholes

Water balance calculations

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Limitations



30 May 2025

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SUMMARY

Loca	7 I I L) I I .

Address: 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota SPI: 4\PS734387

Land Features:

Slope of land: 10% Distance to surface water: onsite drainage path

Aspect: easterly Flooding: > 1in 100 years

Evaporation: 1510 mm Rainfall: 940 mm

Limiting Layer Soil Properties:

Soil texture (limiting layer): light clay Permeability: 0.06-0.20 mm/day

Treatment System: Land Application system:

Primary treatment Absorption Trenches

Design Loading rate (DLR):

Absorption Trenches: 8.0 mm/day

Land Application Area minimum size

Design Flow Rate	Trench length
4-bedroom dwelling – 750L/day	6 x 25m long trenches @ 0.7m wide

Site Constraints:

Light clay, rainfall run-on, onsite dam

Special Conditions / Mitigation Measures:

Rainfall Run-on: Diversion drain to be constructed upslope of Land Application Area (LAA).

Dispersive Soils: Soil Amelioration recommended. Apply gypsum to the base of trenches at a rate of 1kg/m².

Onsite Dam: Locate Land Application Area a minimum 60m from the waterway and 40 m from the drainage line.

Key Buffer Distances:

Site boundaries and buildings: 1.5m downslope; 3.0m upslope

Waterway (potable): 100m Waterway (non-potable): 30m

Management:

Desludging primary tank and inspection of eluent absorption trenches: every 3-5 years

Flush absorption trenches with liquid gypsum every 3-5 years or as required.



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Matt Cuce & Emma Bruce have engaged DBM Geotech Consulting Pty Ltd (DBM Geotech) to undertake a Land Capability Assessment for the proposed residential dwelling at 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota. The field investigation and report have been undertaken and prepared by suitability experienced consultants.

This report will accompany an application for a Septic Tank Permit to Install submitted to East Gippsland Shire Council for an onsite wastewater management system at 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota. The report provides information about the site and soil conditions. It also provides a Land Capability Assessment (LCA) for the site and includes a conceptual design for a suitable onsite wastewater management system, including recommendations for monitoring and management requirements.

2.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVELOPMENT

The site is located on the east side of Zachary Drive. The land is approximately 20 Hectares in area, and is situated on top of a rise, with moderately downwards sloping sides towards the northeast and southeast. At the location of the proposed dwelling, the land has a slight to moderate downwards slope towards the northeast.

The closest water body is a drainage line located about 20 m north of the proposed dwelling and a waterway located about 120m south of the proposed dwelling.

Site Address: 4\PS734387; 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota (Figure 1)

Council Area: East Gippsland Shire Council

Zoning: RLZ – Rural Living Zone

Domestic Water Supply: Tank water

Anticipated Wastewater Load: Assume a residence with full water-reduction fixtures at maximum occupancy. Wastewater generation = 150 L/person/day; Table 4.1 of EPA Guidelines (2024) (1).

Availability of Sewer: The area is unsewered and unlikely to be sewered within the next 10-20 years.

3.0 SITE AND SOIL ASSESSMENT

3.1 SITE ASSESSMENT

DBM Geotech undertook a site investigation on the 28 April 2025. Table summarises the key features of the site in relation to effluent management proposed for the site.

NOTE:

- The site is not in a special water supply catchment area.
- The site experiences minor stormwater run-on from Zachary Drive.
- The risk of effluent transport offsite is low.



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Figure 1 attached provides a site plan and indicates the octation of the proposed to be provided and indicates the octation of the proposed to be provided and pr

Table 1: Site Assessment

Characteristic		Level of Constraint	
Citaracteristic	Nil or Minor	Nil or Minor Moderate Majo	
Aspect	North / North-East / North-West	East / West / South- East / South-West	South
Climate	Excess of evaporation over rainfall in the wettest months	Rainfall approximates to evaporation	Excess of rainfall over evaporation in the wettest months
Erosion	Nil or minor	Moderate	Severe
Exposure to sun and wind	Full sun and/or high wind or	Dappled light	Heavily shaded and little wind
Fill (imported)	No fill or minimal fill, or fill is good quality topsoil	Moderate coverage and fill is good quality	Extensive poor quality fill and variable quality fill
Flood frequency (ARI)	Less than 1 in 100 years	Between 100 and 20 years	More than 1 in 20 years
Groundwater bores	No bores onsite or on neighbouring properties	Setback distance from bore complies with requirements in EPA Guidelines 2024	Setback distance from bore does not comply with requirements in EPA Guidelines 2024
Land area available for LAA	Exceeds LAA and duplicate LAA and buffer distance requirements	Meets LAA and duplicate LAA and buffer distance requirements	Insufficient area for LAA
Landslip	Nil	Minor to moderate	High or Severe
Slope Form	Convex or divergent side-slopes	Straight side-slopes	Concave or convergent side- slopes
Slope gradient (%)			
(a) for absorption trenches and beds	<6%	6-15%	>15%
(c) for subsurface irrigation	<10%	10-30%	>30%
Soil Drainage (qualitative)	No visible signs or likelihood of dampness, even in wet season	Some signs or likelihood of dampness	Wet soil, moisture- loving plants, standing water in pit; water ponding on surface, soil pit fills with water



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Table 1: Site Assessment

Characteristic	Level of Constraint		
Cildiacteristic	Nil or Minor	Moderate	Major
Stormwater run-on	Low likelihood of stormwater run-on	Moderate likelihood of inundation by stormwater run-on	High likelihood of inundation by stormwater run-on
Surface waters - setback distance (m)	Setback distance complies with requirements in EPA Guidelines 2024		Setback distance does not comply with requirements in EPA Guidelines 2024
Vegetation coverage over the site	Plentiful vegetation with healthy growth and good potential for nutrient uptake	Limited variety of vegetation	Sparse vegetation or no vegetation

3.2 SITE ASSESSMENT RESULTS

Moderate or major soil constraints were identified in the soil assessment. These constraints listed in Table 2 along with mitigation measures for controlling the risks identified at the site.

Based on the most constraining site features, the overall land capability of the site to sustainably manage all effluent onsite is satisfactory. The proposed effluent management area is located above the 1:100 flood level and by using primary treatment, there will be suitable protection of surface waters and groundwater.

Table 2: Site constraints

Constraint	Proposed mitigation measure
Aspect	None required – The EDRS has high sun and wind exposure.
Climate	Use a water balance to size the land application area.
Slope form / gradient	The slope at the proposed effluent application point has a gradual between 10 – 12%. We consider that this slope angle is suitable for absorption trenches and do not consider any mitigation measures are required.
Soil Drainage	Locate Land Application Area appropriately on the site away from the lower lying parts of the site.
Stormwater run-on	Install a diversion drain upslope of the proposed effluent disposal area.



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3.3 SOIL ASSESSMENT

The site's soils have been assessed for their suitability for onsite wastewater management by a combination of soil survey and desktop review of published soil survey information as outlined below.

A soil survey was carried out at the site to determine suitability for application of treated effluent. Soil investigations were conducted at three locations as shown in Figure 1. The investigation was carried out using a push tube sampler to depths of 1.4m below ground level. In addition, samples were collected and tested for PH, EC and dispersive soils. A summary of the soil properties for the different soil types encountered are presented in Table 3. Full profile descriptions of the soils are provided in Appendix A.

Table 3: Soil properties

Soil Type	sandy clay loam	Light Clay
Depth range	0.0 - 0.5	0.5 – 1.3
Soil Texture	4b	5a - 5b
EC	0.13	0.15
PH	5.0	4.8
Soil Dispersion	Dispersive	Non - Dispersive
Design Loading Rate	3.5 mm/day	3.0 mm/day
Sub-surface / (absorption trench)	(10 mm/day)	(8 mm/day)

Table 4 provides a risk assessment based on the physical and chemical characteristics of each soil type.

Table 4: Soil Risk Assessment

Characteristic	Level of Constraint		
Characteristic	Nil or Minor	Moderate	Major
Electrical Conductivity (ECe) (dS/m)	<0.8	0.8 - 2	>2
Dispersive soils	Non-Dispersive (4, 5, 6, 8)	7	Dispersive (1, 2, 3)



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Table 4: Soil Risk Assessment

Characteristic	Level of Constraint		
Characteristic	Nil or Minor	Moderate	Major
Gleying	Nil	Some evidence of greenish grey / black or bluish grey soil colours	Predominant greenish grey / black, bluish grey / black colours
pH (favoured range for plants)	5.5 - 8 is the optimum range for a wide range of plants; 4.5 - 5.5 suitable for many acid-loving plants		<4.5, >8
Rock Fragments (size & volume %)	0 – 10%	10 – 20 %	>20%
Depth to Rock or impermeable layer Trenches (irrigation/mounds)	>1.2 m (>0.7m)	1.2 – 0.9 m	<0.9 m (<0.7m)
Soil Structure (pedality)	Highly or moderately structured	Weakly-structured	Structureless, Massive or hardpan
Soil Texture	Cat. 2b, 3a, 3b, 4a	Cat. 4b, 4c, 5a	Cat. 1, 2a, 5b, 5c, 6
Watertable Depth (m)	>1.5 m	1.0 – 1.5 m	<1.0 m

3.4 SOIL ASSESSMENT RESULTS

The soils at were typically categorised as a clay loam overlying a light clay. Weathered siltstone was encountered at a depth of about 1.3m below ground level. Considering the physical characteristics of the subsoil in the area of the site, effluent application via absorption trenches is a suitable and viable disposal system for this site.

Moderate or major soil constraints were identified in the soil assessment. These constraints listed in Table 5 along with mitigation measures for controlling the risks identified at the site.

Table 5: Soil assessment migration measures

Constraint	Proposed mitigation measures
Soil Texture	The soils at the site comprise moderately to well-structured light clay soils. Based on our experience we consider that these soils are suitable for primary treatment of wastewater disposed of into conventional absorption trenches. We have adopted a conservative design by using a water balance to size the trenches. In addition, we recommend un upslope diversion drain is installed to reduce rainfall run-on and improve trench performance.



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Table 5: Soil assessment migration measures

Constraint	Proposed mitigation measures
Dispersive soils	Apply gypsum at a rate of 1kg/m² to the base of trenches. Flush the absorption trenches with liquid gypsum every 3 - 5 years or as required.

3.5 OVERALL LAND CAPABILITY RATING

For the soil in the proposed land application area, no features present a moderate or major constraint that cannot be mitigated.

Based on the results of the site and soil assessment tabled above and provided in the Appendices, the overall land capability of the proposed effluent management area is constrained. However, the effluent management system will be designed, installed and maintained in ways which will mitigate these factors.

4.0 SYSTEM SELECTION AND DESIGN

The following sections provide an overview of a suitable onsite wastewater management system, with sizing and design considerations and justification for its selection. Detailed design for the system should be undertaken at the time of the building application and submitted to Council.

4.1 EFFLUENT MANAGEMENT OPTIONS / TARGET EFFLUENT QUALITY

A range of possible land application systems have been considered, such as absorption trenches, evapo-transporation/absorption (ETA) beds, subsurface irrigation, and mounds. Based on the results of the onsite permeability tests we consider that the system of conventional absorption trenches for primary treated waste is suitable for the site.

Should the client or regulator prefer to secondary treat the effluent, disposal via absorption trenches or shallow subsurface irrigation are suitable.

4.2 WATER BALANCE

To determine the necessary size of the Land Application Area, water balance modelling has been undertaken using the method and water balance tool in the Victorian Land Capability Assessment Framework (2014) and EPA, 2024.

The water balance can be express by the following equation:

Precipitation + Effluent Applied = Evapotranspiration + Percolation

The assumptions and parameters adopted for the water balance calculation are provided below:



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- We have adopted a rainfall runoff factor of 0.17876 fine site. The parally this fireward wasach any copyright, selected based the fact that rainfall exceeds evaporation during winter months and local experience. Given that winter months are the critical months in the water balance calculations and the fact that rainfall exceeds evaporation during this period we consider this factor appropriate for the site.
- A design loading rate of 8.0mm/day for light clay soil was adopted (Table 4-8, EPA Guidelines 2024).
- Crop factors for Pasture from section 4.4.2.3 of EPA 2024 (1) were used.
- Rainfall and evaporation data See Table 6

The full water balance calculations are provided in Appendix A and a summary of the results are provide in Table 6.

Table 6: Rainfall and Evaporation Data

	Rainfall (mm) – Mallacoota (84084)											
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Tot
66.0	63.7	73.7	92.9	82.8	97.4	78.8	68.6	75.7	79.4	87.3	74.9	940
	Evaporation (mm) – Mallacoota (BoM – Australian Water Outlook)											
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Tot
220.9	176.9	149.6	94.1	66.7	50.7	58.9	78.5	103.3	140.1	166.8	203.7	1510

4.2.1 EFFLUENT DISPERSAL FIELD SIZING

The nominated area method is used to calculate the area required to balance all inputs and outputs to the water balance. As a result of these calculations a minimum land application area required for absorption trenches is shown in Table 7. The full water balance calculation is shown in Appendix A.

Table 7: Land Application Area

Total Daily wastewater flow (L/day)	Trench Basal Area required (m²)	Trench Width (m)	Trench sizes
750^	105	0.7	(6No. Trenches @ 25m lineal meters per trench)

^{*}Required LLA size based on 3.0m between each trench and 3.0m buffer on all 4 sides of the Land application area.

^In accordance with EPA 2024 (1) any room such as a study, library or sunroom that can be closed off with a door, shall be treated as a bedroom.



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All trenches should be constructed along the contour afed อยากระสาย เกาะ and serve field to be 25m. We recommend that trenches are spaced 3.0m apart to allow a reserve field to be configured within the envelope should it be required.

SECONDARY TREATMENT SYSTEM

Should the client or regulator prefer to secondary treat the effluent, disposal via absorption trenches or shallow subsurface irrigation is an alternative method. Where absorption trenches are adopted with secondary treatment the number of trenches listed above can be reduced by 25% (due to increased loading rate). Where subsurface irrigation is used in conjunction with secondary treated effluent the sub-surface irrigation area shall be a minimum of 350m².

4.3 USE OF ARCHES IN TRENCHES

Where arches are used in trenches they must be backfilled with aggregate to the top of the arch and a layer of geofabric cloth placed between the aggregate and topsoil. We do not consider backfilling around arches with site derived soils a suitable design for this site. This is because the soils are dispersive can form a clogging layer around the arch reducing the trench capacity. Arches should be constructed as per the below diagram.

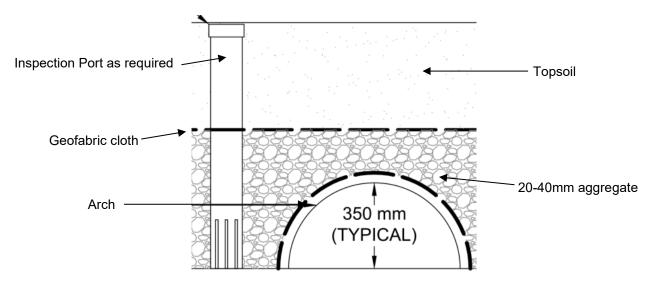


Plate 1: Trench layout for arches.



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4.4 SITING AND CONFIGURATION OF THE SYSTEM purpose which may breach any copyright.

We have provided an approximate location of the land application area on the attached site plan Figure 1. Final placement and configuration of the irrigation system will be determined by the client and/or system installer, provided it remains close to the nominated locations in Figure 1 and satisfies the minimum area required according to the water balance.

Whilst there is ample area for application of the effluent, it is important that appropriate buffer distances be maintained. It is important to note that buffers are measured as the overland flow path for run-off water from the effluent irrigation area.

It is recommended that the owner consult a wastewater contractor familiar with effluent system construction to construct the system, and an appropriately registered plumbing/drainage practitioner to install the system.

4.5 STORMWATER RUN-ON MEASURES

Stormwater run-on protection measures are considered essential at this site. Stormwater run-on from buildings and significant rainstorm events pose a risk to the effluent disposal field. Stormwater run-on should be mitigated by the following:

- Diversion of roof drainage away from the effluent dispersal area.
- The construction and maintenance of a sub-surface diversion drain upslope of the Land Application Area.

An upslope cut-off drain should be constructed at the site in accordance with the below figure. The upslope drain should be keyed a minimum 150mm into clay soils at the site. We recommend the drain is constructed 3m upslope of the Land Application Area.

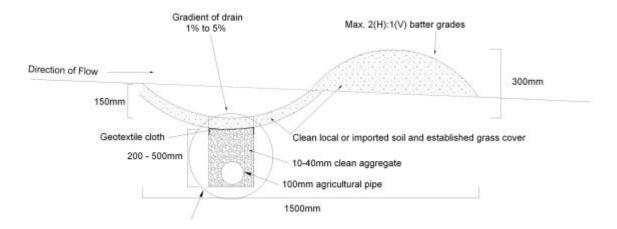


Plate 2: Upslope diversion drain.



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4.6 BUFFER DISTANCES

Setback buffer distances from EDRS systems are required to help prevent human contact, maintain public amenity and protect sensitive environments. The relevant buffer distances for this site, taken from Table 4-10 of the EPA Guidelines 2024 (1) are provided in Table 8.

Table 8: Primary Treatment Buffer Distances

Site Feature	Setback Distance (m)					
Building / allotment boundaries /	6m – Up-slope					
swimming pool / water and gas pipes	3m – Down-slope					
Services	6m – Closed stormwater drain					
	50m – Open stormwater drain					
	100m – Up-slope from watercourses in a potable water supply catchment					
Surface waters	60m – Up-slope from non-potable watercourses					
	40m – Up-slope from drainage lines					
Groundwater bores	20m – Category 2b to 6 soils					
Soil depth	1.5m – Depth to water table					
	1.5m – Depth to hydraulic limiting layer					

5.0 MONITORING, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Maintenance is to be carried out in accordance with the EPA Certificate of Approval of the selected treatment system and Council's permit conditions. The treatment system will only function adequately if appropriately and regularly maintained.

To ensure the treatment system functions adequately, residents must:

- Desludging primary tank and inspect eluent absorption trenches every 3-5 years.
- Use household cleaning products that are suitable for septic tanks;
- · Keep as much fat and oil out of the system as possible; and
- Conserve water (AAA rated fixtures and appliances are recommended).
- Do not discharge your unwanted and expired medicine into your OWMS.
- Avoid use of products containing PFAS (Per-and Polyfluoroalkyl substances)



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To ensure the land application system functions ade water functions and by the state of the land application system functions ade water functions are the land application system functions ade water functions are the land application system functions ade water functions are the land application system functions are water functions are the land application system functions are water functions are the land application system functions are water functions are the land application system functions are the land application system functions are water functions are the land application system functions are the land application function function function function functions are the land application function function

- Regularly harvest (mow) vegetation within the LAA and remove this to maximise uptake of water and nutrients;
- Regularly clean in-line filters;
- Not erect any structures and paths over the LAA;
- · Avoid vehicle and livestock access to the LAA, to prevent compaction and damage; and
- Ensure that the LAA is kept level by filling any depressions with good quality topsoil (not clay).

6.0 CONCLUSION

As a result of our investigations, we conclude that sustainable onsite wastewater management is feasible with appropriate mitigation measures, as outlined, for the proposed residence at 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota.

Specifically, we recommend the following:

- Primary Treatment of wastewater.
- Land application of treated effluent via conventional absorption trenches. Trenches are to be
 up to a maximum of 25 metres long and 1 metre wide, with a minimum spacing of 3.0m
 between trenches;
- Installation of water saving fixtures (minimum 4 star WELS) and appliances (minimum 3 star WELS) in the new residence to reduce the effluent load;
- Use of low phosphorus and low sodium (liquid) detergents to improve effluent quality and maintain soil properties for growing plants; and
- Operation and management of the treatment and disposal system in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations, the EPA Certificate of Approval, the EPA Guidelines 2024 and the recommendations made in this report.



30 May 2025

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7.0 REFERENCES

Environment Protection Authority (2024) (1). Guideline for onsite wastewater management (GOWM).

Environment Protection Authority (2024) (2). Guideline for onsite wastewater effluent dispersal and recycling systems (EDRS).

Municipal Association of Victoria, Department of Environment and Sustainability and EPA Victoria (2014) Victorian Land Capability Assessment Framework.

Standards Australia / Standards New Zealand (2012). AS/NZS 1547:2012 On-site domestic-wastewater management.

8.0 LIMITATIONS

Your attention is drawn to the document – 'Limitations' which is included in Appendix B of this report. The statements presented in this document are intended to advise you of what your realistic expectations of this report should be. The document is not intended to reduce the level of responsibility accepted by DBM Geotech, but rather to ensure that all parties who may rely on this report are aware of the responsibilities each assumes is so doing.

DBM Geotech

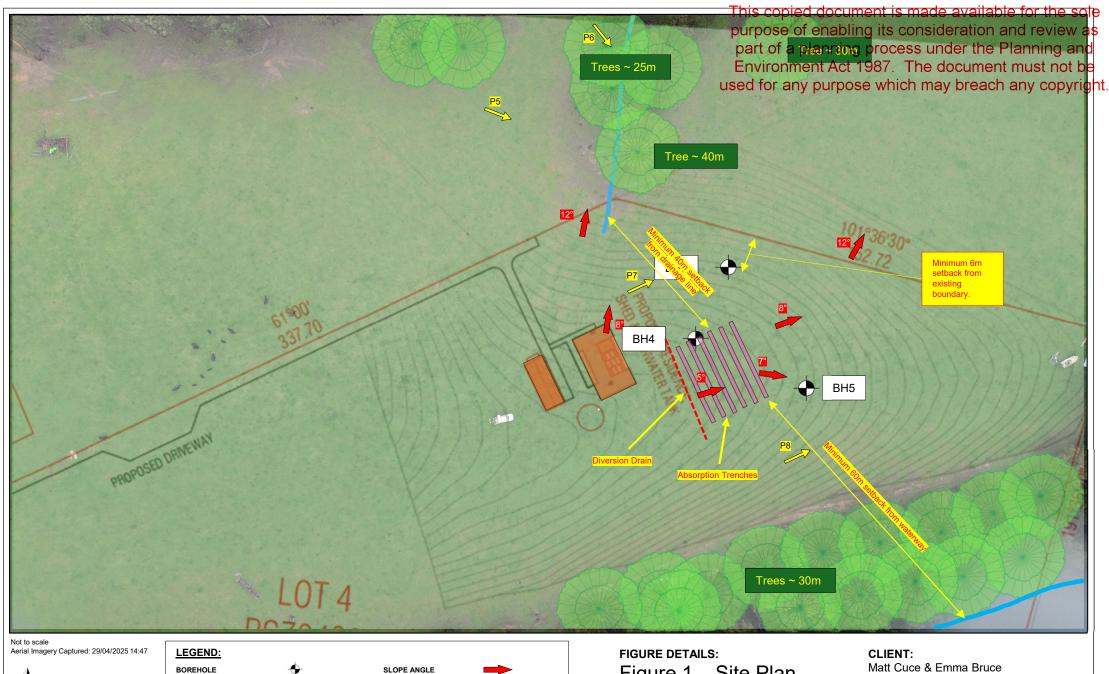
David Barry – Macaulay

BEng (Hons), MEngSc (Res), MIEAust CPEng

EA Membership number: 3308334

ABN 69 666 900 643







DBM Geotech Consulting Pty Ltd www.dbmgeotech.com.au

EXISTING TREE

SITE PHOTO DIRECTION WATERWAY / DRAINAGE SLOPE ANGLE PROPOSED DWELLING PROPOSED LAA

Figure 1 – Site Plan (LCA)

Matt Cuce & Emma Bruce

SITE ADDRESS:

30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota

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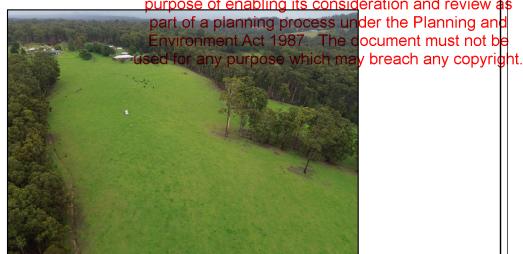


Photo 2 - Looking west



Photo 4 – Looking east



CLIENT:

Matt Cuce & Emma Bruce

SITE ADDRESS: 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota

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Photo 1 – Looking northeast



Photo 3 – Looking southwest



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Photo 5 - Looking east



Photo 6 – Looking southeast



Photo 7 – Looking east



Photo 8 - Looking east

FIGURE DETAILS: Figure 3 – Site Photos CLIENT:

Matt Cuce & Emma Bruce

SITE ADDRESS:

30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota

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Appendix A

Reports of Boreholes

Water Balance Calculations

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part of a planning process under the Planning and **DBM GEOTECH** Environment Ackel PORT TOTE BORE HOLLEN 1894 400 be used for any purpose which may breach any copyright. : 833978.55 : 25091 Job No Easting : . Owner / Designer Northing : 0.00 : Sam Young Logged Project : 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota UTM : 30N Logged Date : 29/04/2025 : 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota Drill Ria : Push Tube Checked Location : DBM Geotech Checked Date : 30/04/2025 Contractor Inclination Samples Testing Code Material Description Consistency/Density Method Graphic Log Œ Moisture Classification Shear Strength Clayey SILT ML: firm to stiff, low plasticity, brown, with fine to coarse sized gravel, with coarse grained sand, moist, category 4a. ML F-St Silty CLAY CI: stiff to very stiff, medium plasticity, orange redbrown, moist, category 5b. St-VSt Extremely weathered, Gravelly SILT SLT: stiff to very stiff, low to medium plasticity, mottled light grey redbrown orange, fine to coarse sized gravel. BH4 refusal at 1.2m (Practical refusal on XW siltstone)

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Drilling Method Water	Depth (m)	Graphic Log	Classification Code	Material Description	Moisture	Consistency/Density	Samples	Testing	Shear Strength	
	13		ML	Clayey SiLT ML: firm to stiff, low plasticity, brown, with fine to coarse sized gravel, with coarse grained sand, moist, category 4a. Silty CLAY CI: stiff to very stiff, medium plasticity, orange redbrown, inorganic, moist, with bands of xw siltstone gravels, category 5b. Extremely weathered, Gravelly SiLT SLT: stiff to very stiff, low to medium plasticity, mottled light grey redbrown orange, fine to coarse sized gravel. BH5 refusal at 1.4m (Practical refusal on XW siltstone)	M-D	St-VSt				
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30 Zacha Maiy പ്രേപ്പി ക്രാൻ വിക്കാരി വിക്കാരി

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Victorian Land Capability Assessment Framework Trench DLR = 8.0mm/day

Values selected are suitable for mixture of grass and eucalyptus trees

Design Mastewater Flow Q 750 L/day Based on 4 bet home, 150L/day loading rate Design Irrigation Rate DIR 8	NPUT DATA	Site Address:	te Address: 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota															
Design Mastewater Flow Q 750 L/day Based on 4 bet home, 150L/day loading rate Design Irrigation Rate DIR 8	Design Mastewater Flow	Date:		6/05/2	2025		Assesso	r:		David B	arry-M	acaula	у					
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Appendix B

Limitations

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Having regard to the matters referred to in the previous paragraphs on this page in particular carrying out the Service has allowed DBM Geotech to form no more than an opinion as to the actual conditions at any relevant location. That opinion is necessarily constrained by the extent of the information collected by DBM Geotech or otherwise made available to DBM Geotech. Further, the passage of time may affect the accuracy, applicability or usefulness of the opinions, assessments or other information in this Document. This Document is based upon the information and other circumstances that existed and were known to DBM Geotech when the Services were performed and this Document was prepared. DBM Geotech has not considered the effect of any possible future development included physical changes to any relevant location or change to any laws or regulations relevant to such location.

By date, or revision, the Document supersedes any prior report or other document issued by DBM Geotech dealing with any matter that is addressed in the Document.



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Our Ref: 25045

21st August 2025

Robert Buckmaster Statutory Planning Officer East Gippsland Shire Council PO Box 1618 Bairnsdale Vic 3875

Dear Robert,

Re: Application for Planning Permit No: 5.2025.209.1

30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota

Development of a Dwelling and Outbuilding.

We act on behalf of Matthew Cuce the owner of the land at 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota.

In response to correspondence dated 9th July 2025, requesting further information in relation to the above application, in addition to further discussions, we offer:

- Revised Plans The plans have been modified to show the proposed access point from Zachary Drive extending along the allotment boundaries to the location of the proposed dwelling. We request that Council include a permit condition requiring that access from Zachary Drive be constructed prior to the issue of a Certificate of Occupancy, consistent with the previous approvals.
- Arborist Report An arborist report undertaken by Howe Range Tree Care is attached which provides tree identification and current health status. None of the trees impacted by the proposal are native to Australia.
- Revised Planning Submission A revision of the original planning submission to include the removal of vegetation.

We trust that this information is sufficient to enable the application to proceed and a permit to be granted. After December 2025, our clients and their young family of four will be left without a housing solution. With two small children it is vital that a secure and appropriate home is in place and for this reason they are eager to progress the proposal as soon as possible.

Should you require any further information or wish to discuss any element of the above further, please do not hesitate to contact our office on 03 5152 4858.

admin@devsolvic.com.au

Regards

Courtney Campbell

Development Solutions Victoria

48 Bailey Street, Bairnsdale VIC 3875

Amend a Planni Application

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s50 & s57A Planning and Environment Act 1987; r13 Planning and Environment Regulations 2015

Applicant Details:						
Applicant name:						
Business trading name (if applicate	ole): DEVELOPMEN	NT SOL	UTIONS VIC	TOR	RIA PTY L	TD
Email address: ADMIN@DEVSOL	VIC.COM.AU					
Postal address: 48 BAILEY STRE	EET, BAIRNSALE VI	IC				
				Pos	tcode: 387	5
Preferred Phone number: 03 5152	2 4858		Secondary nu	ımbe	r:	
Owners Details: (if not the applica	nt)					
Owner name: EMMA LOUISE BR	•	HEW JO	OSEPH CUCI	E		
Business trading name (if applicate	ole): C/- DEVELOPM	IENT SC	DLUTIONS VIC	CTOR	RIA PTY LT	D
Postal address: 48 BAILEY STRE	ET, BAIRNSALE VI	С				
				Pos	tcode: 387	 5
Description of the Land:						
Street number:	Street name:					
Town:				Pos	tcode	
	AND/OR	2				
Lot Number: 30	Pla	ın Numb	er: 734387D			
Other Legal Description: VOL 124						
Other legal description may be a Classification of the proposal relates to multiple adadditional land included, including Concentration in relation to Title Research	ddresses/parcels, ple Ownership detail.					
Is there any encumbrance on the 173 agreement or other obligation	Title such as a restri				⊠ Yes	□No
Will the proposal result in a breach agreement?	n of a registered cov	enant re	estriction or		⊠ Yes	□No
Description of proposal: Describe the use, development or o	other matter which no	eeds a p	permit:			
DEVELOPMENT OF A DWELL	ING, OUTBUILDIN	IG AND	VEGETATIO	ON R	REMOVAL	<u>. </u>

Amend a Planni Application

Amendment Type:

it is complete.

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s50 & s57A Planning and Environment Act 1987; r13 Planning and Environment Regulations 2015

Under which section of the Act is the amendment	to the app	lication made? (one answer only)
	☐ s57A	Amendment by applicant after notice is given
Revised estimated cost of development: Note: You may be required to verify this estimate	9	\$1000.00
Existing conditions: Describe how the land is used and developed cur	rently:	
VACANT LAND		
 Full copy of Covenants or Section 173 agree a proposal which would contravene, alter, or Supporting documents which are mandated Vegetation Removal Report, Bushfire Mana Site plan & floor plan (for use and developm Suggested supporting documents, or subject A report responding to the relevant application Gippsland Planning Scheme Supporting information/reports which are concapability Assessment, Bushfire Management If you need more space or have more information 	tion (must rements if r end a co- ory require gement St nent applic to require on required commonly co-	have been generated within the past 30 days) applicable, and details of beneficiaries if there is venant or restriction. ments of the Planning Scheme (e.g. – Native atement, Geotechnical report/waiver) ations) / elevations for development applications ments of the scheme ments and the policies and objectives of the East considered with similar applications (e.g. – Land ent, Geotechnical report/waiver)
Payment of Application Fees For a s50 application, no additional fees are payal covered by the original application. For a s57A application, a fee of 40 percent of the original application.		•

be to be confirmed by a senior planning officer in accordance with the *Planning and Environment (Fees) Regulations* 2016. An invoice will be generated once the amended application has been assessed to confirm

Postcode: 3875

Phone Number: 03 5152 4858

Invoice Recipient (Payer): DEVELOPMENT SOLUTIONS VICTORIA PTY LTD

Address: 48 BAILEY STREET, BAIRNSALE VIC

Email Address: ADMIN@DEVSOLVIC.COM.AU

Amend a Plannik
Application

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ermit application.
B of the <i>Planning and</i>
ncluding my full contact
- ,
B of the <i>Planning and</i>
ected parties, I confirm
s no longer necessary.
8 / 2025

Contact Council



03 5153 9500



feedback@egipps.vic.gov.au



eastgippsland.vic.gov.au



PO Box 1618, Bairnsdale 3875

Customer Service Centres:

• Bairnsdale: 273 Main Street

Lakes Entrance: 18 Mechanics Street

Mallacoota: 70 Maurice Avenue

Omeo: 179 Day Avenue

Orbost: 1 Ruskin Street

Paynesville: 55 Esplanade



CONTENTS

Introduction 1 4 Site Context 2 5 The Proposal 3 10 **Zones and Overlays** 12 5 **Planning Assessment** 20 6 Conclusion 22

APPENDIX

- A Copy of Title and Plan of Subdivision
- **B** Property Management Report
- **C** Proposed Development Plans
- **D** Bushfire Management Report
- **E** Land Capability Assessment
- **F** Arborist Report

DOCUMENT REVISION

- 1 Draft Report DAC 19/06/2025
- 2 Final Report CMC 22/06/2025

DSV Ref: 25045

ADVERTISED



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1. INTRODUCTION

Development Solutions Victoria Pty Ltd act on behalf of Matthew Cuce and Emma Bruce the owners of land and the applicants for this planning permit application for the development of a dwelling, outbuilding and the removal of vegetation at 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota.

This submission and supporting documentation provide details of the subject site, relevant planning controls and policies and delivers an assessment against the provisions of the East Gippsland Planning Scheme.

A dwelling site and Bushfire Management Plan were previously approved as part of the subdivision, however this is not the desired location for the proposed dwelling and as such a planning permit is required. An application to end the Section 173 Agreement is also being made at the time of this application as per preliminary discussions.

The proposal is consistent with the objectives of the East Gippsland Planning Scheme, is an appropriate development in this location and will result in a positive planning outcome.

	used for any purpose which may breach a				
Address	30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota				
Site Description	Lot 4 on Plan of Subdivision 734387D				
Title Particulars	Vol 12462 Fol 761				
Site Area	7.78 Hectares				
Proposal	Development of a Dwelling, Outbuilding and Vegetation Removal				
Planning Scheme East Gippsland Planning Scheme					
Zone Rural Living Zone – Schedule 1					
Overlays	Bushfire Management Overlay				
	Erosion Management Overlay				
	Significant Landscape Overlay – Schedule 6				
	Vegetation Protection Overlay – Schedule 8				
Aboriginal Cultural	Identified as an area of Cultural Heritage Sensitivity				
Heritage					
Permit Triggers	Clause 44.06-2 Bushfire Management Overlay – Buildings and Works				
	Clause 42.03-2 Significant Landscape Overlay – Buildings and Works				
	Clause 2.02-2 Vegetation Protection Overlay				
Notice	Exempt from notice at Clause 44.06-7				
Referrals	Country Fire Authority and DEECA				
Work Authority Licence	Not Applicable				
Planning Scheme	Municipal Planning Strategy – Clause 02				
requirements	Settlement – Coastal settlements – Clause 02.03-1				
	Environmental and landscape values – Clause 02.03-2				
	Environmental risks and amenity – Clause 02.03-3				
	Built environment and heritage – Clause 02.03-5				
	Planning Policy Framework – Clause 10				
	Settlement – Clause 11				
	Environmental and landscape values – Clause 12				
	Environmental risks and amenity – Clause 13				
	Bushfire Planning – Clause 13.02-1S				
	Built environment and heritage – Clause 15				
	Housing – Clause 16				
	Bushfire Management Overlay – Clause 44.06				
	Significant Landscape Overlay – Clause 42.03				
	Vegetation Protection Overlay – Clause 42.02				
	Decision guidelines – Clause 65				

2. SITE CONTEXT

Site

The subject site is located at 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota. A copy of the Title and Plan of Subdivision is contained in *Appendix A*. The title is affected by Section 173 Agreements registered as \$946112Y and AM857158G.

S946112Y

This agreement was made in 1992 between the original owners and the Mallacoota Water Board. The agreement restricts further subdivision until an appropriate reticulated water supply can be made with adequate pressure.

AM857158G

This agreement was made in 2016 and provides restrictions associated with bushfire and vegetation management, static water supply, access and restriction on further subdivision.

It is noted we are applying to **end** this agreement and enter into a **new** Section 173 Agreement with altered wording of 6.1.2. The application to end this agreement will be submitted concurrently with this application.

The site is irregular in shape with a total area of approximately 7.78 hectares and is vacant land.

The southern portion of the site contains an existing watercourse being Two Mile Creek.

The site is undulating in nature and contains dense vegetation concentrated along the southern boundary. This vegetation is protected by a Property Management Plan as contained in *Appendix B*.

There is no existing constructed access to the subject site. A grassed crossover connects directly to Zachary Drive. Access is detailed below in Section 3.

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grassed shoulders and swale drains, traversing in a northwest to southeast direction. Zachary Drive extends to an existing DEECA access track through the nearby Crown Land providing access to surrounding lots.

The subject site in relation to Mallacoota as well as the surrounding land, is shown in the locality plans in *Figure 1* and *Figure 2*. Details of the site are depicted in the photographs provided below.



Figure 1 – Locality Plan – 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota (source: mapshare.vic.gov.au)

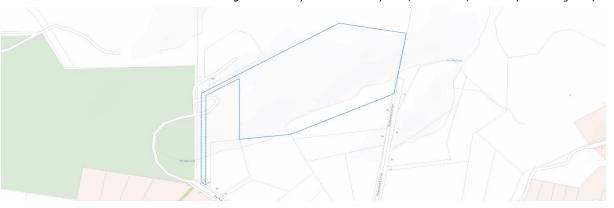


Figure 2 – Locality Plan – 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota (source: mapshare.vic.gov.au)

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Surrounds

The land in this locality includes both developed and vacant rural residential land and Public Land.

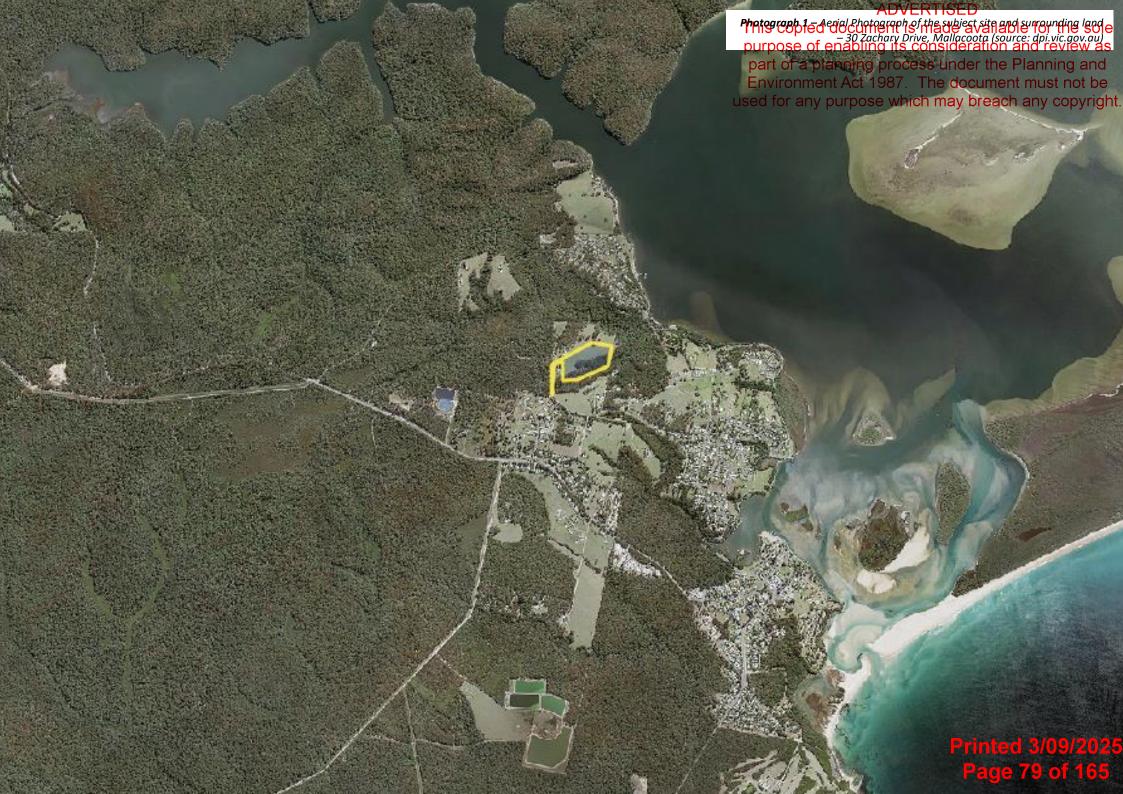
Adjoining the northern boundary of the subject site is land containing an existing residential dwelling and associated facilities. Adjoining the eastern boundary is densely vegetated vacant land containing Two Mile Creek. Land adjoining the southern boundary contains existing residential dwellings and associated facilities. Adjoining the western boundary is public land containing dense vegetation. Adjoining the southwestern boundary is Zachary Drive and a further residential development.

The site is located approximately 3.1 kilometres northwest of the central business district of Mallacoota.

Mallacoota is a small seaside holiday town located 143.7 kilometres east of Orbost in the far eastern area of the East Gippsland Shire. Mallacoota has a suitable level of community and commercial services and facilities to support the existing residential component.

The subject site in relation to Mallacoota is shown in the aerial photograph below.







Photograph 2 – Subject site at 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota.



Photograph 4 – Existing entrance to subject from driveway access facing northeast.



Photograph 6 – Subject site facing northwest showing proposed dwelling location.



Photograph 3 – Existing informal access to subject site facing south.



Photograph 5 – Proposed access to dwelling site facing northeast.



Photograph 7 – Subject site facing east showing proposed dwelling location.



Photograph 8 – Subject site facing south showing proposed dwelling location.



Photograph 10 – Neighbouring property north of the subject site at 32A Zachary Drive, Mallacoota.



Photograph 12 – Zachary Drive facing southeast.



Photograph 9 – Subject site facing west showing proposed dwelling location.



Photograph 11 – Neighbouring property adjoining the western boundary of the subject site at 28 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota.



Photograph 13 – Zachary Drive facing northwest.

3. THE PROPOSAL

This application seeks approval for development of a dwelling, outbuilding and the removal of vegetation under the provisions of the Bushfire Management Overlay Significant Landscape Overlay and the Vegetation Protection Overlay. The proposed development plans are contained in *Appendix C.*

The proposed dwelling and outbuilding will be located in the northeastern portion of the subject site and will have a setback of approximately 32.5 metres to the northwestern boundary and 56.01 metres to the northeastern boundary.

The total building footprint of the dwelling will be approximately 130m². The overall height of the proposed dwelling is approximately 5.78 metres from natural ground level.

The finished material of the proposed dwelling will include James Hardie Axon Cladding with a painted finish in the Colorbond colour Dune. The roof will be finished with Colorbond metal roof sheeting in the Colorbond colour Dune. A visual description of the exterior finishes is contained in *Appendix C* and an extract provided in *Figure 4*.

Outbuilding

The proposed outbuilding will be located approximately 10 metres west to southwest of the proposed dwelling and will have a setback of 33.26 metres to the northwestern boundary.

The proposed outbuilding will have a building footprint of approximately 96m² being 6 metres wide by 16 metres long. The overall proposed height of the outbuilding will be 3.5 metres. The finished materials will include Colorbond metal cladding for the roof and walls in Colorbond colour Wallaby. An extract of the proposed outbuilding is provided below and in *Appendix C*.

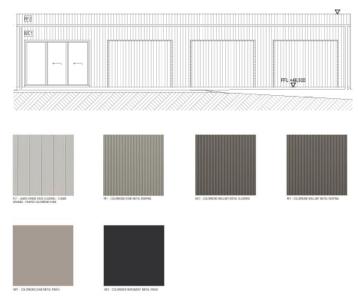


Figure 4- Finished materials schedule -Arkular

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available services including electricity, telecommunications and the existing road network. Wastewater will be treated and retained on site via a primary treatment septic system as recommended within the Land Capability Assessment contained in *Appendix E.* Water will be provided via a water tank as indicated on the proposed development plans.

Drainage from the proposed dwelling and outbuilding will be directed to the proposed water tank in the first instance with overflow directed to the legal point of discharge to the satisfaction of the responsible authority.

The proposal does not require earthworks that exceed 1 metre in depth.

The subject site can achieve a BAL 29 rating, a Bushfire Management Report is contained in **Appendix D.**

Vegetation Removal

The proposal includes the retrospective approval for the removal of 1 tree and lopping of two other trees to facilitate suitable access. An arborist report is contained in *Appendix F* which identifies the species, location and health status of the trees. All trees have been identified as not native to Australia.

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Access

There is no formal access to the site, it is proposed to temporarily use the existing access track that currently services 28, 32A and 32B Zachary Drive to access the subject site as indicated on the marked-up aerial to the right in *Figure 5*. This access track extends around Two Mile Creek.

Preliminary discussions with DEECA have confirmed that this access is considered suitable at this time, however ongoing continued use cannot be guaranteed.

It is requested the construction of a permanent access driveway from Zachary Drive be a permit condition requiring the access construction to be completed before a certificate of occupancy is issued. The proposed new access crossover and driveway will be constructed along the property boundaries and will include appropriate passing bays for emergency services as indicated on the revised development plans.

The provision of access will require the removal of one non-native tree and lopping of two others as addressed above. The trees are located in the northern portion of the site where the property boundaries have a limited width and as such their removal is inevitable to provide safe access for the owners and

emergency service vehicles as required by Clause 52.12.



Figure 5 – Aerial with temporary access – Google Earth

4. ZONES AND OVERLAYS

Rural Living Zone – Schedule 1

The purpose of the Rural Living Zone is:

- To implement the Municipal Planning the Planning Strategy and Policy Framework.
- To provide for residential use in a rural environment.
- To provide for agricultural land uses which do not adversely affect the amenity of surrounding land uses.
- To protect and enhance the natural resources, biodiversity and landscape and heritage values of the area.
- To encourage use and development of land based on comprehensive and sustainable management practices and infrastructure provision.

An extract of the Rural Living Zone Map is provided in *Figure 6*.

Clause 35.03-1 provides a permit is not required for the use of a dwelling, and a dwelling must meet the requirements of Clause 35.03-2. The proposed dwelling meets the requirements of Clause 35.03-2 and as such is a Section 1 use – permit not required.

Clause 35.03-4 provides a permit is not required for the dwelling and outbuilding as all the requirements can be met.

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development of a dwelling and outbuilding under the provisions of the Rural Living Zone and schedule. This is not addressed further.

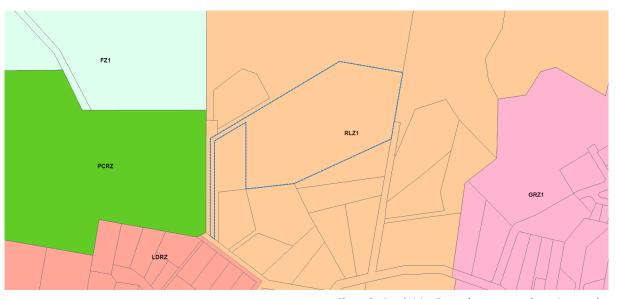


Figure 6 – Rural Living Zone – (source - mapshare.vic.gov.au)

Bushfire Management Overlay

The purpose of the Bushfire Management Overlay is:

- To implement the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
- To ensure that the development of land prioritises the protection of human life and strengthens community resilience to bushfire.
- To identify areas where the bushfire hazard warrants bushfire protection measures to be implemented.
- To ensure development is only permitted where the risk to life and property from bushfire can be reduced to an acceptable level.

An extract of the Bushfire Management Overlay map is provided in *Figure 7*.

Clause 44.06-2 provides a permit is required to construct a building or construct or carry out works associated with accommodation.

Clause 44.06-4 provides an application must meet the requirements of Clause 53.02 unless the application meets all of the requirements specified in a schedule to this overlay. A schedule to this overlay must specify substitute approved measures, additional alternative measures and additional or substitute decision guidelines for the purposes of Clause 53.02. There is no schedule applicable to the subject site.

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approval under the provisions of the Bushfire Management Overlay and Clause 53.02-3.1 as the dwelling will be located outside the building envelope and as such the decision guidelines are addressed below in Section 5.

A Bushfire Management Report is contained in **Appendix D.**

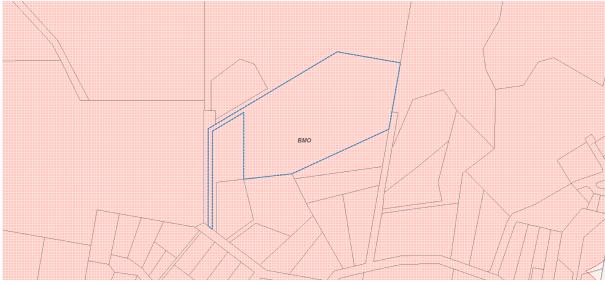


Figure 7 – Bushfire Management Overlay – (source - mapshare.vic.gov.au)

Erosion Management Overlay

The purpose of the Erosion Management Overlay is:

- To implement the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
- To protect areas prone to erosion, landslip, other land degradation or coastal processes by minimising land disturbance and inappropriate development.

An extract of the Erosion Management Overlay Map is provided in *Figure 8*.

Clause 44.01-2 provides a permit is required to construct a building or construct or carry out works.

Clause 44.01-3 provides a permit is required to remove vegetation however, the location of the vegetation requiring removal will be outside the area affected by the Erosion Management Overlay. The schedule provides a permit is not required to construct a dwelling or outbuilding and as such, a permit is not required. This is not addressed further.

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Figure 8 – Erosion Management Overlay – (source - mapshare.vic.gov.au)

Significant Landscape Overlay – Schedule 6

The purpose of the Significant Landscape Overlay is:

- To implement the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
- To identify significant landscapes.
- To conserve and enhance the character of significant landscapes.

An extract of the Significant Landscape Overlay Map is provided in *Figure 9*.

Clause 42.03-2 provides a permit is required to construct a building or construct or carry out works and for the removal of any vegetation. The schedule does not provide any exemptions for the development of a dwelling. The schedule provides a permit is required to remove, destroy or lop native vegetation. The vegetation requiring removal is not native to Australia. A permit is not required for the removal of vegetation however is required for the development of a dwelling and outbuilding under the provisions of the Significant Landscape Overlay. The relevant decision guidelines are addressed below in Section 5.

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Figure 9 - Significant Landscape Overlay - (source - mapshare.vic.gov.au)

Significant Landscape Overlay – Schedule 6 continued:

Schedule 6 provides the following statement of nature and key elements of landscape:

"Mallacoota Inlet is an intricate inland waterbody with a backdrop of densely vegetated hills that come right down to the sea. Its landscape and scenic qualities are of state significance.

The inlet is the dominant feature of the landscape but its context is integral to its visual significance. The small coastal township of Mallacoota overlooks the inlet and is sheltered from the wild seas of the Tasman Sea by high coastal sand dunes. The deeply dissected surrounding ranges are cloaked in coastal sclerophyll forests, with temperate rainforests in the more enclosed valleys. A variety of views are experienced from within the landscape, including wide ocean views from the beaches, and an outlook across the inlet to a forested mountain backdrop, from the township.

Mallacoota Inlet is a popular holiday destination for visitors from across Victoria and New South Wales. Apart from its notable scenic qualities, it offers a range of recreational activities including snorkelling, rock pooling, walking, fishing, nature study, and artistic

pursuits. The landscape is listed by the National Trust for its scenic qualities and is on the Register of the National Estate for its Aboriginal heritage values including occupation sites, ceremonial sites, and middens."

Landscape character objectives to be achieved:

"To retain the dominance of the extensive forested landscapes throughout the area.

To strengthen indigenous vegetation throughout the area, particularly on the slopes above Mallacoota Inlet and at roadsides.

To protect significant views and vistas, including views across from Mallacoota Inlet to the Howe Range.

To protect the setting of scenic and natural areas within Croajingolong National Park.

To maintain and enhance the strongly vegetated character of hill slopes and ridges throughout the landscape, and to avoid development which will be visible on the skyline.

To maintain the natural and largely unbuilt character of the landscape.

To protect locally significant views and vistas that contribute to the character of the area, particularly extensive outviews from the

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Mallacoota Inlet, and long distance views from the foreshore along the wild coastline.

To protect the views from and setting of natural areas and recreation locations within Croajingolong National Park.

To encourage a balance between development and a vegetated landscape at the inlet, waterway and/or coastal edges of settlements.

To increase the vegetated character of those parts of the Mallacoota settlement visible from Mallacoota Inlet.

To protect or restore the dominance of the natural landscape and vegetation on the hill slopes above Mallacoota Inlet.

To encourage landscape change that is consistent with the cultural heritage values of the area.

To minimise the visual impact of signage and infrastructure throughout the landscape.

To protect landscape character and attributes that are consistent with the Aboriginal cultural heritage values of the area. To recognise, and protect, the landscape of Mallacoota Inlet and surrounds as a place of significant Aboriginal cultural heritage value."

Vegetation Protection Overlay – Schedule 8

The purpose of the Vegetation Protection Overlay is:

- To implement the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
- To protect areas of significant vegetation.
- To ensure that development minimises loss of vegetation.
- To preserve existing trees and other vegetation.
- To recognise vegetation protection areas as locations of special significance, natural beauty, interest and importance.
- To maintain and enhance habitat and habitat corridors for indigenous fauna.
- To encourage the regeneration of native vegetation.

An extract of the Vegetation Protection Overlay Map is provided in *Figure 10.*

Clause 42.02-2 provides a permit is required to remove, destroy or lop any vegetation. The schedule does not provide any exemptions. As such a permit is required under the provisions of the Vegetation Protection Overlay. The relevant decision guidelines are addressed below in Section 5 of this submission.

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Figure 10 – Vegetation Protection Overlay – (source - mapshare.vic.gov.au)

Vegetation Protection Overlay – Schedule 8 Continued:

Schedule 8 provides the following statement of nature and significance of vegetation to be protected:

The Mallacoota area is located on the shores of Mallacoota Inlet in far East Gippsland. It contains substantial areas of remnant native vegetation and other significant vegetation, including within built up areas.

Vegetation contributes significantly towards aesthetic values of the area and provides for a unique character in a lakeshore setting, resulting in a highly attractive area to both local residents and visitors.

Remnant native vegetation throughout the area, including important examples of Roughbarked Angophora (Angophora floribunda), Red Bloodwood (E. gummifera) and the Mallacoota Gum (or Maiden's Gum, E. globulus ssp Maidenii), is of high conservation value and provides important fauna habitat. The township area of Mallacoota encompasses the Shady Gully reserve, which provides habitat for a number of vulnerable, rare or threatened species, and the remnant warm temperate rainforest of Develins Gulch. Some Ecological Vegetation Classes represented in the

Mallacoota township area, such as Swamp Scrub, are rare or threatened on a state and national basis.

Much of the vegetation along the gullies has an important role to play as a sediment trap and in nutrient treatment before stormwater and other flows reach the lake. Maintenance of this vegetation will help maintain water quality.

Conservation and enhancement of this area is generally important to, and supported by, the local community.

Vegetation [protection objectives to be achieved:

The Mallacoota Vegetation Protection Overlay seeks to conserve vegetation of high conservation value and vegetation with high aesthetic and landscape values.

The overlay objective is to ensure that development occurs so as:

- To conserve areas of vegetation of high conservation value by minimising the extent of vegetation loss.
- To preserve existing trees and other vegetation where it contributes to high landscape and aesthetic values of the area.

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and habitat corridors by minimising the extent of vegetation loss and encouraging regeneration of indigenous species.

 To reduce the risk of soil erosion and degradation of water quality by minimising the extent of vegetation loss.

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Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

Under the provisions of the *Aboriginal Heritage* Act 2006 the subject site is recognised as being within an area of Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Sensitivity.

The development of a dwelling, outbuilding and the removal of vegetation are an exempt activity, and as such a Cultural Heritage Management Plan is not required. This is not addressed further.

An extract of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage map is provided in Figure 11.



Figure 11 – Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Map – (source - mapshare.vic.gov.au)

5. PLANNING ASSESSMENT

This proposal has been assessed against the objectives and standards of applicable clauses of the East Gippsland Planning Scheme and it is considered that the proposed development and vegetation removal is appropriate for the following reasons:

- The proposal meets the objectives of the Municipal Planning Strategy at Clause 02 and the Planning Policy Framework at Clause 10 providing for an appropriate residential dwelling and outbuilding that can be respectful of the existing surrounding development and the environment.
- The proposal will contribute to a high standard of environmental sustainability, design and amenity by designing the dwelling and outbuilding to meet the constraints of the land reducing any potential negative environmental implications as sought to achieve by the relevant clauses including Clause 02.03 and Clause 11 particularly in relation to bushfire and erosion hazards.
- Clause 02.03-1 identifies Mallacoota as a coastal settlement. Mallacoota, in the far east of the Shire, is a very popular holiday location and a retirement area, a base for

- eco-tourism and the centre of the abalone industry in eastern Victoria.
- The proposed dwelling will connect to all available services and infrastructure including electricity, telecommunications and a good quality road network. Water will be provided via a water tank located to the south of the dwelling. Wastewater will be treated and retained within the allotment boundaries via a primary treatment septic system as recommended within the Land Capability Assessment contained in *Appendix E.*
- Drainage from the proposed dwelling and outbuilding will be directed to the proposed water tanks in the first instance with overflow directed to the legal point of discharge to the satisfaction of the responsible authority.
- The proposal meets the objectives of Clause 16 by providing for a new dwelling within an existing, mostly developed rural residential area that will in turn support housing for the community.
- The subject site is affected by two Section 173 Agreements registered on title as S946112Y and AM857158G. An overview of the Section 173 agreements is contained in Section 2 of this submission. It is noted we are applying to end the agreement registered as AM857158G and enter into a

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- wording of 6.1.2 to enable the location of the dwelling to be altered with a revised Bushfire Management Plan. The application to end this agreement will be submitted concurrently with this application.
- Clauses 02.03-3, 13.01-15 and 44.06-8 requires consideration of bushfire hazards and implications as a result of any proposed development. A Bushfire Management Report is provided in Appendix D which concludes the subject site can achieve a BAL 29 rating. All approved bushfire protection measures have been incorporated into the proposal including appropriate access with passing bays and turning area suitable for emergency service vehicles, defendable space to a distance of 51 metres around the dwelling or to the property boundaries, whichever is lesser, 10 metres around the outbuilding and a 10,000 litre water tank dedicated for CFA purposes which will be located on the northern end of the proposed outbuilding.
- Clause 44.06-4 provides the application must meet the requirements of Clause 53.02. All of the approved measures set out in Clause 53.02-3 have been incorporated into the proposal and it is concluded the risks associated with bushfire can be reduced to an acceptable level.

- The proposal is consistent with the decision guidelines of the Significant Landscape Overlay at **Clause 42.03-5** which seeks to identify significant landscapes and conserve and enhance the character of significant landscapes.
- The statement of nature and key elements of landscape and the landscape character objectives to be achieved are contained in Section 4 of this submission.
- The subject site contains dense vegetation in the southern portion of the site. One tree requires removal (retrospective approval) and two trees on the adjoining allotment will require lopping and will encroach into the tree protection zone, however will not require removal. The trees will require lopping to enable the provision of access to the site and to enable appropriate access for emergency service vehicles. These trees are located in the northern portion of the site and are not located within the conservation area. An arborist report is contained in *Appendix F* which provides species classification, tree location and health status. It is noted all 3 trees are nonnative to Australia.
- The extent of lopping and encroachment will require further investigation and consultation with the adjoining landowner, and it is requested that the lopping and

- ongoing management of these two trees be by way of a Vegetation Management Plan. It is requested that this be a condition on any planning permit to be granted.
- The tree requiring retrospective approval was removed by the owner's father who did not realise the trees were protected. The trees are located within an area that has a limited width and as such there are no other practical locations for access to the property, this results in inevitable removal in this instance.
- No other trees require removal to facilitate the proposed development at this time.
- Revegetation is not considered an appropriate response particularly given the bushfire hazards associated with the site.
- The vegetation in the southern portion of the site is protected by the Property Management Plan contained in *Appendix B* and will continue to be in the future.
- The proposal is consistent with the decision guidelines of the Vegetation Protection Overlay at Clause 42.02-5 which seeks to ensure that development minimises the loss of vegetation. The statement of nature and significance of vegetation to be protected and the vegetation protection objectives to be achieved are contained in Section 4 of this submission.

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will be undertaken to ensure no erosion occurs as a result of the proposed vegetation removal. The removal of the one tree is not expected to result in a detrimental environmental or ecological impact. Tree 1 does not generally provide habitat for native birds in Australia and there is no evidence of any existing habitat.

- The proposed dwelling will be constructed on stumps to ensure excavations and earthworks are kept to a minimum.
- This submission has addressed the decision guidelines of Clause 65, and the proposed development supports orderly planning of the area whilst taking into consideration the potential effect on the environment, human health and the amenity of the area.
- Access to the site is addressed above in Section 3 and will be provided to the location of the proposed dwelling and outbuilding. The driveway will include two passing bays and a turning area to the north of the dwelling to accommodate emergency service vehicles as indicated on the proposed development plans and the Bushfire Management Report. The increased traffic as a result of the proposal is unlikely to generate any negative impact on the existing road network.

There are no factors of this proposal that are likely to cause or contribute to land degradation, salinity or reduce water quality.

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6. CONCLUSION

This submission is in support of a planning permit application for the development of a dwelling, outbuilding and vegetation removal at 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota.

The relevant provisions of the East Gippsland Planning Scheme have been addressed and it has been ascertained that the proposed development is appropriate in this location. It is requested that the proposal be supported for the following reasons:

- The proposal is consistent with the objectives and strategies outlined in the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
- The proposal is consistent with the objectives of the Bushfire Management Overlay Significant Landscape Overlay and the Vegetation Protection Overlay.
- The hazards associated with bushfire can be reduced to an acceptable level.
- The design of the dwelling and outbuilding are complementary to the existing surrounding development and is consistent with the character of the area.

It is requested that a planning permit be granted for this development.

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TREE REPORT

Client: Matt Cuce

Address: 30 Zachary Drive,

Mallacoota, Victoria.

This report identifies 3 trees that are located on the property of the above address and their health condition as assessed by myself, Matt Boyle - Cert III Arborist.

Tree 1: Pinus patula - Mexican Weeping Pine.

This tree is not native to Australia and has evidence of poor health, particularly in the crown with one side missing a substantial amount of foliage causing it to lean to one side creating root uplift. This species does not commonly provide habitat to native birds of Australia. There is no evidence of habitat within this tree. To my knowledge this tree was planted by the previous owner.

(Base dia. 0.4m)

Tree 2 & 3: Cupressus macrocarpa - Monterey Cypress

Trees 2 & 3 are both identified as Monterey Cypress which are non-native to Australia. These two trees are both in a healthy condition, however they would benefit from having multiple broken branches removed and a weight reduction to allow for healthier growth. There is damage at the base of both trees from livestock rubbing against them and some roots exposed.

(Base dia. 0.6m & 0.5m)

Refer to over page, for site map.

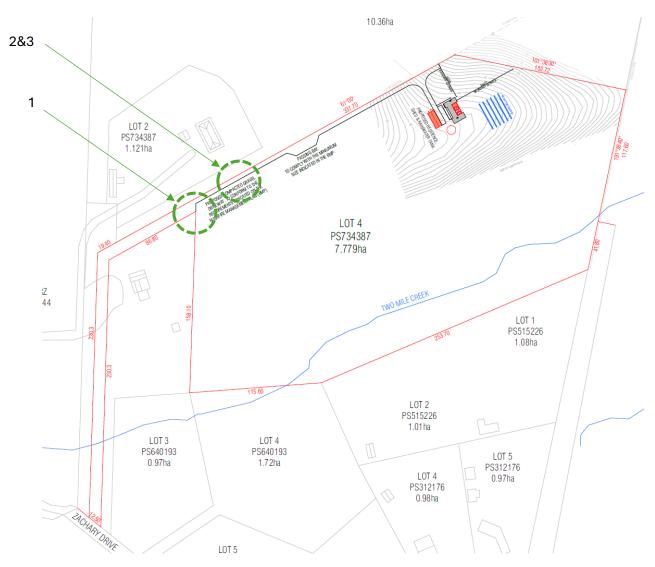


Figure 1: Plan View, 30 Zachary Dr



Figure 2: Felled tree at Position 1 (driveway)



Figure 3: Pine cones at base of tree in Position 1



Figure 4: Tree at Position 1 (before felling ~May 2025)

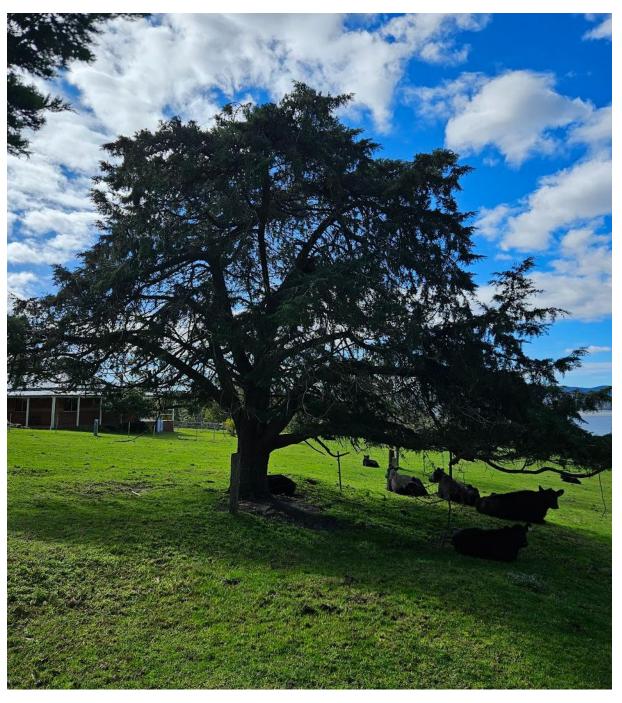


Figure 5: Trees at Position 2/3 (fence line) 2 total overhanging fence line

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BUSHFIRE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT AND CLAUSE 13.02 ASSESSMENT

30 ZACHARY DRIVE, MALLACOOTA

Printed 3/09/2025

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Version No.	ersion No. Description of changes		Author	Reviewer	
V1.0	Report prepared following site assessment.	18/03/2025	Mitch Baade	Mark Potter	
V1.1	V1.1 Minor amendments following client feedback.		Mitch Baade	Mark Potter	
V1.2	Minor amendments following CFA feedback.	15/04/2025	Mitch Baade	Mark Potter	
V1.3	Updated site plans.	20/08/2025	Stefan Gouws	Mark Potter	

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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Bushfire Management Statement (BMS) has been prepared to address the requirements of Clause 44.06 – Bushfire Management Overlay (BMO) and Clause 53.02 – Bushfire Planning, as well as Clause 13.02 of the East Gippsland Planning Scheme for the proposed development at 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota. Key Findings are as follows:

- The surrounding landscape has been classified as Type 4 hazard in accordance with the BMO technical guide.
- The site and surrounding landscape has previously been impacted by a Bushfire in 2020.
- The proposed dwelling is located in close proximity to forest, woodland, and grassland.
- The property is located in a Bushfire Management Overlay (BMO), with limited evacuation options due to surrounding forested areas.
- Previous bushfire impact (2019-2020) highlights the area's vulnerability.

The proposed design solution is as follows:

- Almost all aspects of the building will be constructed to BAL40, despite the building only being exposed to a radiant heat flux of up to 29 kW/m².
- Maintain a defendable space of 51m, or to the property boundary (whichever is closer) that
 is maintained in accordance with Table 6 of Clause 53.02. The shed will also be provided
 with 10 metres of defendable space, located within the dwelling defendable space.
- Existing grassed areas on site will remain as they are and will not be revegetated.
- 10,000 litre static water supply for firefighting purposes.
- Access to the property will be as per the BMO requirements.

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2. INTRODUCTION

This Bushfire Management Statement (BMS) has been prepared in response to the requirements of Clause 44.06 – Bushfire Management Overlay, and in accordance with the application requirements of Clause 53.02 – Bushfire Planning. This Report also addresses Clause 13.02 of the Planning Scheme.

The BMS contains three components:

- 1. A **bushfire hazard landscape assessment** including a plan that describes the bushfire hazard of the general locality more than 150 metres from the site.
- 2. A **bushfire hazard site assessment** including a plan that describes the bushfire hazard within 150 metres of the proposed development.
- 3. A **bushfire management statement** describing how the proposed development responds to the requirements of Clause 13.02, 44.06 and 53.02.

The proposed development involves the construction of a single dwelling and ancillary shed. A site overview, including proposed buildings, proposed accessways, nearby hydrants, and property dimensions is presented in Figure 1. The proposed development in relation to the BMO is presented in Figure 2.

This Report has been completed following an assessment of the supplied information, a site visit and a detailed desktop assessment. This assessment has also been prepared based on the provided plans by arkular as presented in Appendix D – Architectural Plans.

The provided plans, as well as discussions with arkular, indicate that, except for the deck (which will utilise BAL29-compliant, non-timber materials), the building will largely utilise BAL40-compliant materials, including but not limited to:

- Axon Cladding, which will enclose the underside of the subfloor.
- Colourbond metal roofing.
- 6mm double-glazed glass.

Preliminary advice has been sought from CFA regarding the above design solution, and CFA have indicated their general support (See Appendix C – CFA Preliminary Advice).

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Municipality	East Gippsland
Title details	Lot 4 PS73487
Zoning	Rural Living Zone (RLZ1)
Overlays	Bushfire Management Overlay (BMO), Environmental Significance Overlay (ESO), and Erosion Management Overlay (EMO)

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4. SITE DESCRIPTION	used for any purpose which may breach a
Existing use and siting of buildings and works on and near the land:	The site is approximately 7.8 ha in size and currently does not benefit from any structures on site. The surrounding areas are predominately acreage residential properties. Public conservation areas, including Mallacoota State Forest, are located to the west.
Access to firefighting water supplies:	Street hydrants are located along Zachary Drive and surrounding roads.
Access and egress arrangements:	Access and egress to the site is via Zachary Drive, which connects to Mirrabooka Road. The site benefits from two methods of egress towards Mallacoota, however both will require some driving adjacent to Mallacoota Bushland Reserve.
	Travelling south from Mirrabooka Road and then east from Genoa-Mallacoota Road allows for a direct pathway to the township of Mallacoota. Travelling east along Mirrabooka Road, to connect to Lakeside Drive, and also leads to the township of Mallacoota. Both egress routes are a short 5-6 minute drive (~3.2km) from the site.
	Mallacoota Foreshore Holiday Park is a neighbourhood safer place and is available for shelter in an emergency. It is not advisable to seek alternate egress opportunities due to the extensive forested landscape surrounding the site and township.
Topography on and in the surrounding area:	The proposed dwelling and shed are situated along a ridgeline. The surrounding terrain is as follows: North: flat/upslope, which is followed by a downslope of 5–10° on the neighbouring property. East: A downslope of 5–10°. South: A downslope of 10–15°. West: flat and upslope.
Vegetation on and in the surrounding area:	Within 150m of the development, there is a mix of vegetation including Forest, Woodland and Grassland as defined under AS3959:2018.
	It should be noted that much of the vegetation was assessed using a conservative approach. While the forest vegetation to the south of the site did have evidence of a shrub layer, it was clear that stock had been grazing through the area. There was an argument to be made to classify the area as woodland, however, the forest classification was chosen for conservatism.
	In the surrounding landscape, there are extensive areas of forested vegetation to the west of the site.

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copyright.

152.72 m _egend Hydrant locations Contours (10-20m)

Hydrant Property boundary **Proposed buildings** Static water supply 10,000L static water supply Proposed dwelling Proposed shed

Figure 1 – Site overview, including proposed buildings, access, parcel dimensions, 10m contours, and nearby hydrants.

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y copyright. Proposed buildings Bushfire Management Overlays IIII BMO Schedule 2 Property boundary Static water supply BMO
BMO Schedule 1 Property boundary Proposed dwelling 10,000L static water supply BMO Schedule 3 Proposed shed 100,000L rainwater tank ap Printed from FireMaps on Thu Aug 21 11:14:58 AEST 2025

Figure 2 - Proposed development in relation to the BMO

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5. BUSHFIRE RISK IN SOUTHEAST AUSTRALIA used for any purpose which may breach any copyright.

Southeast Australia, particularly regions of Victoria, New South Wales, and parts of South Australia and Tasmania, experiences significant bushfire risk, especially during the summer months. Several factors contribute to elevated fire dangers in this region:

Weather conditions

Elevated bushfire danger is often associated with specific weather conditions and wind patterns that can contribute to the rapid spread and intensification of fires. Some of the key weather conditions and wind directions that increase bushfire risk include:

Hot and Dry Weather: High temperatures combined with low humidity levels result in dry vegetation, which is more susceptible to ignition. During periods of hot and dry weather, fires can start more easily and spread rapidly.

Strong Winds: Strong winds can significantly increase the rate at which fires spread. Wind can carry embers long distances, causing spot fires ahead of the main fire front and making containment efforts more challenging. Wind-driven fires can quickly change direction and intensity, posing a greater threat to communities and firefighters.

Wind Direction: The direction from which the wind is blowing can have a significant impact on fire behaviour and spread. In some cases, certain wind directions can funnel fires into narrow corridors, increasing the speed and intensity of the bushfire.

Wind Changes: Sudden changes in wind direction or speed can create unpredictable fire behaviour and make firefighting efforts more difficult. Wind shifts can cause fires to change direction rapidly, threatening areas that were previously considered safe. This issue is more prevalent in bushfires in grassland areas where sudden wind changes can cause an immediate change in direction.

Drought Conditions: Prolonged periods of drought lead to drier vegetation and soil moisture levels, increasing the overall flammability of the landscape. During drought conditions, fires can ignite more easily and spread more rapidly, posing a greater risk to communities and ecosystems.

Vegetation

The predominant vegetation in southeast Australia includes eucalypt forests, scrublands, and grasslands. Eucalypt forests, in particular, contain highly flammable oils in their leaves, which can easily ignite and spread fires. Dry grasslands and scrublands also provide ample fuel for fires to propagate.

Slope

Steep slopes and rugged terrain are common in many parts of southeast Australia. Slopes increase the speed at which fires can spread, as flames can travel more quickly uphill due to preheating of fuel and the influence of wind. Additionally, fires burning downhill can create their own wind patterns, further accelerating their spread.

History of Fire (planned and unplanned) Activity

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Many areas in southeast Australia have a history of Heart BUMfRes and burning reach any copyright. activities, which if not regularly occurring, can lead to the accumulation of dry vegetation and debris. This accumulated fuel increases the intensity and severity of fires when they occur, as well as making firefighting efforts more challenging.

During periods of elevated fire danger, authorities often issue warnings and implement fire bans to mitigate the risk. Community preparedness, including fuel reduction efforts, maintaining defendable space around properties, and having a bushfire survival plan in place, are crucial for minimising the impact of bushfires in southeast Australia.

6. BUSHFIRE HAZARD LANDSCAPE ASSESSMENT

6.1. INTRODUCTION

The Bushfire Hazard Landscape Assessment (BHLA) is prepared to provide an overview of the bushfire hazard more than 150 metres from the site. This assessment considers the relevant bushfire history, planned burning history, future fuel management programs proposed, types of vegetation, landscape features that may slow or stop bushfire spread and other factors.

The BHLA assessment has considered the hazards within one and 20 kilometres from the subject site.

6.2. BUSHFIRE AND FUEL REDUCTION BURNING HISTORY

The site has been impacted by at least one recent fire in 2020, which formed part of the 2019-2020 Bushfires. This fire was recorded to have impacted more than 358,751ha and resulted in the township of Mallacoota being cut off from the rest of Victoria. The Royal Australian Navy was eventually called in to assist in the evacuation of the area. Several houses were lost due to this bushfire¹.

Other bushfires and planned burns likely occurred in this area before 2020, however, spatial bushfire history data provided by DEECA only shows the most recent fires. In the surrounding landscape, including to the east, there have been several bushfires and planned burns.

Based on the historical analysis, the surrounding landscape can support fire and block egress opportunity out of Mallacoota. Fire history, including bushfires and planned burns, is presented in Figure 3.

¹ https://news.cfa.vic.gov.au/news/mallacoota-s-road-to-recovery

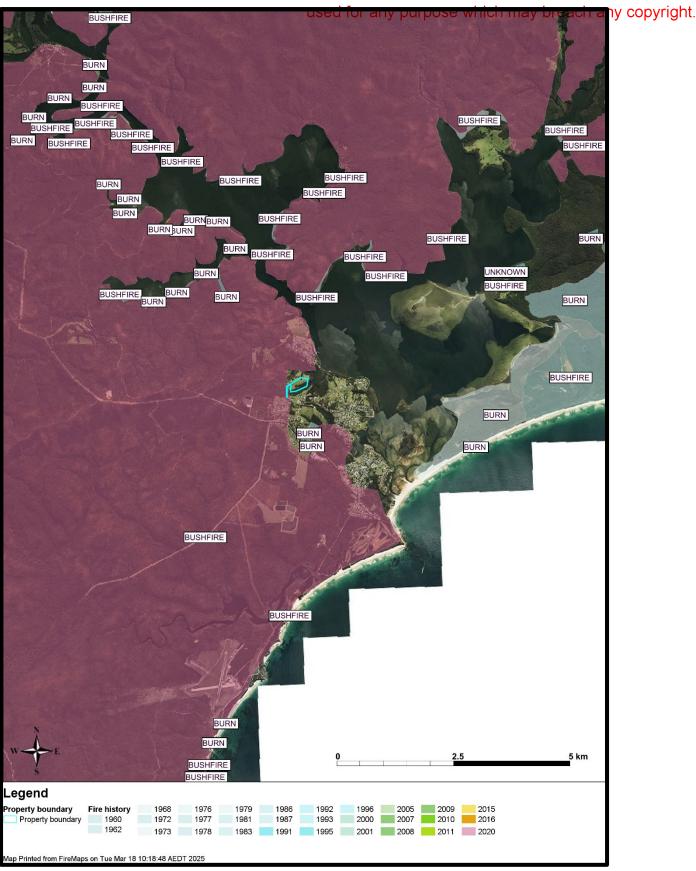


Figure 3 – Most recent fire history, including bushfires and planned burns

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6.3. LIKELY BUSHFIRE SCENARIOS

The analysis of the surrounding landscape and the development of bushfire scenarios is an important phase of the assessment of bushfire risk to a site. This assessment considers all aspects however history shows us that bushfires are more likely to impact on the property from a north westerly or south westerly direction. The south westerly impact usually occurs after a wind change.

These two fire scenarios cause the greatest amount of damage, including loss of life, in southeastern Australia during bushfire events.

The following table describes the scenarios that may impact on the building:

Table 1 - Bushfire scenarios

Scenario	Description
reference	
Scenario A	Scenario A relates to a bushfire burning under a north westerly wind influence and travelling towards the site.
	The local assessment has identified forested areas to the west of the site, that would allow a bushfire approach to the site relatively uninterrupted. However, some local tracks or roads may slow the fire, but are highly unlikely to stop it, particularly on a high fire danger day. Cleared areas on site are likely to provide the most protection to the building from a bushfire approaching from the northwest.
	The landscape assessment has identified that the broader landscape contains large areas of forested vegetation with undulating slopes. A bushfire burning through this area would have weeks to develop before impacting the local area and is also likely to cut off any evacuation opportunities. There is a high likelihood of large amounts of ember generation that could start fires ahead of the fire front. Landscape features, including highways and other cleared areas are unlikely to stop the fire from progressing.
Scenario B	Scenario B relates to a bushfire burning under a south westerly wind influence and travelling towards the site. A bushfire approaching under a south westerly wind influence usually occurs following a period of north westerly wind conditions. This is the type of day when the fire danger ratings are normally elevated.
	To the southwest of the site, the local assessment has identified forested vegetation, however, not as dense as what is identified in Scenario A. A bushfire travelling towards the site from the southwest would have to cross Mallacoota Road, and then travel through areas of reduced vegetation density before impacting the site.
	Similar to Scenario A, a fire starting in the broader landscape would have weeks to develop before impacting the subject site. This would likely result in ember generation that starts fire ahead of the main fire front. Landscape features, including highways and other cleared areas are unlikely to stop the fire from progressing.
	Further detail is available in Figure 4 and Figure 5.



Figure 4 - one kilometre landscape assessment and likely scenarios.

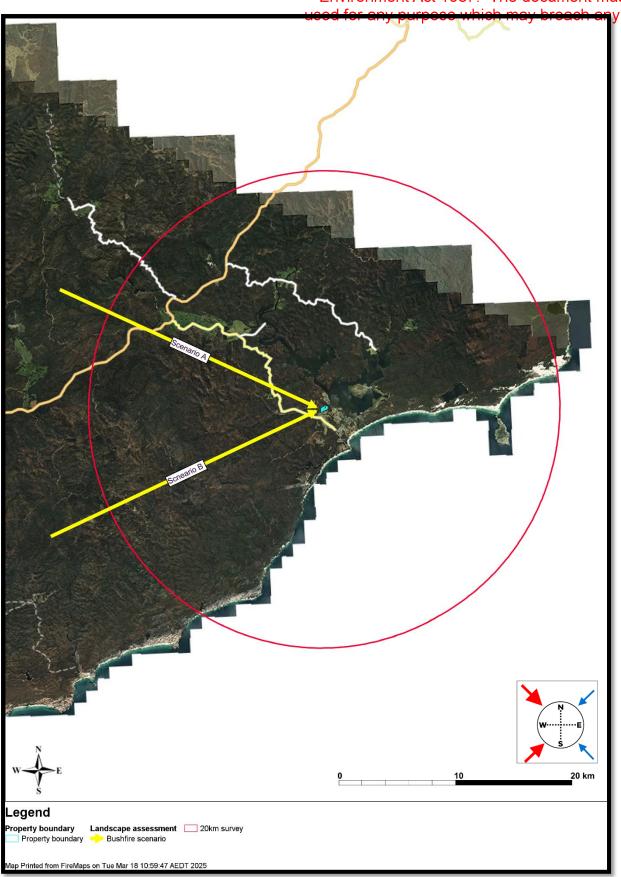


Figure 5 - 20-kilometre landscape assessment and likely scenarios.

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In summary, both scenarios are possible, and this hat see if ଫିକୋପ sେମ୍ବର ହେମ ଅନୁ ichis ଓ ମଧ୍ୟ ହେମ ଓ possible and copyright. events in the surrounding landscape.

6.4. LANDSCAPE TYPE ASSESSMENT

The determination of the landscape type enables the consideration of other treatments depending on the level of risk. These treatments may include additional construction requirements, vegetation management or other solutions. Whilst the determination of a landscape risk level is part of this analysis, the determination of the need for additional treatments will be considered as part of further assessments within this Report.

Table 2 - Landscape type descriptors

	Landscape Type Descriptors	
Type 1	There is little vegetation beyond 150 metres of the site (except grasslands and low threat vegetation).	
	Extreme bushfire behaviour is not possible.	
	 The type and extent of vegetation is unlikely to result in neighbourhood-scale destruction of property. 	
	 Immediate access is available to a place that provides shelter from bushfire. 	
Type 2	The type and extent of vegetation located more than 150 metres from the site may result in neighbourhood-scale destruction as it interacts with the bushfire hazard on and close to a site.	
	 Bushfire can only approach from one aspect and the site is located in a suburban, township or urban area managed in a minimum fuel condition. 	
	 Access is readily available to a place that provides shelter from bushfire. This will often be the surrounding developed area. 	
Type 3	The type and extent of vegetation located more than 150 metres from the site may result in neighbourhood-scale destruction as it interacts with the bushfire hazard on and close to a site.	
	Bushfire can approach from more than one aspect.	
	 The site is located in an area that is not managed in a minimum fuel condition. 	
	 Access to an appropriate place that provides shelter from bushfire is not certain 	
Type 4	The broader landscape presents an extreme risk.	
	 Fires have hours or days to grow and develop before impacting. 	
	Evacuation options are limited or not available.	

In accordance with the Technical Guide², the landscape has been determined to be Type 4.

² https://www.planning.vic.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf_file/0029/639506/Technical-Guide-Planning-Permit-Applications-Bushfire-Management-Overlay.pdf

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7. CLAUSE 13.02 ASSESSMENT

7.1. INTRODUCTION

Clause 13.02 of the Planning Scheme states:

This policy must be applied to all planning and decision making under the Planning and Environment Act 1987 relating to land that is:

- Within a designated bushfire prone area;
- Subject to a Bushfire Management Overlay; or
- Proposed to be used or developed in a way that may create a bushfire hazard.

As the development is located within a designated bushfire prone area and subject to a Bushfire Management Overlay, an assessment against Clause 13.02 is required to be completed. The development will not create a bushfire hazard. Instead, it will reduce the hazard in the local area.

7.2. STRATEGY RESPONSE – PROTECTION OF HUMAN LIFE

Table 3 - Clause 13.02 strategy assessment response

	Strategy	Response	
1	Prioritising the protection of human life over all other policy considerations.	 Compliance with the Bushfire Management Overlay has ensured that the prioritisation of human life is achieved. For this development, the following design solution is proposed: The buildings will comply with a minimum of BAL29 of AS3959, however, almost all external elements will be BAL40 compliant. This will include BAL40 Axon Cladding (which will enclose the underside of the subfloor), Colourbond metal roofing, and 6mm double glazed glass. The only part of the building that has been identified by Agilus as utilising BAL29 materials is the deck. Buildings will be provided with defendable space up to 51m or to the property boundary, whichever is smaller. The shed will be provided with 10m of defendable space within this area. Existing grassed areas on site will remain as they are and will not be revegetated. A 10,000 litre static water supply for firefighting purposes will be installed adjacent to the shed. Access to the property will meet the BMO requirements. 	
2	Directing population growth and development to low risk locations and ensuring the availability of, and safe access to, areas where human life can be	The development is located within a Type 4 landscape hazard area. The building location and building elements adequately offset the risk to the site.	

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	Strategy	Response used for any purpose which may breach
	better protected from the effects of bushfire.	
3	Reducing the vulnerability of communities to bushfire through the consideration of bushfire risk in decision making at all stages of the planning process.	This report addresses the Bushfire Management Overlay and has considered the bushfire risk and identified treatments based on this risk.

7.3. STRATEGY RESPONSE - BUSHFIRE HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT

Table 4 - Bushfire Hazard Identification and Assessment response

	Strategy	Response
1	Applying the best available science to identify vegetation, topographic and climatic conditions that create a bushfire hazard	The site has been assessed as per AS3959 as required by Clause 44.06 of the Planning Scheme. The data inputs into the assessment of the bushfire risk are consistent with AS3959. The analysis of bushfire risk will rely on the tables contained within Clause 53.02 and AS3959 to determine the most effective setback distances.
2	Considering the best available information about bushfire hazard including the map of designated bushfire prone areas prepared under the Building Act 1993 or regulations made under that Act.	The site is within the Bushfire Prone Area and Bushfire Management Overlay. The surrounding properties show evidence of management by the landowners and the proposed building is located as far as reasonably possible from the bushfire hazard.
3	Applying the Bushfire Management Overlay to areas where the extent of vegetation can create an extreme bushfire hazard.	This property is located within the Bushfire Management Overlay and a design solution that meets the requirements has been proposed.
4	Considering and assessing the bushfire hazard on the basis of: • Landscape conditions - meaning conditions in the landscape within 20 kilometres (and potentially up to 75 kilometres) of a site; • Local conditions - meaning conditions in the area within approximately 1 kilometre of a site;	The site has been assessed using one and 20 kilometres. There is vegetation in the border landscape that would support a bushfire to approach the site. The surrounding landscape hazard has been classified as Type 4. As such, design solution incorporates the use of BAL40 materials, with the exclusion of the deck. This will include BAL40 Axon Cladding (which will enclose the underside of the subfloor), Colourbond metal roofing, and 6mm double glazed glass. The only part of the building that has been identified by Agilus as utilising BAL29 materials is the deck, which will be constructed using non-combustible materials. All aspects of the building will comply with a minimum of BAL29 construction.

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	Strategy	used for any purpose which may breach a Response
	 Neighbourhood conditions - meaning conditions in the area within 400 metres of a site; and The site for the development. 	
5	Consulting with emergency management agencies and the relevant fire authority early in the process to receive their recommendations and implement appropriate bushfire protection measures.	 Recommended bushfire protection measures are detailed in later sections of this report, but include: The buildings will comply with a minimum of BAL29 requirements in accordance with AS3959 but will mostly adopt BAL40 materials as identified previously. Buildings will be provided with defendable space up to 51m (which equates to BAL29) or to the property boundary, whichever is smaller. The shed will be provided with 10m of defendable space within this area. A 10,000 litre static water supply for firefighting purposes will be installed adjacent to the shed. Access to the property will meet the BMO requirements.
6	Ensuring that strategic planning documents, planning scheme amendments, planning permit applications and development plan approvals properly assess bushfire risk and include appropriate bushfire protection measures.	The development has demonstrated how it achieves compliance with the BMO requirements.
7	Not approving development where a landowner or proponent has not satisfactorily demonstrated that the relevant policies have been addressed, performance measures satisfied or bushfire protection measures can be adequately implemented.	The design solution for this development demonstrates how the bushfire risk can be mitigated on the property.

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7.4. STRATEGY RESPONSE - SETTLEMENT PLANNING any purpose which may breach any copyright.

Table 5 - Settlement Planning Strategy response

1	Directing population growth and development to low risk locations, being those locations assessed as having a radiant heat flux of less than 12.5 kilowatts/square metre under AS 3959-2018 Construction of Buildings in Bushfire-prone Areas (Standards Australia, 2018).	The site has been assessed as per AS3959 and determined to be approximately 51 metres from the forest hazard and 31m from the grassland hazard. The BAL Assessment has determined that the development will be exposed to less than 29 kW/m². The proposal will not substantially increase the population growth, and the site will have BAL-LOW areas available within the township of Mallacoota.
2	Ensuring the availability of, and safe access to, areas assessed as a BAL-LOW rating under AS 3959-2018 Construction of Buildings in Bushfire-prone Areas (Standards Australia, 2018) where human life can be better protected from the effects of bushfire.	The site occupants will be able to evacuate to Mallacoota, which has BAL-LOW areas available. Mallacoota Foreshore Holiday Park is a neighbourhood safer place and is available for shelter in an emergency.
3	Ensuring the bushfire risk to existing and future residents, property and community infrastructure will not increase as a result of future land use and development.	The provision of defendable space up to 51m or the site boundary will reduce the bushfire risk to existing and future residents.
4	Achieving no net increase in risk to existing and future residents, property and community infrastructure, through the implementation of bushfire protection measures and where possible reducing bushfire risk overall.	The provision of defendable space up to 51m or to the property boundary will reduce the bushfire risk to existing and future residents.
5	Assessing and addressing the bushfire hazard posed to the settlement and the likely bushfire behaviour it will produce at a landscape, settlement, local, neighbourhood and site scale, including the potential	The site has been assessed using one and 20 kilometres. There is vegetation in the border landscape that would support a bushfire to approach the site. The landscape hazard has been classified as Type 4 and additional mitigation treatments have been proposed.

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	Strategy	used for any purpose which may breach a Response
	for neighbourhood-scale destruction.	
Assessing alternative low risk locations for settlement growth on a regional,		The development is situated more than 51 metres from the forest vegetation and 31 metres from the grassland vegetation.
	municipal, settlement, local and neighbourhood basis.	The proposed location has been determined to be the most suitable location available for the development.
7	Not approving any strategic planning document, local planning policy, or planning scheme amendment that will result in the introduction or intensification of development in an area that has, or will on completion have, more than a BAL-12.5 rating under AS 3959-2018 Construction of Buildings in Bushfire-prone Areas (Standards Australia, 2018).	The development is not a strategic planning document, local planning policy, or planning scheme amendment.

8. BUSHFIRE SITE HAZARD ASSESSMENT

The bushfire hazard located within 150 metres of the property boundary is outlined within Figure 6 and Table 6.

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G. Grassland 150m survey Access **Proposed buildings** Static water supply Vegetation assessment Contours (10-20m) Proposed dwelling A. Forest
B. Woodland 150m survey Access 10,000L static water supply Property boundary Proposed shed 100,000L rainwater tank Property boundary ap Printed from FireMaps on Thu Aug 21 11:12:18 AEST 2025

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Figure 6 - Bushfire Site Hazard Assessment

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Table 6 - Bushfire Site Hazard Assessment details

Plot	Vegetation classification	Slope	Separation Distance from the dwelling
1	Class A - Forest	>10-15° downslope	51 metres
2	Class A - Forest	Flat / upslope	151 metres
3	Class A - Forest	>5-10° downslope	135 metres
4	Class B - Woodland	>10-15° downslope	104 metres
5	Class G - Grassland	>5-10° downslope	32 metres
6	Class B - Woodland	>5-10° downslope	73 metres
7	Class B - Woodland	>5-10° downslope	95 metres
8	Class A - Forest	Flat / upslope	168 metres
9	Excluded as per AS3959, Clause 2.2.3.2	N/A	N/A

Note – the above separation distance is from the closest part of the dwelling to the hazard.

9. BUSHFIRE MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

9.1. 53.02-4.1 LANDSCAPE, SITING AND DESIGN OBJECTIVES

Development is appropriate having regard to the nature of the bushfire risk arising from the surrounding landscape.

- Development is sited to minimise the risk from bushfire.
- Development is sited to provide safe access for vehicles, including emergency vehicles.
- Building design minimises vulnerability to bushfire attack.

Table 7 - Response to Approved Measure

Clause 53.02 ref	Approved Measure requirement	Response	Achieved
AM 2.1	The bushfire risk to the development from the landscape beyond the site can be mitigated to an acceptable level.	 The bushfire risk within the surrounding landscape has been assessed as Type 4. The following design solutions have been proposed: The buildings will achieve compliance with the BAL29 requirements of AS3959, but will utilise mostly BAL40 materials. This will include BAL40 Axon Cladding (which will enclose the underside of the subfloor), Colourbond metal roofing, and 6mm double glazed glass. The only part of the building that has been identified by Agilus as utilising 	•

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any copyright.

Clause 53.02 ref	Approved Measure requirement	used for any purpose which may breach a Achieved
		BAL29 materials is the deck (which will be constructed using non-timber materials).
		 Defendable space of 51m or to the property boundary in accordance with Table 2 to Clause 53.02-5.
		 Existing grassed areas will remain in their current state and will not be revegetated in the future.
		 10,000 litre static water supply for firefighting purposes.
		 Access to the property will be as per the BMO requirements.
AM 2.2	 A building is sited to ensure the site best achieves the following: The maximum separation distance between the building and the bushfire hazard. The building is in close proximity to a public road. Access can be provided to the building for emergency service vehicles. 	The building is as far as reasonably possible from the bushfire hazard. The dwelling has been located in the only area on site that can be exposed to less than 29 kW/m², and the length of the driveway cannot be shortened without increasing radiant heat exposure. Emergency service vehicles will be able to access the buildings and will have overtaking and turning areas compliant with the BMO. The time to drive from the dwelling to Zachary Road is approximately five minutes if driving at 10km/h. Apart from the area around the gully near Zachary Road, the drive is through managed areas or paddocks.
AM 2.3	A building is designed to be responsive to the landscape risk and reduce the impact of bushfire on the building.	The buildings will utilise almost all external materials using BAL40 materials, despite only being exposed to a radiant heat flux of less than 29 kW/m². Defendable space of 51m will be provided wholly around the building to ensure it is not exposed to more than 29 kW/m².

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9.2. 53.02-4.2 DEFENDABLE SPACE AND CONSTRUCTION OBJECTIVE which may breach any copyright.

Defendable space and building construction mitigate the effect of flame contact, radiant heat and embers on buildings.

Table 8 - Response to Approved Measure

AM 3.2 A building used for a dwelling (including an extension or alteration to a dwelling), small second dwelling, industry, office or retail premises is provided with defendable space in accordance with: • Table 2 Columns A, B or C and Table 6 to Clause 53.02-5 wholly within the title boundaries of the land; or • If there are significant siting constraints, Table 2 Column D and Table 6 to Clause 53.02-5. The building is constructed to the bushfire attack level that corresponds to the defendable space provided in accordance with Table 2 to Clause 53.02-5. The building is constructed to the bushfire attack level that corresponds to the defendable space provided in accordance with Table 2 to Clause 53.02-5. In response to the elevated landscape hazard, the provision of 51m defendable space (or to the property boundary, whichever is smaller) will be provided. With the combination of the use	Clause 53.02 ref	Approved Measure requirement	Response	Achieved
of BAL40 materials (where possible), this is deemed sufficient to offset the landscape		 (including an extension or alteration to a dwelling), small second dwelling, industry, office or retail premises is provided with defendable space in accordance with: Table 2 Columns A, B or C and Table 6 to Clause 53.02-5 wholly within the title boundaries of the land; or If there are significant siting constraints, Table 2 Column D and Table 6 to Clause 53.02-5. The building is constructed to the bushfire attack level that corresponds to the defendable space provided in accordance with Table 2 	established with a defendable space exceeding the requirements of Column C of Table 2 to Clause 53.02-5 wholly within the title boundaries. The requirements of Column C indicate the need for: • 49m defendable space to the south, east and west in response to the forest with a 10-15° downslope, and • 11m to the north in response to the grassland hazard with a 5-10° downslope. In response to the elevated landscape hazard, the provision of 51m defendable space (or to the property boundary, whichever is smaller) will be provided. With the combination of the use of BAL40 materials (where possible), this is deemed	

The outcome of the assessment is that defendable space up to 51m to the east, south and west, and to the property boundary on the north side. This will ensure the building will not be exposed to a radiant heat flux exceeding 29 kW/m². The building will be constructed using almost entirely BAL40 materials, including BAL40 Axon Cladding (which will enclose the underside of the subfloor), Colourbond metal roofing, and 6mm double glazed glass. The only part of the building that has been identified by Agilus as utilising BAL29 materials is the deck (which will still utilise non-combustible materials). This is deemed sufficient to offset the landscape hazard.

DEFENDABLE SPACE REQUIREMENTS

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Table 6 of Clause 53.02 requires the following veget มีเอก เกิด เลือง เลือง breach any copyright. implemented:

Defendable space is provided and is managed in accordance with the following requirements:

- Grass must be short cropped and maintained during the declared fire danger period.
- All leaves and vegetation debris must be removed at regular intervals during the declared fire danger period.
- Within 10 metres of a building, flammable objects must not be located close to the vulnerable parts of the building.
- Plants greater than 10 centimetres in height must not be placed within 3 metres of a window or glass feature of the building.
- Shrubs must not be located under the canopy of trees.
- Individual and clumps of shrubs must not exceed 5 square metres in area and must be separated by at least 5 metres.
- Trees must not overhang or touch any elements of the building.
- The canopy of trees must be separated by at least 5 metres.
- There must be a clearance of at least 2 metres between the lowest tree branches and ground level.

Unless specified in a schedule or otherwise agreed in writing to the satisfaction of the relevant fire authority.

9.3. 53.02-4.3 WATER SUPPLY AND ACCESS OBJECTIVES

A static water supply is provided to assist in protecting property.

Vehicle access is designed and constructed to enhance safety in the event of a bushfire

Table 9 - Response to Approved Measure

Clause 53.02 ref	Approved Measure requirement	Response	Achieved
AM 4.1	 A building used for a dwelling (including an extension or alteration to a dwelling), a small second dwelling, industry, office or retail premises is provided with: A static water supply for fire fighting and property protection purposes specified in Table 4 to Clause 53.02-5. Vehicle access that is designed and constructed as 	A 10,000 litre static water supply will be provided for the site in accordance with Table 4 to Clause 53.02-5. Vehicle access will be constructed in accordance with Table 5 to Clause 53.02-5.	✓

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specified in Table 5 to Clause used for any purpose which may breach any copyright. 53.02-5.

The water supply may be in the same tank as other water supplies provided that a separate outlet is reserved for fire fighting water supplies.

TABLE 4 WATER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

Table 10 - Water supply requirements

Lot sizes (m²)	Hydrant available	Capacity (litres)	Fire authority fittings and access required	Required
Less than 500	Not applicable	2,500	No	
500 – 1,000	Yes	5,000	No	
500 – 1,000	No	10,000	Yes	
1001 and above	Not applicable	10,000	Yes	✓

Static water supply requirements – fire authority requirements

Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the relevant fire authority, the water supply must:

- Be stored in an above ground water tank constructed of concrete or metal.
- Have all fixed above ground water pipes and fittings required for firefighting purposes made of corrosive resistant metal.
- Include a separate outlet for occupant use.

Where a 10,000 litre water supply is required, fire authority fittings and access must be provided as follows:

- Be readily identifiable from the building or appropriate identification signs to the satisfaction of the relevant fire authority.
- Be located within 60 metres of the outer edge of the approved building.
- The outlet/s of the water tank must be within 4 metres of the accessway and unobstructed.
- Incorporate a separate ball or gate valve (British Standard Pipe (BSP 65 millimetre) and coupling (64 millimetre CFA 3 thread per inch male fitting).
- Any pipework and fittings must be a minimum of 65 millimetres (excluding the CFA coupling).

TABLE 5 VEHICLE ACCESS DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

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Table 11 - Access design requirements

Column A	Column B	Required
Length of access is less than 30 metres	There are no design and construction requirements if fire authority access to the water supply is not required under AM4.1.	
Length of access is less than 30 metres	Where fire authority access to the water supply is required under AM4.1 fire authority vehicles should be able to get within 4 metres of the water supply outlet.	✓
Length of access is greater than 30 metres	 The following design and construction requirements apply: All-weather construction. A load limit of at least 15 tonnes. Provide a minimum trafficable width of 3.5 metres. Be clear of encroachments for at least 0.5 metres on each side and at least 4 metres vertically. Curves must have a minimum inner radius of 10 metres. The average grade must be no more than 1 in 7 (14.4%) (8.1°) with a maximum grade of no more than 1 in 5 (20%) (11.3°) for no more than 50 metres. Dips must have no more than a 1 in 8 (12.5 per cent) (7.1 degrees) entry and exit angle. 	
Length of access is greater than 100 metres	 A turning area for fire fighting vehicles must be provided close to the building by one of the following: A turning circle with a minimum radius of eight metres. A driveway encircling the dwelling. The provision of other vehicle turning heads – such as a T or Y head – which meet the specification of Austroad Design for an 8.8 metre Service Vehicle. 	✓
Length of access is greater than 200 metres	 Passing bays must be provided at least every 200 metres. Passing bays must be a minimum of 20 metres long with a minimum trafficable width of 6 metres. 	✓

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10. CONCLUSION

The development of this property can occur in accordance with the requirements of the Planning Scheme including clauses 13.02, 44.06 and 53.02. The assessment has identified a Type 4 landscape risk. The development location will be exposed to a radiant heat flux of up to 29 kW/m² and will be provided with a defendable space in accordance with BAL29 requirements.

Except for the deck, the building will utilise BAL40-compliant materials, including but not limited to:

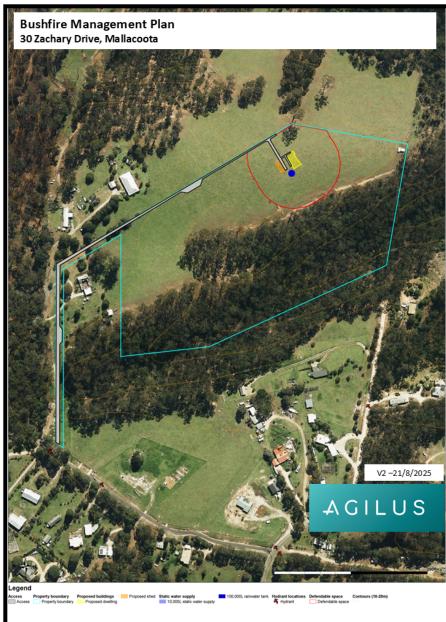
- Axon Cladding, which will be extended to enclose the underside of the subfloor,
- Colourbond metal roofing,
- 6mm double-glazed glass.

The proposed design solution will ensure the level of risk is managed and will provide the site occupants with a range of options including leaving early, staying and defending or taking refuge as a last resort option. The design solution includes:

- The development will achieve compliance with BAL29 requirements, but utilise mostly BAL40 compliant materials, as detailed previously.
- Defendable space to the property boundary or to 51 metres. The shed will be provided with 10m of defendable space within this area.
- Existing grassed areas will not be revegetated in the future.
- 10,000 litre static water supply for firefighting purposes.
- Access to the property will be as per the BMO requirements.

The design solution, including water supply, emergency vehicle access, construction level and defendable space, will ensure this design achieves the requirements of the Bushfire Management Overlay and Clause 13.02 of the Planning Scheme.

each any copyright.



Construction Standard used for any purpose which may The building will be designed and constructed to a minimum Bushfire Attack level of BAL29, with specific CFA requirements for BAL40 compliant cladding and metal roofing, 6mm double grazed

windows, an enclosed subfloor and non-combustible decking.

The dwelling will be provided with defendable space of 51 metres around the proposed building and 10 metres for the proposed shed (or the property boundary, whichever is lesser distance) where vegetation (and other flammable materials) will be modified and managed in accordance with the following requirements:

- Grass must be short cropped and maintained during the declared fire danger period.
- All leaves and vegetation debris must be removed at regular intervals during the declared fire
- Within 10 metres of a building, flammable objects must not be located close to the vulnerable parts of the building.
- Plants greater than 10 centimetres in height must not be placed within 3m of a window or glass feature of the building.
- Shrubs must not be located under the canopy of trees.
- · Individual and clumps of shrubs must not exceed 5 sq. metres in area and must be separated by at
- Trees must not overhang or touch any elements of the building.
- The canopy of trees must be separated by at least 5 metres.
- There must be a clearance of at least 2 metres between the lowest tree branches and ground level.

Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the relevant fire authority, the water supply must:

- Be stored in an above ground water tank constructed of concrete or metal.
- Have all fixed above-ground water pipes and fittings required for firefighting purposes made of corrosive resistant metal.
- Include a separate outlet for occupant use.

Where a tank containing 10,000 litres of water supply is required, fire authority fittings and access is to be provided as follows:

- Be readily identifiable from the building or appropriate identification signs to the satisfaction of the relevant fire authority.
- Be located within 60 metres of the outer edge of the approved building.
- The outlet/s of the water tank must be within 4 metres of the accessway and unobstructed.
- Incorporate a separate ball or gate valve (British Standard Pipe (BSP 65 millimetre) and coupling
- (64 millimetre CFA 3 thread per inch male fitting).
- Any pipework and fittings must be a minimum of 65 millimetres (excluding the CFA coupling).

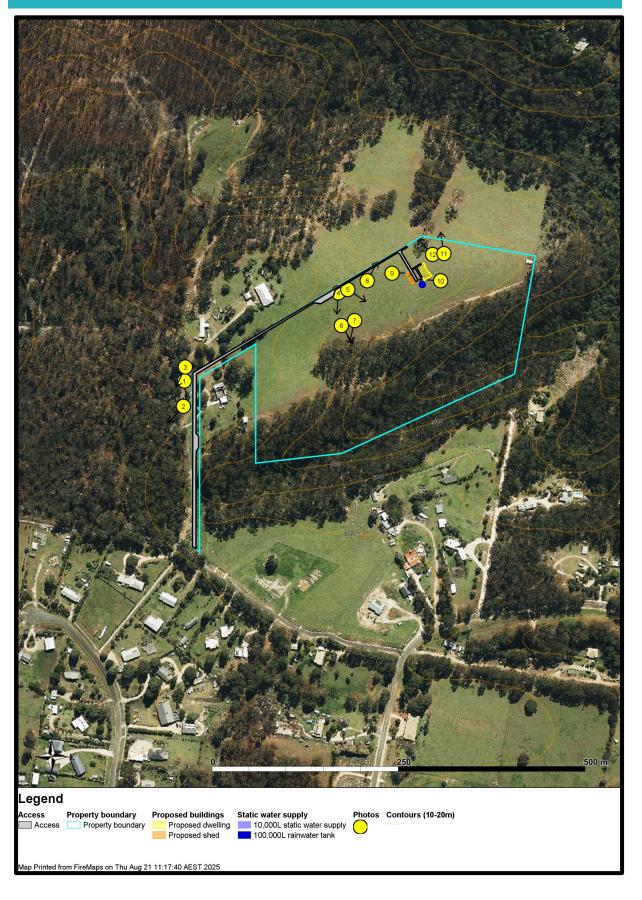
The following design and construction requirements apply:

- · All weather construction
- A load limit of at least 15 tonnes
- Provide a minimum trafficable width of 3.5 metres
- Be clear of encroachments for at least 0.5 metres on each side and at least 4 metres vertically
- Curves must have a minimum inner radius of 10 metres
- The average grade must be no more than 1 in 7 (14.4%) (8.1°) with a maximum grade of no more than 1 in 5 (20%) (11.3°) for no more than 50 metres
- Dips must have no more than a 1 in 8 (12.5 per cent) (7.1 degrees) entry and exit angle
- · A turning area for fire fighting vehicles must be provided close to the building by one of the following:
 - o A turning circle with a minimum radius of eight metres
 - o A driveway encircling the dwelling
 - o The provision of other vehicle turning heads such as a T head or Y Head which meet the specification of Austroad Design for an 8.8 metre service vehicle.
- · Passing bays must be provided at least every 200 metres.
- · Passing bays must be a minimum of 20 metres long with a minimum trafficable width of 6 metres. General Vegetation Maintenance:

Existing grassed areas on site will remain as they are and will not be revegetated in the future.

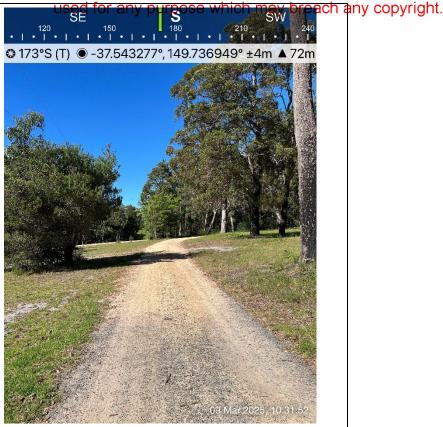
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12. APPENDIX B - PHOTOS



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1. Looking south along existing access track.

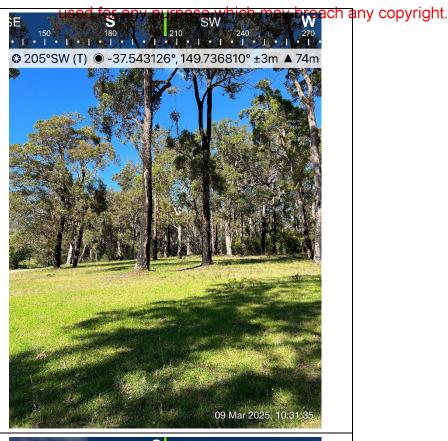


2. Looking southwest at forest located to the west of the site.



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3. Looking southwest at the forest vegetation and managed areas to the west of the site.

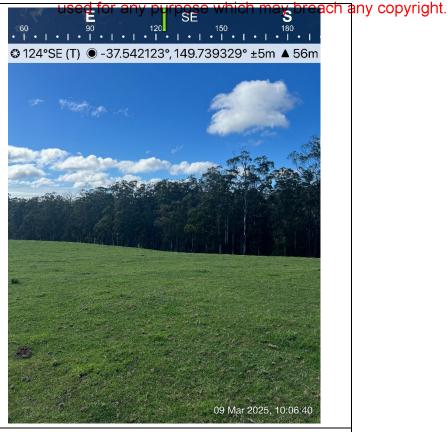


4. Looking south from the proposed accessway at woodland and forest vegetation.

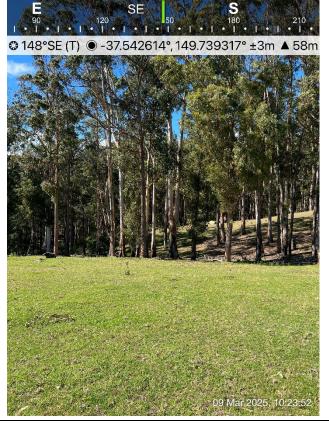


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Looking southeast at the forest vegetation south of the proposed dwelling.

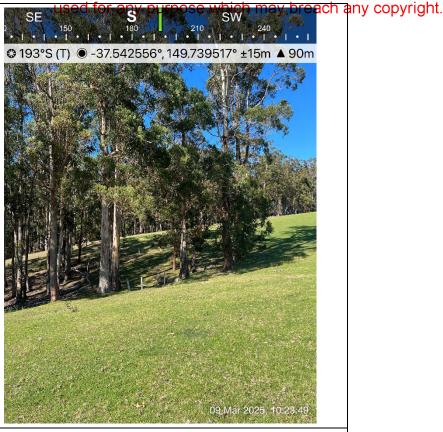


6. Woodland vegetation southwest of the proposed dwelling.



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7. Woodland vegetation to the southwest of the proposed dwelling.



8. Looking north at the neighbouring site and grassland.



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Looking east towards the proposed location of the dwelling.



10. Typical managed grassland on site.



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11. Looking north at neighbouring site.



12. Looking northwest at neighbouring site and vegetation.



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13. APPENDIX C - CFA PRELIMINARY ADVICE

used for any purpose which may breach any copyright.

Mitch Baade

From: Sacco, Mark <Mark.Sacco@frv.vic.gov.au>

 Sent:
 Thursday, 10 April 2025 3:19 PM

 To:
 Mitch Baade; Mark Potter

Cc: Mark Holland

Subject: RE: Preliminary CFA Assessment for 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota

Hi Mitch and Mark,

Mark Holland and myself have reviewed the information provided and offer the following comments on the proposal.

Although CFA is of the opinion that siting options closer toward the front of the property are available, CFA will accept the proposed siting subject to a vegetation management plan specifying that the existing grassland portion of the site be managed to ensure that it remains as grassland into the future and that revegetation does not occur. This will also provide enhancement of protection measures given the extreme Type 4 landscape.

In relation to proposed BAL and defendable space, CFA will accept the proposed BAL 29 and 51m or property boundary defendable space, subject to amended architectural/building drawings that detail all proposed construction and materials as specified within the Bushfire Management Statement (BMS) such has 6mm double glazed windows, subfloor enclosed with BAL 40 compliant cladding and metal roofing. In addition the drawings are to detail non-combustible decking and not allow the use of BAL 29 compliant timber.

Alternatively the Bushfire Management Plan could be amended to specify BAL 40 construction to the entire building.

Hope this provides adequate guidance, please don't hesitate to contact me if you wish to discuss further.

Regards Mark

Mark Sacco

Fire Safety Officer Regional Fire Safety Unit

Fire Rescue Victoria Community Safety Directorate

M. 0438 743 126
E. Mark.Sacco@frv.vic.gov.au

frv.vic.gov.au

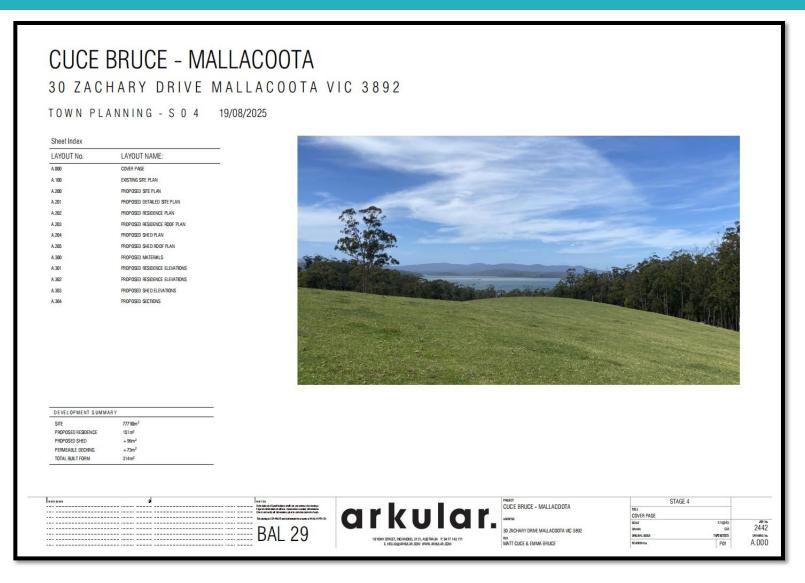


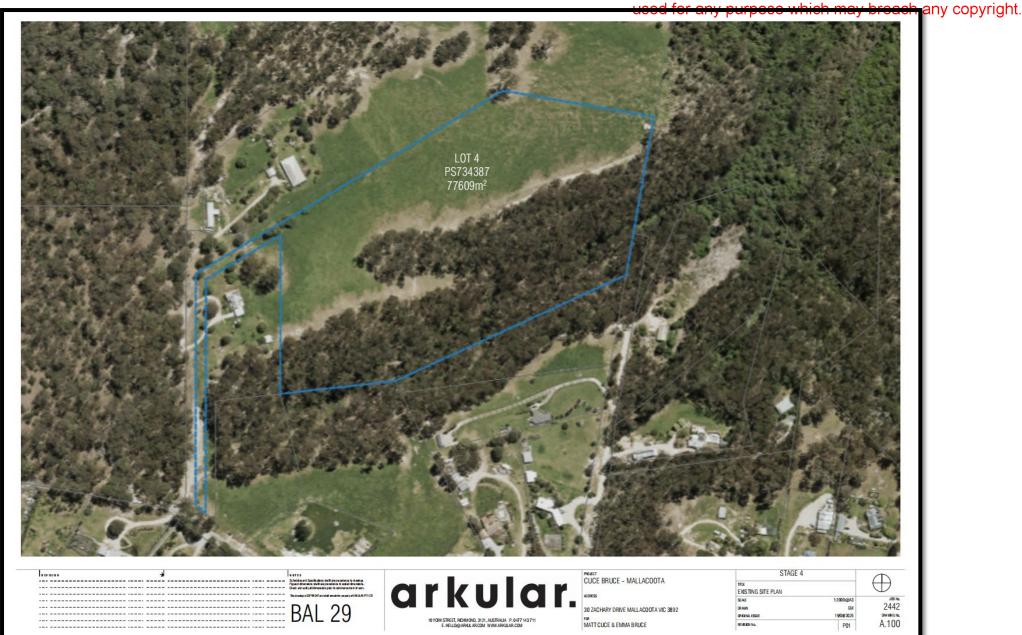
We acknowledge Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples as the Traditional Custodians of the land, and pay our respects to their cultures and their Elders past, present and emerging.

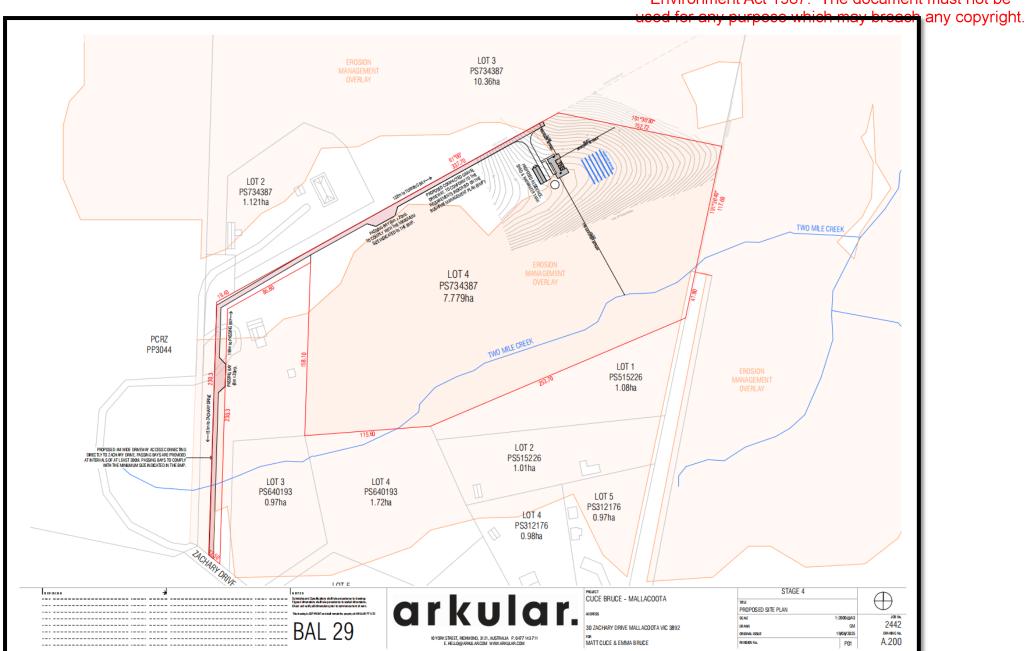
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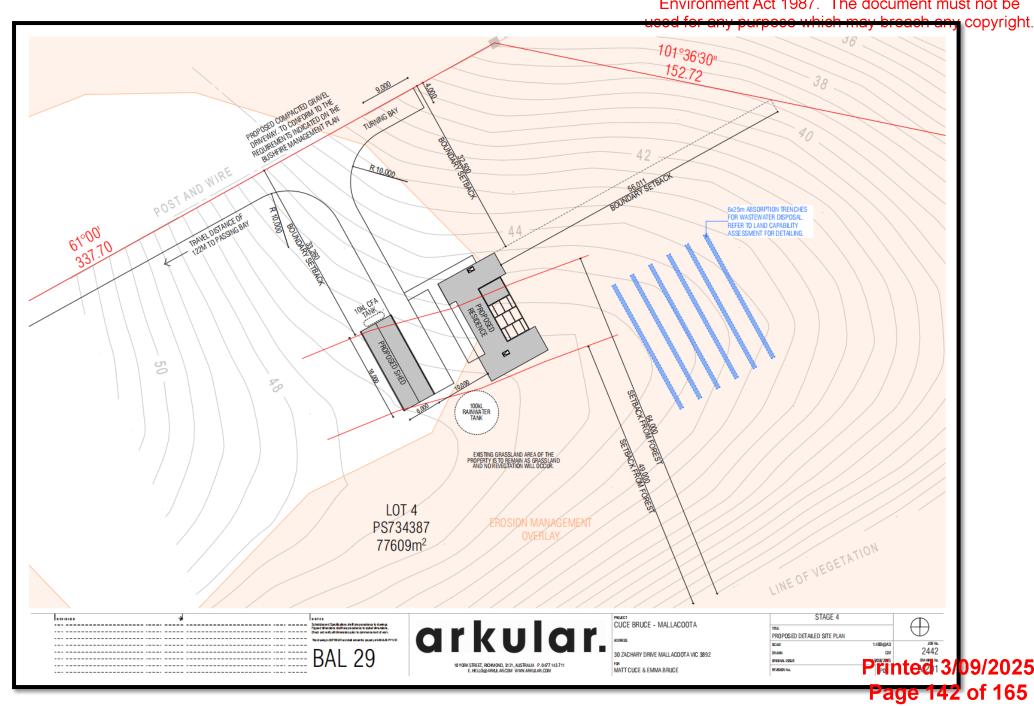
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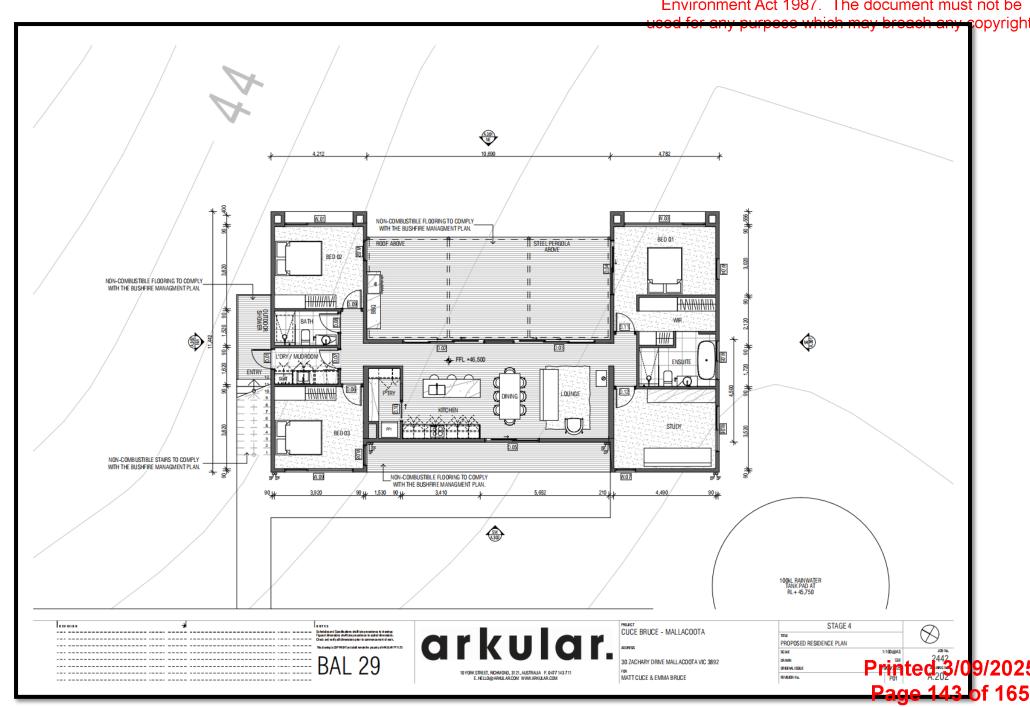
14. APPENDIX D - ARCHITECTURAL PLANS

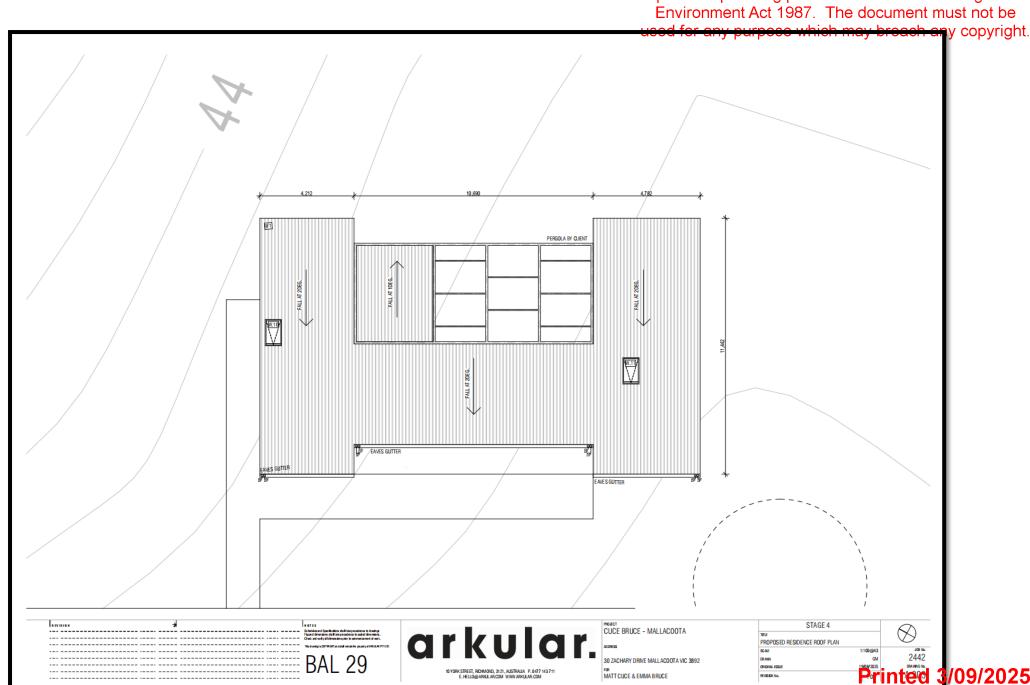


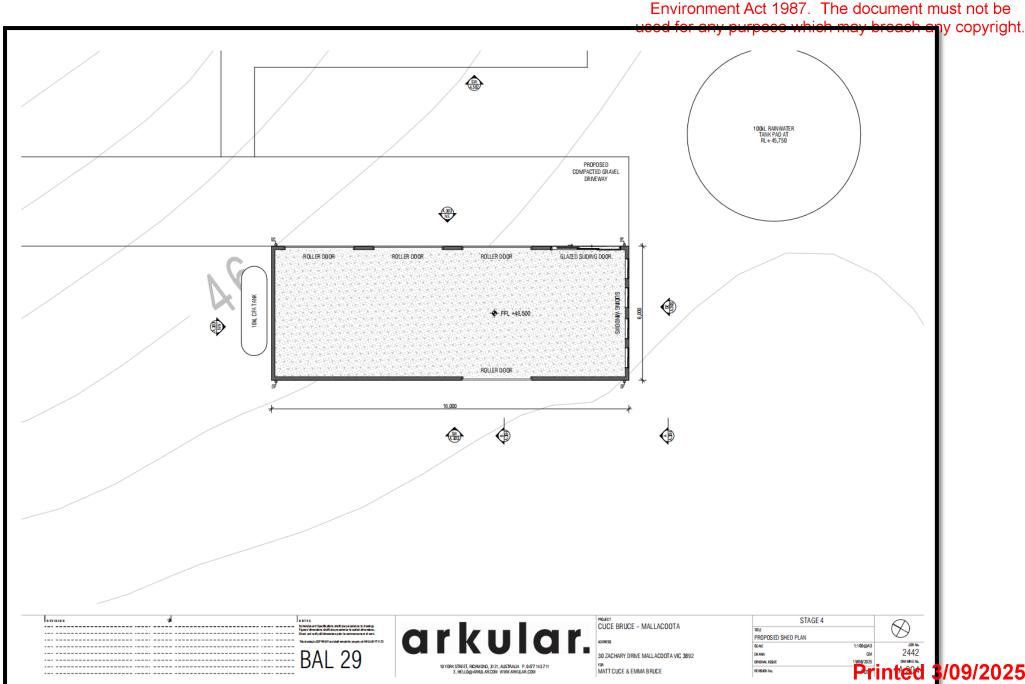


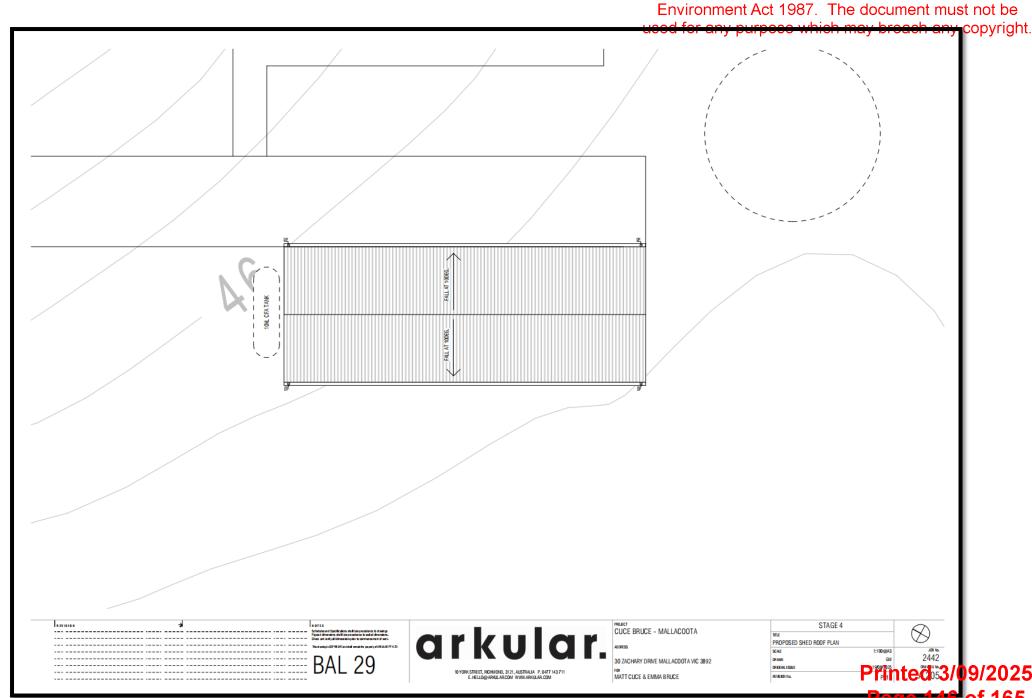












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PROPOSED EXTERNAL FINISHES



FC1 - JAMES HARDIE AXON CLADDING - 133MM GRAINED - PAINTED COLORBOND DUNE



RF1 - COLORBOND DUNE METAL ROOFING



MC1 - COLORBOND WALLABY METAL CLADDING



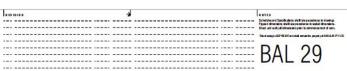
RF2 - COLORBOND WALLABY METAL ROOFING



MF1 - COLORBOND DUNE METAL FINISH



MF2 - COLORBOND MONUMENT METAL FINISH

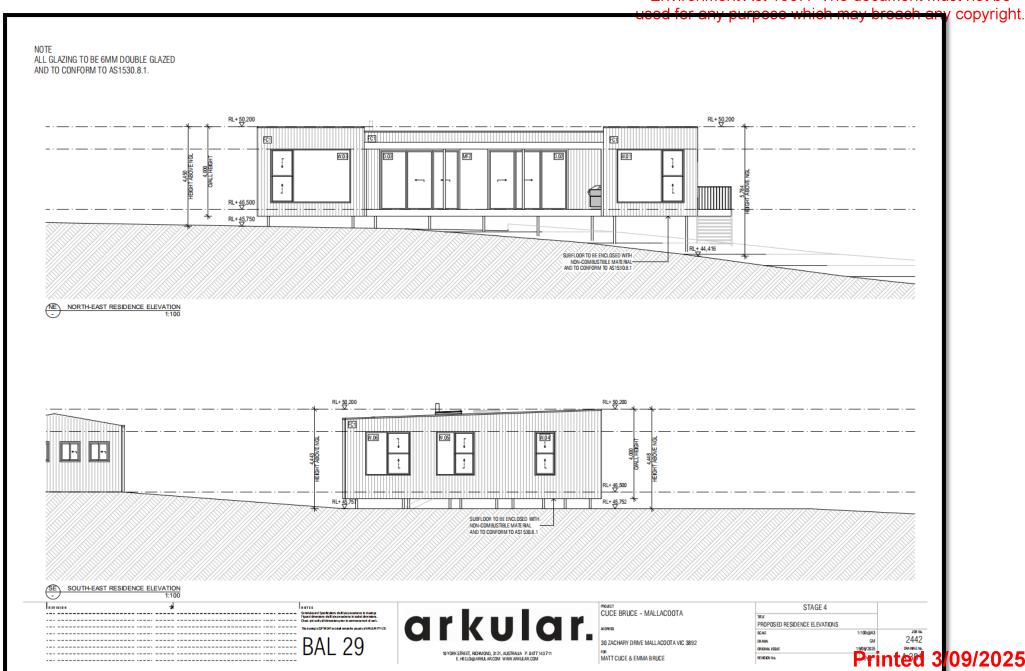


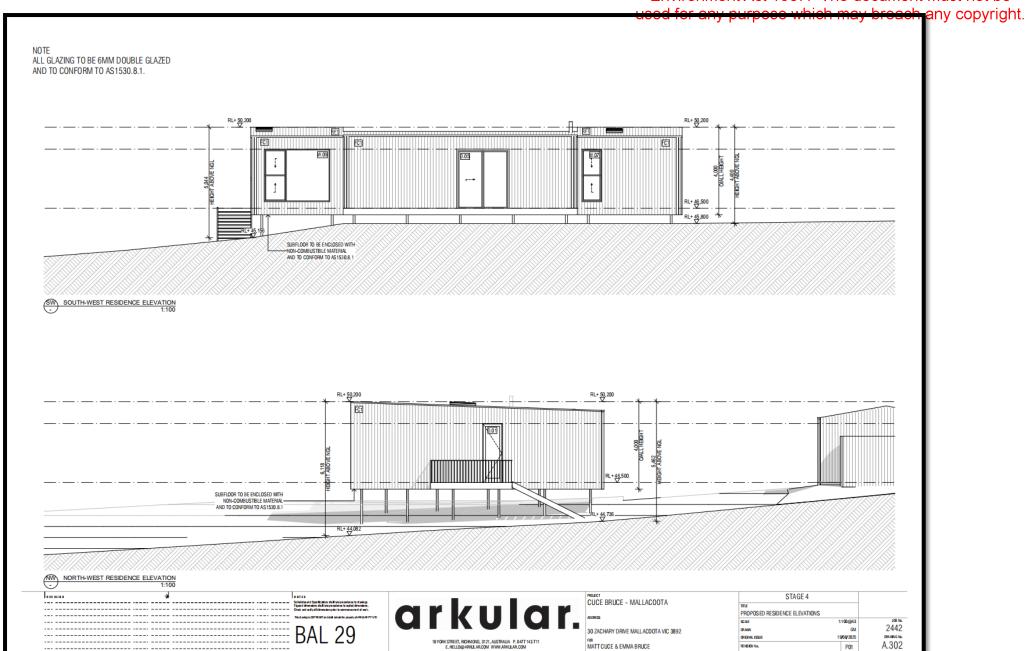


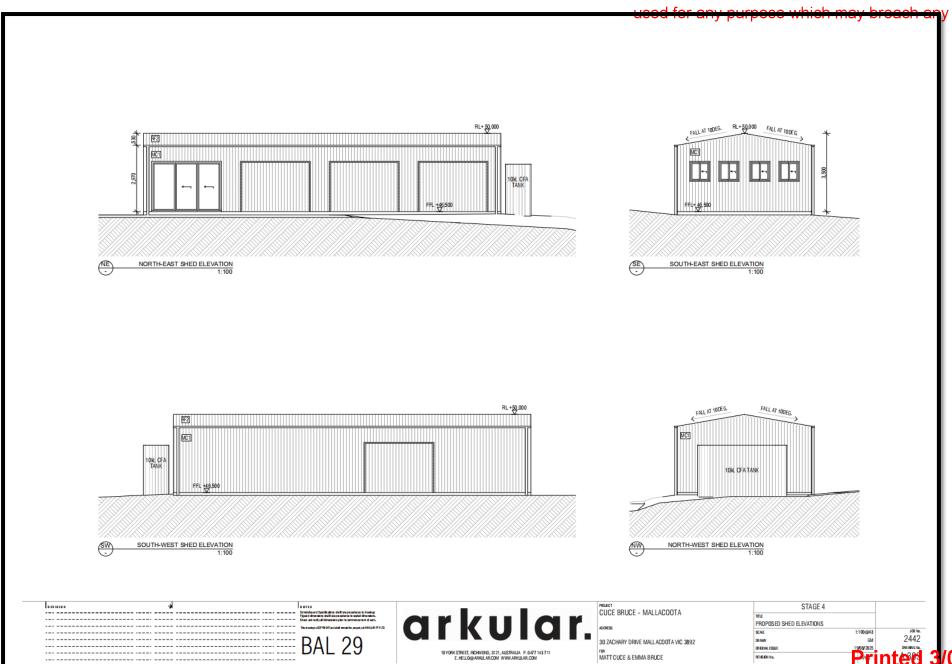


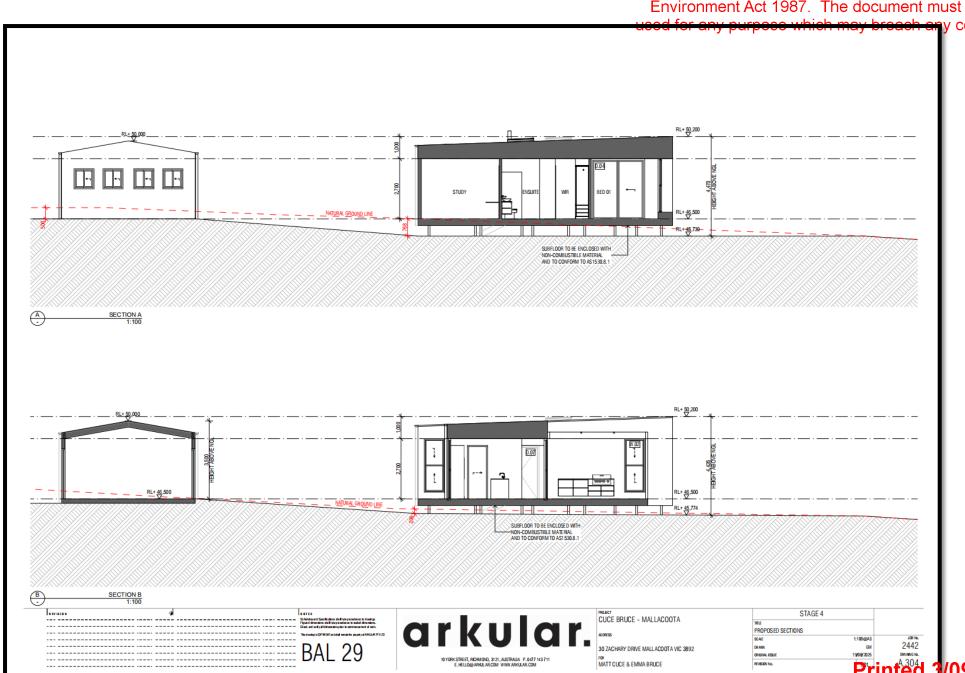
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item		REVISION No.

Printed 3/09/2025
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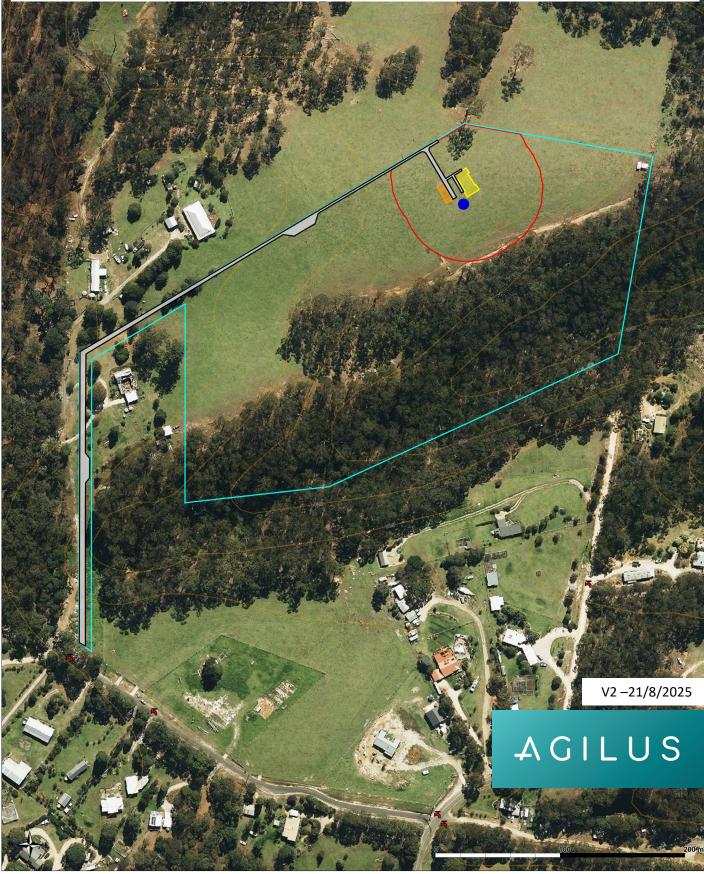








Bushfire Management Plan 30 Zachary Drive, Mallacoota



Construction Standard

The building will be designed and construction for the building will be designed as the bu specific CFA requirements for BAL40 complianea ading and inetals compliane as windows, an enclosed subfloor and non-control file to the Planning and Environment Act 1987. The document must not be **Defendable Space**

ADVERTISED

The dwelling will be provided with defendable opage of 51 postes with draw browned day with defendable opage. 10 metres for the proposed shed (or the property boundary, whichever is lesser distance) where vegetation (and other flammable materials) will be modified and managed in accordance with the following requirements:

- Grass must be short cropped and maintained during the declared fire danger period.
- All leaves and vegetation debris must be removed at regular intervals during the declared fire
- Within 10 metres of a building, flammable objects must not be located close to the vulnerable parts of the building.
- Plants greater than 10 centimetres in height must not be placed within 3m of a window or glass feature of the building.
- Shrubs must not be located under the canopy of trees.
- Individual and clumps of shrubs must not exceed 5 sq. metres in area and must be separated by at least 5 metres.
- Trees must not overhang or touch any elements of the building.
- The canopy of trees must be separated by at least 5 metres.
- There must be a clearance of at least 2 metres between the lowest tree branches and ground level.

Water Supply

Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the relevant fire authority, the water supply must:

- Be stored in an above ground water tank constructed of concrete or metal.
- Have all fixed above-ground water pipes and fittings required for firefighting purposes made of corrosive resistant metal.
- Include a separate outlet for occupant use.

Where a tank containing 10,000 litres of water supply is required, fire authority fittings and access is to be provided as follows:

- Be readily identifiable from the building or appropriate identification signs to the satisfaction of the relevant fire authority.
- Be located within 60 metres of the outer edge of the approved building.
- The outlet/s of the water tank must be within 4 metres of the accessway and unobstructed.
- Incorporate a separate ball or gate valve (British Standard Pipe (BSP 65 millimetre) and coupling
- (64 millimetre CFA 3 thread per inch male fitting).
- Any pipework and fittings must be a minimum of 65 millimetres (excluding the CFA coupling).

The following design and construction requirements apply:

- All weather construction
- A load limit of at least 15 tonnes
- Provide a minimum trafficable width of 3.5 metres
- Be clear of encroachments for at least 0.5 metres on each side and at least 4 metres vertically
- Curves must have a minimum inner radius of 10 metres
- The average grade must be no more than 1 in 7 (14.4%) (8.1°) with a maximum grade of no more than 1 in 5 (20%) (11.3°) for no more than 50 metres
- Dips must have no more than a 1 in 8 (12.5 per cent) (7.1 degrees) entry and exit angle
- · A turning area for fire fighting vehicles must be provided close to the building by one of the following:
 - A turning circle with a minimum radius of eight metres
 - A driveway encircling the dwelling
 - o The provision of other vehicle turning heads such as a T head or Y Head which meet the specification of Austroad Design for an 8.8 metre service vehicle.
- Passing bays must be provided at least every 200 metres.
- Passing bays must be a minimum of 20 metres long with a minimum trafficable wid

General Vegetation Maintenance:

Existing grassed areas on site will remain as they are and will not be revegetated in the future.

CUCE BRUCE - MALLACOOTA

30 ZACHARY DRIVE MALLACOOTA VIC 3892

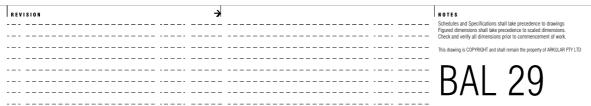
TOWN PLANNING - S 0 4 19/08/2025

Sheet Index

SHEEL HILLEX		
	LAYOUT No.	LAYOUT NAME:
	A.000	COVER PAGE
	A.100	EXISTING SITE PLAN
	A.200	PROPOSED SITE PLAN
	A.201	PROPOSED DETAILED SITE PLAN
	A.202	PROPOSED RESIDENCE PLAN
	A.203	PROPOSED RESIDENCE ROOF PLAN
	A.204	PROPOSED SHED PLAN
	A.205	PROPOSED SHED ROOF PLAN
	A.300	PROPOSED MATERIALS
	A.301	PROPOSED RESIDENCE ELEVATIONS
	A.302	PROPOSED RESIDENCE ELEVATIONS
	A.303	PROPOSED SHED ELEVATIONS
	A.304	PROPOSED SECTIONS



DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY	
SITE	77790m²
PROPOSED RESIDENCE	151m²
PROPOSED SHED	+96m²
PERMEABLE DECKING	+73m ²
TOTAL BUILT FORM	314m²





PROJECT
CUCE BRUCE - MALLACOOTA

ADDRESS

30 ZACHARY DRIVE MALLACOOTA VIC 3892
FOR
MATT CUCE & EMMA BRUCE

	STAGE 4	
TITLE COVER PAGE		
SCALE	1:1@A3	JOB No.
DRAWN	Printed 3	109/2 02 5
ORIGINAL ISSUE		
REVISION No.	Page 15	3 of 1.65

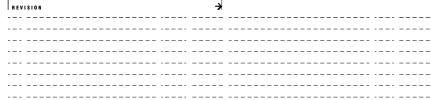
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NOTES

Schedules and Specifications shall take precedence to drawings
Figured dimensions shall take precedence to scaled dimensions.
Check and verify all dimensions prior to commencement of work.

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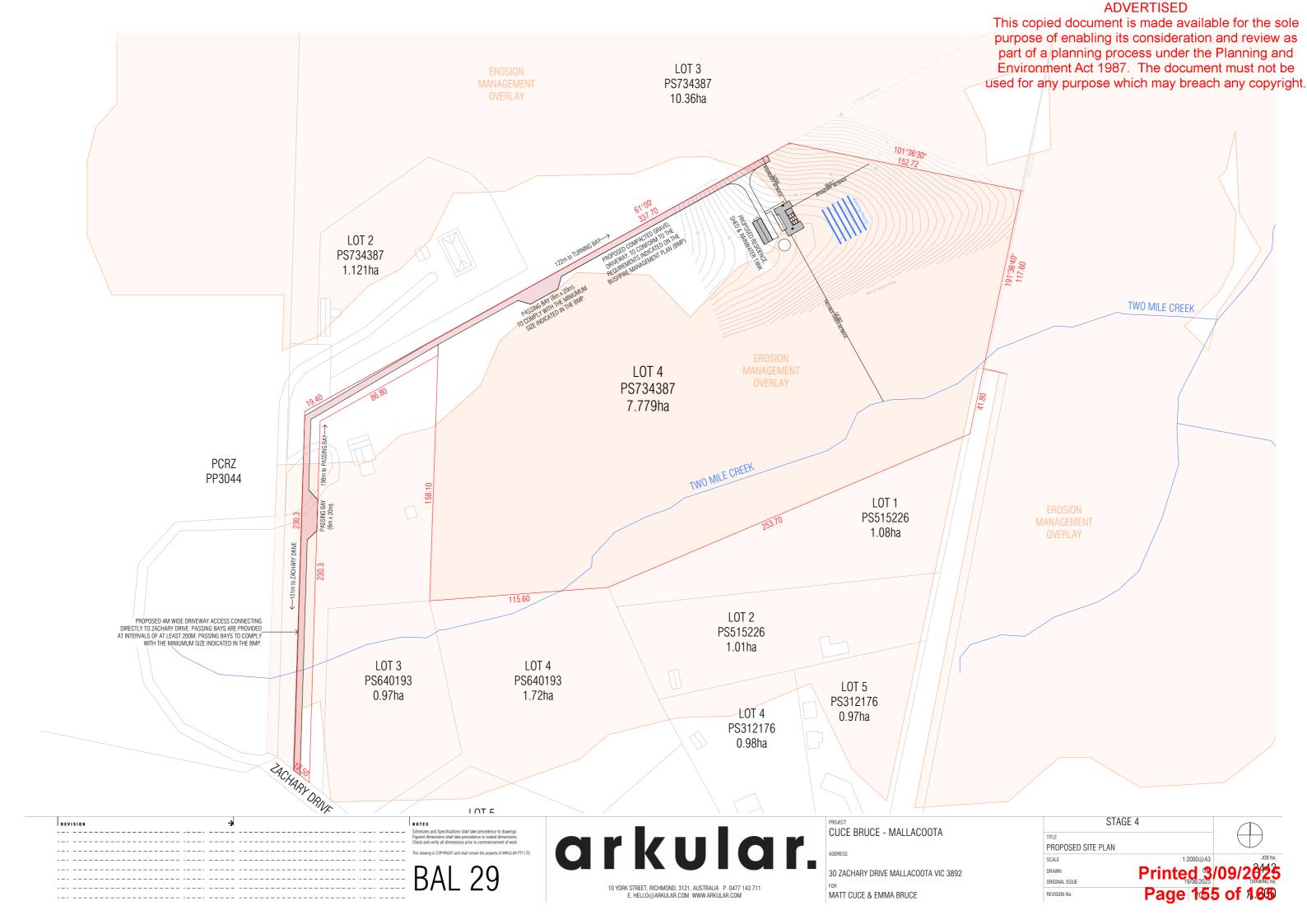
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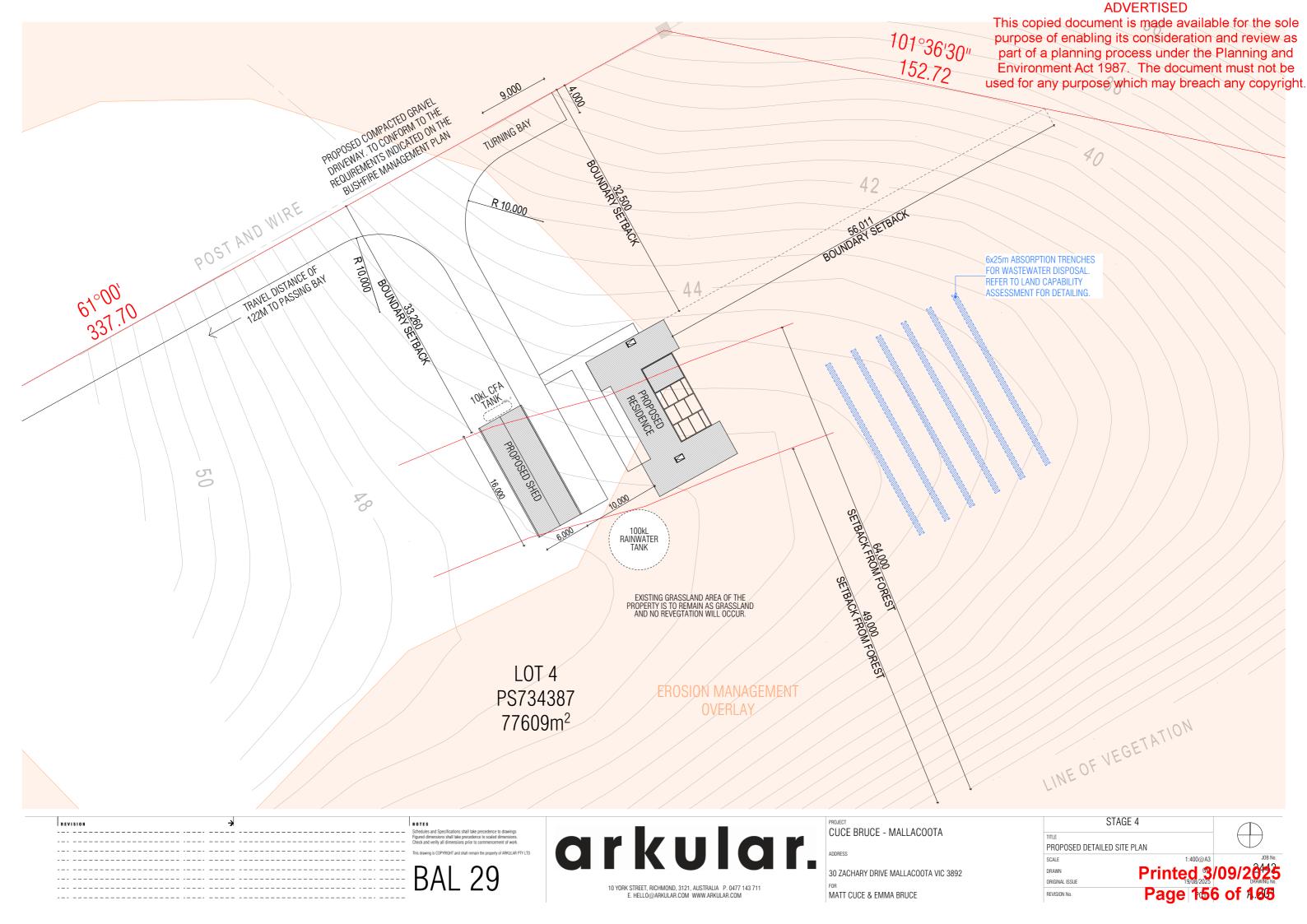
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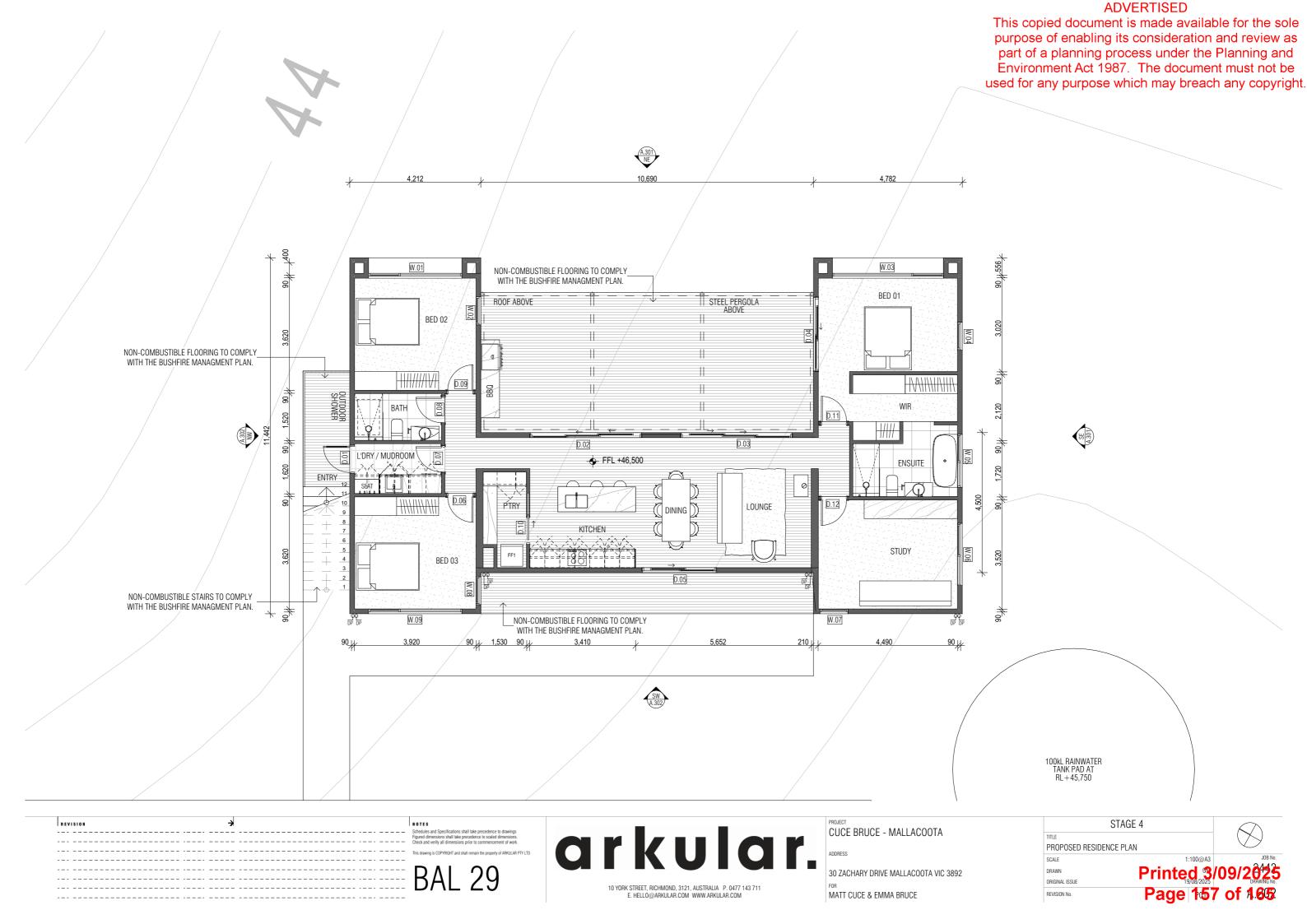
PROJECT
CUCE BRUCE - MALLACOOTA
ADDRESS

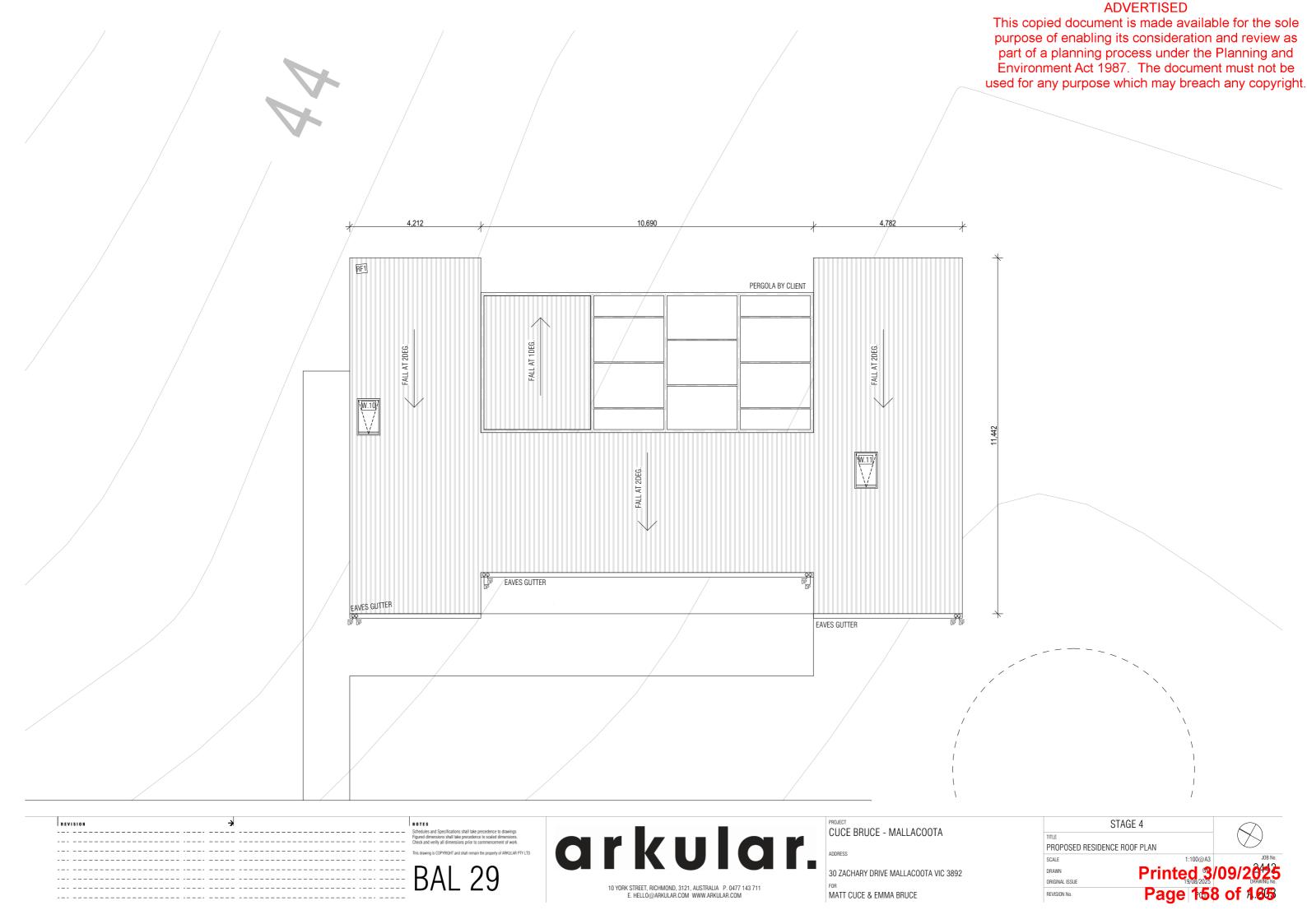
30 ZACHARY DRIVE MALLACOOTA VIC 3892 FOR MATT CUCE & EMMA BRUCE

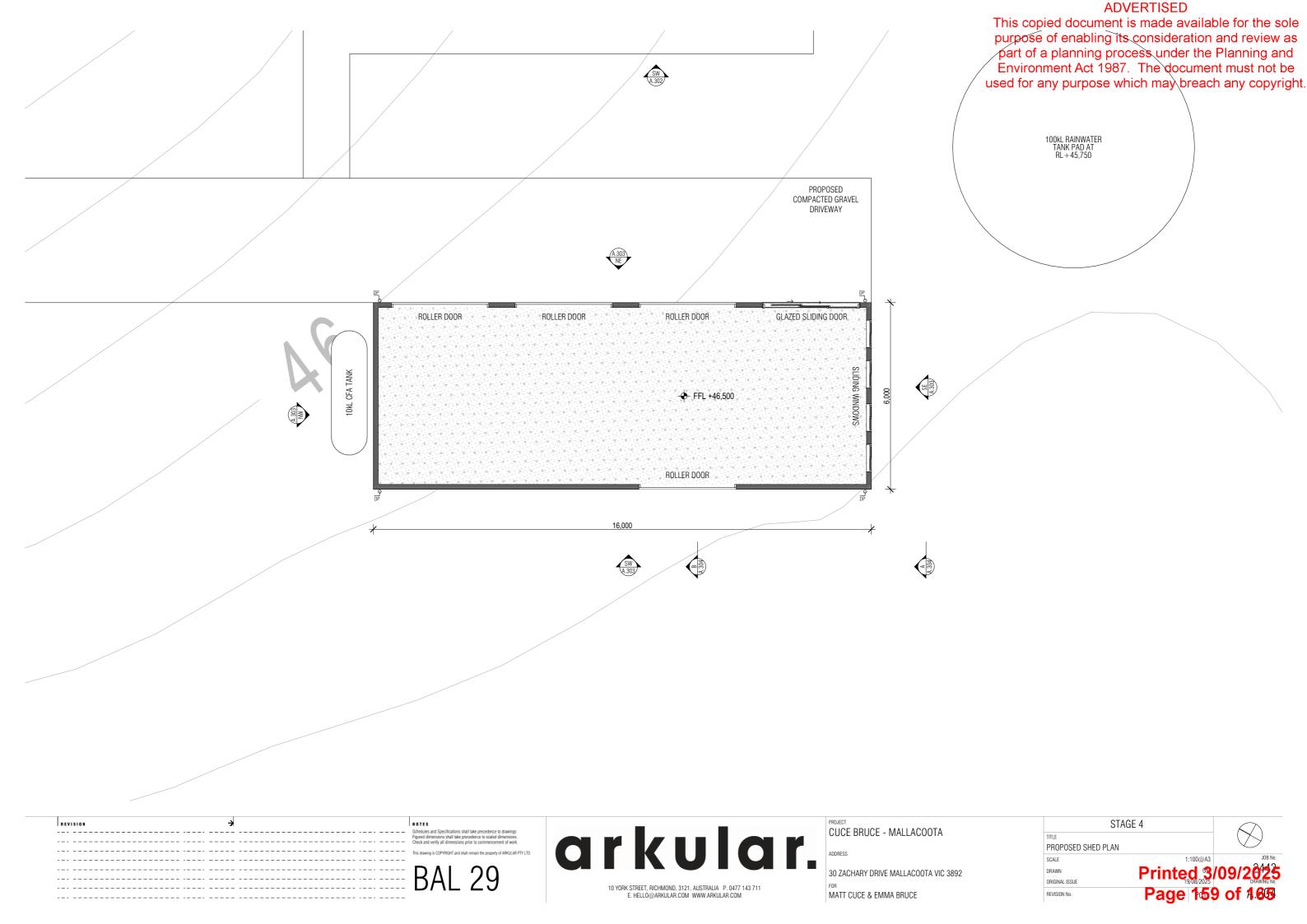
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REVISION No.	Page 154	4 of 4.65

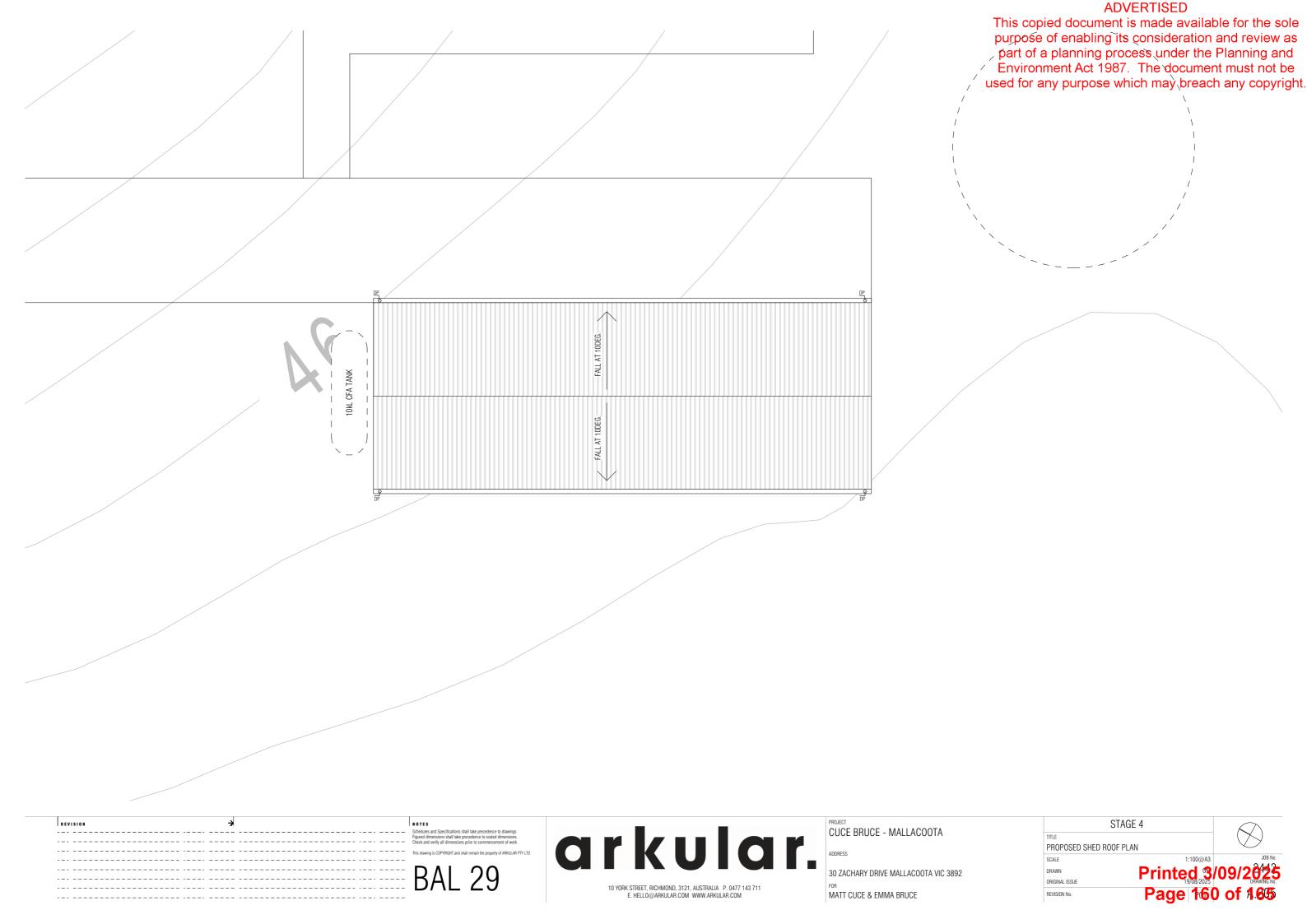




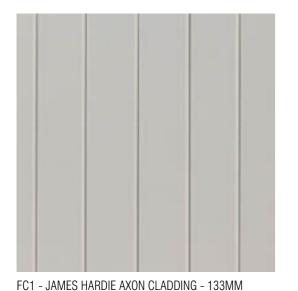




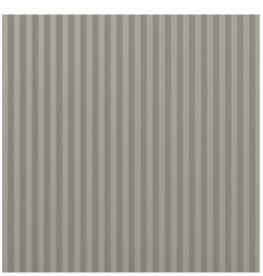




PROPOSED EXTERNAL FINISHES



GRAINED - PAINTED COLORBOND DUNE







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RF1 - COLORBOND DUNE METAL ROOFING

WOT - COLUMBOND WALLAUT WILITAL OF

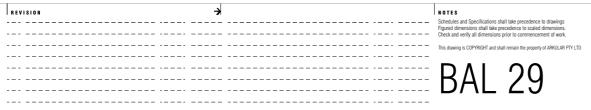
RF2 - COLORBOND WALLABY METAL ROOFING







MF2 - COLORBOND MONUMENT METAL FINISH







STA	GE 4	
TITLE		
PROPOSED MATERIALS		
SCALE	@A3	JOB No.
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ORIGINAL ISSUE	19/08/2025	DRAWING No.
REVISION No.	Page 16'	1 of 4.65

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STAGE 4

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Page 162 of 1/65

PROPOSED RESIDENCE ELEVATIONS

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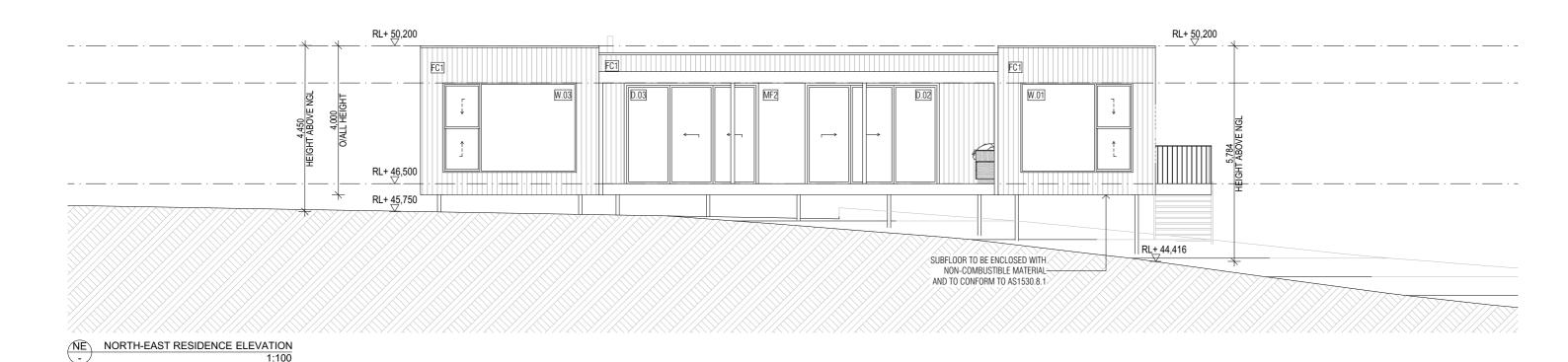
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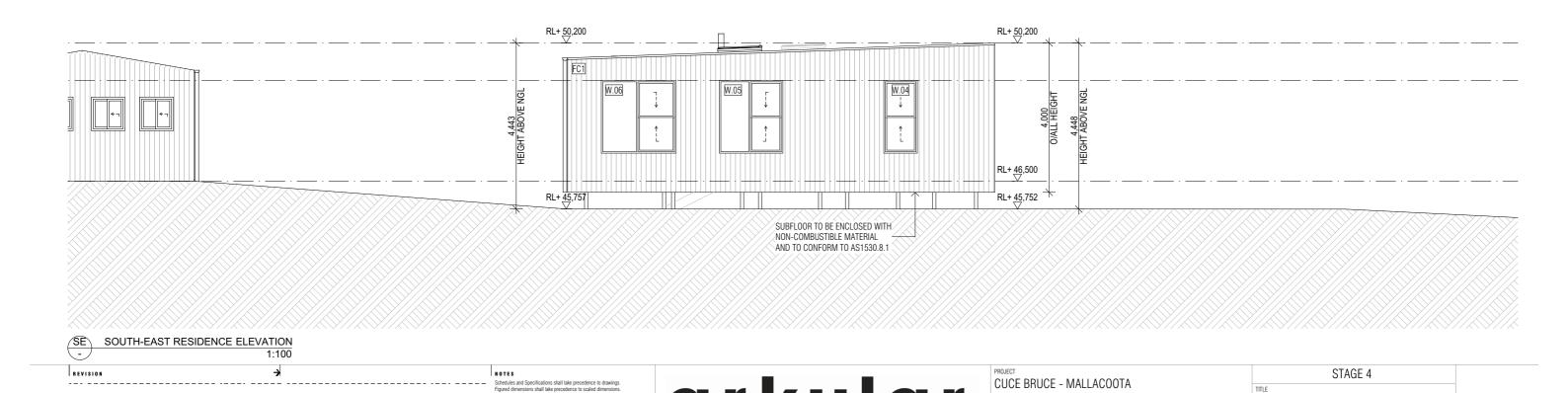
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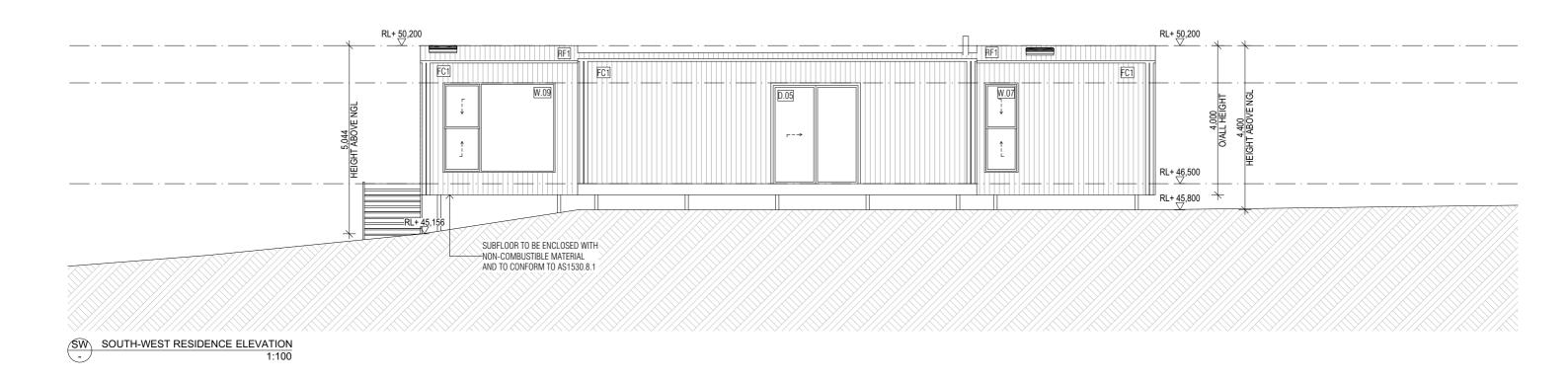
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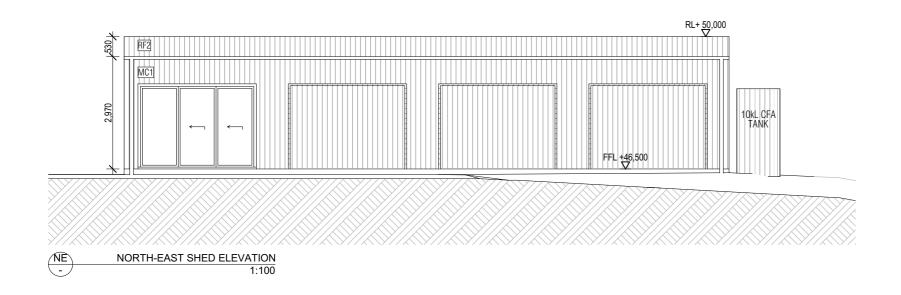


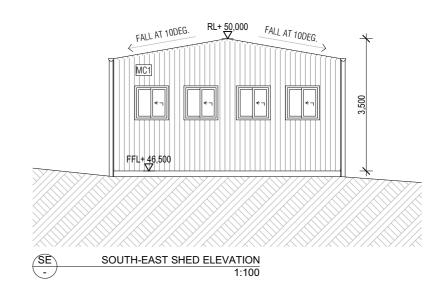


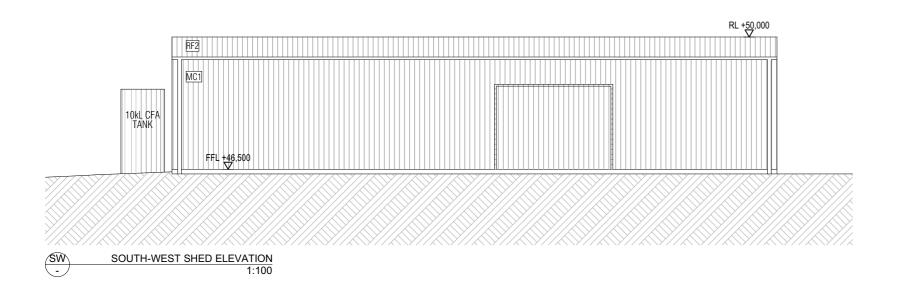
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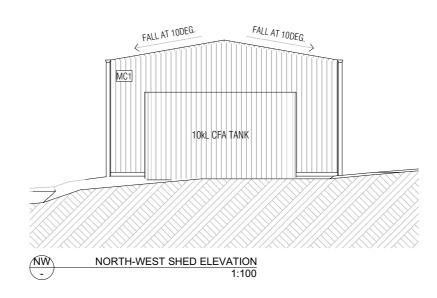
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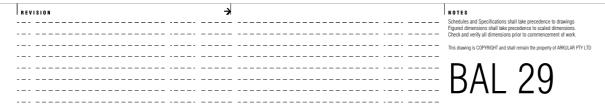
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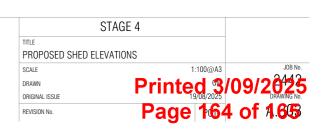












PROPOSED SECTIONS

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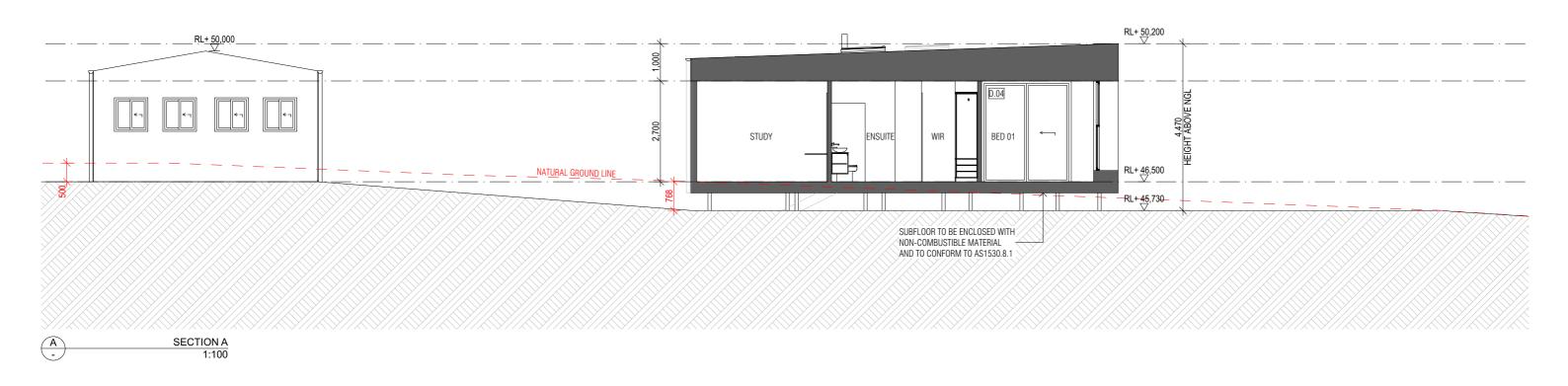
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